LAST EDITION.

"It's a Long Lane That Has No Turn."
You may be idle for months and get work in a single day through P.-D. Wants.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

LAST EDITION.

Don't Wait for the Tide to Turn,
But turn it yourself through P.-D. Wants.

VOL. 48, NO. 16. TUESDAY EVENING—ST. LOUIS—AUGUST 25, 1896. PRICE IN ST. LOUIS, ONE CENT. OUTSIDE ST. LOUIS, TWO CENTS.

Young Man! A P.-D. Want Ad. Will Give You a Start in Life.

GOV. STONE HAS BEEN AMONG 'EM.

MISSOURI EXECUTIVE IN THE LAND OF THE GOLDBUGS.

BRYAN WILL CARRY NEW YORK.

The Governor Comes Back to "God's Country" Filled With Hope for the Cause of Free Silver.

Bronzed by his outing on the sea coast of Maine, Gov. William J. Stone returned from his Eastern trip Monday.

Since the Madison Square Garden exercises, where William Jennings Bryan was formally notified of his nomination by the National Democratic Convention as the standard-bearer of the free silver forces, Gov. Stone has been touring the East, taking in the beauties of the country and incidentally getting a comprehensive grasp upon the political situation as it exists today in that narrow portion east of the Alleghanies.

After a trip which extended up the Maine Coast, over into Canada, down by Niagara Falls and cross country to Chicago, the Governor is back on Missouri soil, more confident than ever that Bryan will be elected; more sanguine that the free silver wave will cut well into the East, and fully prepared to go upon the stump in the interest of the national ticket and of the nominees for State offices on the Democratic ticket.

While in the East he argued with goldbugs in New York State; found many friends of silver in the Old Bay State; caught nimble codfish in the Atlantic; dipped in the chilly salt waters of Popham Beach; dug up old records in the ancient town of Frieburg, Me., written by Daniel Webster; spent a day at Bath as the guest of Arthur Sewall, the Democratic nominee for President; stopped at the same hotel in Canada with Lord Russell, and finally returned to Chicago, where, on Monday he conferred with Senator James K. Jones, Chairman of the Democratic National Committee, upon the plan of campaign which is to elect William J. Bryan President of the United States.



"WHAT WE NEED IS MONEY."

Gov. Stone created something of a sensation in the corridors of the Planters' Hotel Tuesday. It was not the sun-kissed nose with its missing patches of skin. It was the hat he wore.

It was a striking thing in felt; a russet brown in color with a cocky roll to the brim—such a hat as the present Governor of Missouri never wore before.

"Where did you get that hat?" was the first query of startled friends after greeting him.

Gov. Stone said emphatically Tuesday that there was nothing in the story that he contemplated resigning as Governor to accept the Chairmanship of the Campaign Committee.



"I WILL NOT RESIGN."

"When Chairman Jones asked me to take charge of the Campaign Committee," said he, "we, of course, discussed in detail what should be done.

"I said that in order to conduct the campaign I would have to resign.

"That I could not do, as I did not think it would be right, although there were only a few months of my term remaining.

"And that is what the story grew out of. I will not resign.

"What is possible for me to do I shall cheerfully undertake. The question is whether I can not do more good by speaking here and there, as my time permits, than by going on the Campaign Committee.



"WE ARE GOING TO CARRY NEW YORK."

"I could not be in Chicago more than four or five days at a time, and when I went there I would have to sit around headquarters like a country boy at a picnic, not knowing what to do or where to take hold.

"There are still two places on the Campaign Committee open.

"They should be taken, however, by men who can be at national headquarters.

"There is no room for drones."

"How about the plan of campaign?"

"It is very nearly mapped out.

"What we need is money. We need it for the legitimate expenses of the campaign, for literature; for speakers.

"At the headquarters in Chicago the committee is being flooded with requests for literature.

"The day I was there a Democrat came all the way from Tennessee just to see about literature.

"The Republicans are flooding the country with goldbug literature; they are sending it out in car-load lots.

"But literature costs money; we have no money; we cannot raise it in any large amount.

"The campaign literature the Democratic Committee has on hand now would not supply the demand for Missouri alone.

"Orders have been given for 3,000,000 documents.

"They will cost about $25,000; that will nearly eat up our fund.

"If we could get money from Democratic clubs now being organized throughout the country—say 50 cents or a dollar a member—it would give us a fund in a short time large enough, probably.

"Senator Gorman told me that in the campaign of 1888, the committee realized from this source about $100,000.

"If we could get that much it would help us out.

"Senator Jones, Chairman of the committee, has issued an appeal to the people."

"And as to the outlook in the East?"

"It is very good.

"Well posted politicians tell me that we are going to carry New York.

"The Republicans of New York are terribly frightened now.

"We'll scare 'em to death, anyway.

"I am told by the best politicians of New Jersey, Delaware and Maryland that those States are sure to go Democratic.

"And, as for Massachusetts, the people are turning out in such numbers at Democratic meetings as was never before witnessed in any campaign.

"The masses in the East are aroused; they are studying the issues and beseeching the Democratic committee for free silver literature.

"That means an intelligent vote in the fall.

"At Bath, Me., I spent a pleasant day with Mr. Sewall, the nominee for Vice-President.

"While there I talked with the workmen around the shipyards. There is but very little ship building going on.

"The workmen are intelligent. They want a change, but they don't know exactly what.

"Some suggest a big merchant navy; others some protection or encouragement of the maritime industry.

"This country needs a great merchant navy. I am even in favor of a reasonable war navy."

Gov. Stone said that William J. Bryan, the presidential nominee, would be in St. Louis probably Sept. 9, to open the Democratic State campaign.

"And you will see then," he continued, "the greatest outpouring of the people of the Mississippi Valley that was ever known. Mr. Bryan expects to go from St. Louis to Louisville, speaking at Cairo en route; thence to Lexington, and from there he will make his way through the South, and swing around up into Maryland and Delaware."

The Governor believes that Senator Hill will shortly declare for Bryan and Sewall, and as to the result in November, he is willing to wager that New York hat he brought with him that William J. Bryan will be the next President.

He bars nobody.

The first man at Democratic headquarters to take the wager will be accepted.

Gov. Stone will go to Jefferson City Tuesday night. After a short rest he will be ready to go on the stump and to assist the National Committee with all his ability.



"I AM READY TO GO ON THE STUMP."

BILL DOOLIN KILLED.

Riddled With Bullets by Heck Thomas and a Posse.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

GUTHRIE, O. T., Aug. 25.—A posse of United States Marshals under command of Heck Thomas surprised Bill Doolin, the outlaw, near Stillwater yesterday afternoon, and in a short but desperate battle killed him. His body was riddled with bullets. One posse man was wounded.

Doolin's body was at once loaded in a covered wagon, and the Marshals started for this city, passing through Perkins at daylight this morning.

The officers have been shadowing Doolin since his escape from the Federal jail here, July 5, and caught him just as he was returning from a visit to his family to his hiding place in the Creek country. There was a reward of $3,500 for his capture, dead or alive.

Bill Doolin's body arrived here at 2 o'clock this afternoon, being brought 50 miles in a farm wagon, and covered with dirt and blood as he fell. He was shot down as he was leaving his wife's home by four officers in ambush, and fell dead at the second round.

The officers hurried the body off, driving furiously all night, fearing that Doolin's friends would get around and seek vengeance. The body will be officially identified this afternoon and buried to-morrow. Thousands of people are viewing the remains.

FRANCIS APPOINTED.

He Succeeds Hoke Smith as Secretary of the Interior.

BUZZARD'S BAY, Mass., Aug. 25.—Announcement was made by President Cleveland at Gray Gables last night of the appointment of David R. Francis, former Governor of Missouri, as Secretary of the Interior, vice Hoke Smith, who recently resigned the secretaryship because of his financial views.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 25.—The appointment of Mr. Francis to succeed Hoke Smith as Secretary of the Interior was a surprise here, as his name had not been canvassed in connection with the place. It had been generally understood that Second Assistant John M. Reynolds would be appointed. Mr. Francis was in the city yesterday, but left last night for New York.

Mr. Francis has been a constant supporter of the policy of the President, and is identified with the gold standard movement in Missouri. It is said that he was slated for the Secretaryship of the Navy at the beginning of the present Administration, but such strong protests came from Missouri that the President changed his plans. A petition was sent at that time signed by 20,000 Missourians, protesting against the appointment of Francis. It is understood the ex-Governor will assume his duties about Sept. 1.

"I AM READY TO GO ON THE STUMP."

David Rowland Francis was born in Richmond, Ky., Oct. 1, 1850. He came to St. Louis in 1866 and graduated at Washington University in 1870. Engaging in the commission business he was elected President of the Merchants' Exchange in 1884. In 1885 he was elected Mayor of St. Louis and in 1888 Governor of Missouri. He has been successful in mercantile affairs, and is actively connected with a number of enterprises. He is Second Vice-President of the Merchants-Laclede National Bank and has recently been appointed receiver of the United Elevator Co.

Hoke Smith's Plans.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 25.—Secretary Hoke Smith briefly outlined his plans in an interview to-day. He said:

"I will retire from office on Sept. 1 and it is my purpose to return to Atlanta at once. My resignation was due alone to the fact that I intend to support Bryan and Sewall. I have always voted the regular Democratic ticket and shall make no exception this year.

"It is my purpose to devote my time to the practice of law and to my private business. I have, however, signified my willingness to make two or three speeches in Georgia for the State and National ticket, but the time necessary to the resumption of attention to my professional and private business will not permit me to enter actively into the campaign outside my own State."

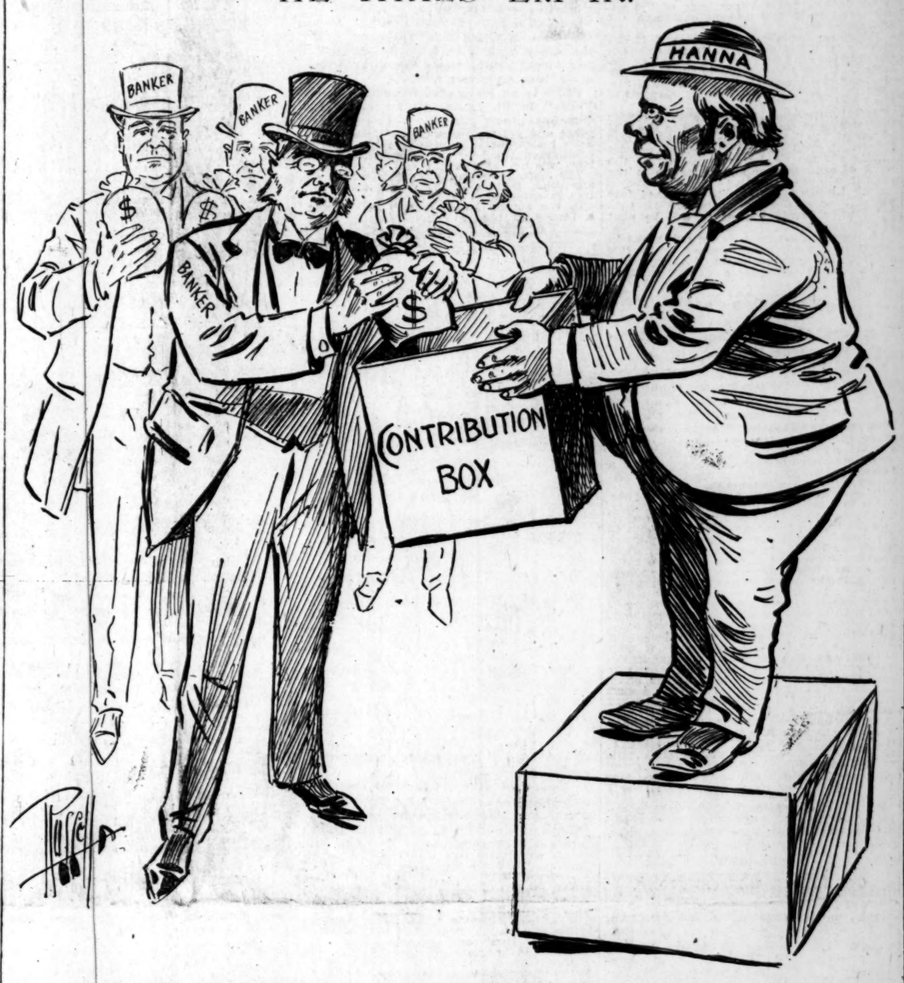
Gov. Francis, Secretary Smith's successor, will reach Washington some time before Tuesday, and is now closing up his affairs in Missouri. He has already formally signified his readiness to qualify on the first proximo, when the resignation of Mr. Smith takes effect. The latter will leave immediately for the South.

ALTGELD RETURNING HOME.

He Refused to Be Interviewed on Forman's Charges.

DENVER, Colo., Aug. 25.—Gov. John P. Altgeld of Illinois left at 10:20 last night en route for home from Glenwood Springs. He refused to be interviewed regarding the recent charges of ex-Congressman Forman.

HE TAKES 'EM IN.



BOSS HANNA: "Come right up, boys, and contribute. Keep on putting up. It's the only way to hold your cinch on the American Government. If Bryan's elected good-by to millions of commissions on gold bonds and other millions of gold interest on Western farm mortgages."

NAT DRYDEN DEAD.

The Famous Lawyer Passes Away After a Short Illness at St. John's Hospital.

Nat Dryden, one of the most brilliant and successful criminal lawyers in Missouri, is dead.

He died at 3 o'clock this afternoon at St. John's Hospital, where he was taken yesterday.

Heart disease was the cause.

ALMOST ALL RESTORED.

The Tornado District Being Relighted as Fast as Possible.

The principal business before the Board of Public Improvements at Tuesday's session was the report of Lighting Superintendent O'Reilly on the condition of the arc lamps in the tornado district.

Mr. O'Reilly reported that the Edison company had all of its lights in serviceable order except in three or four places and that the Missouri Electric Co. had restored all of its incandescents except thirty-seven in alleys and eighty-eight at other points. The work was being done as rapidly as possible; but in their hurry to escape the threatened penalties of the board the lamps had been put on temporary wires and would, in most cases, have to be elevated to the required height.

Circuit Judge Klein, who raised the cudgel against the lighting companies in behalf of the citizens of South St. Louis, said that the work of restoring the lamps was in a measure satisfactory, and agreed to the suggestion of President McMath that the companies should be kept under the surveillance of the Lighting Committee until all of the lamps had been satisfactorily restored.

There was a lot of minor routine business disposed of and referred to the proper committees.

SOLD THEIR CHILD.

But Mrs. Penny's Bill of Sale Was Not Held Good in Court.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Aug. 25.—It came out in a trial here that Walter and Ida Porter of Fairfield, Conn., sold their child for money to Mr. and Mrs. Ash Penny of this city three years ago, when the Porters were in straitened circumstances. At that time their baby was six months old. The agreement was drawn by an attorney. Mrs. Penny wanted a child and offered to adopt one, but to this the Porters would not agree. Finally the Pennys offered to pay $100 for one. This was accepted.

A year ago Mr. Penny died. Then the Porters determined to get their child back. Mrs. Penny would not part with her. She was brought into court with the bill of sale.

The Judge ordered the child to be turned over to its parents. Mrs. Penny protested, but she was told the sale of human beings was not legal under the Stars and Stripes. The child was taken from court by its parents, but it cried for Mrs. Penny.

HEROES OF TEXAS.

Sculptor Zotnay's Model for a Monument in Galveston.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, Aug. 25.—George J. Zotnay, a sculptor of this city, has exhibited the model he has made in competition for the monument to be erected in Galveston in memory of the heroes of the Texan revolution. This monument is the gift by bequest of Henry Rosenberg of Galveston. The sum to be expended is $50,000. Mr. Zotnay's

REDUCED RATES.

An Important Announcement by the Missouri Pacific Railroad.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Aug. 25.—The Missouri Pacific announces the following rates on packing-house products for export, effective to-day: To East St. Louis and Carondelet, from Missouri River points, Kansas City and Omaha, inclusive, 13½ cents; from Lincoln, Neb., 16½ cents, and from Hutchinson and Wichita, Kan., 19½ cents.

In each case there is a reduction of 5 cents from the old rate. The Missouri Pacific has not met the 8-cent rate on certain packing-house goods made last week by the Alton, and it is probable that it will not.

HER SLEEVE SAVED HER.

Actress Sears' Thrilling Encounter With a Copperhead Snake.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, Aug. 25.—The balloon sleeves of the dress that Miss Sears, a young English actress, wore yesterday, when she went on a pleasure trip to Westpoint were of the largest size that fashion allows and they saved her life. They were ribbed with stays of whalebone, and stood out like the spinnaker of a racing yacht.

Miss Sears caught sight of a bunch of wild flowers up the mountain side, and she climbed to get them. In a moment a copperhead snake struck at her. It was too late to jump back, and the arm that she had thrown upward caught the blow. The sharp teeth and fangs tore through the light cloth and hooked in the whalebone stays. As the reptile's weight dragged it down it tore the sleeve, and the fangs scratched along the skin from shoulder to elbow. The incisions, however, were not deep and the deadly poison, it is believed, did not enter the victim's veins.

Miss Sears picked up a stone and crushed the snake's head before it could gather itself for another strike. When she had bravely done this without uttering a scream, she gave one cry and fell fainting across the dead snake.

Her friends heard the shriek and ran to her. They found the dead snake and the unconscious woman lying on the rocks, and crawling through the woods to escape were a number of smaller snakes from the nest that Miss Sears had disturbed.

STRUCK BED ROCK.

Cash Corn Took a Tumble to Nineteen and One-Half Cents a Bushel.

Cash corn broke the record on 'Change Tuesday morning and reached the bed rock price of 19½ cents a bushel.

So low a price has never been known before in the history of the St. Louis market, and was in a measure a surprise. Twenty cents was considered bad enough, but the corn crop was too big, and a fall in price was the consequence.

The low prices prevail all over this country and Europe, and are directly the result of the immense corn crop for two years in succession. The price of cash corn in this market last year was 34 cents, or nearly 15 cents higher than it is at present.

Gold Coming This Way.

NEW YORK, Aug. 25.—Heidelbach, Ickelheimer & Co. have $500,000 in gold on the Teutonic, which sails from Liverpool to-morrow. The firm expects to have gold on the steamer leaving Saturday.

Ruined by a Stroke of the Pen.

M. Woloski, a European Financier of Eminence, Speaking Before the French Monetary Commission in 1869, said:

"The sum total of the precious metals is reckoned at fifty milliards, one half gold and one half silver. If by a stroke of the pen they suppress one of these metals in the monetary service, they double the demand for the other metal, to the ruin of all debtors."

HANNA HEDGES ON CURRENCY.

SAYS TENDENCY OF THOUGHT FAVORS BIMETALLISM.

INCREASED GOLD OUTPUT.

This Will Increase Its Value and the Disparity Between It and Silver Will Cease.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

BOSTON, Mass., Aug. 25.—Mark Hanna reached Boston from Beverly Farms this morning and spent the day in conference with various politicians. In an interview he said:

"McKinley was nominated because he is a protectionst. To read the Eastern press, one would suppose that the issue in this campaign is wholly one of gold or silver. Now, the fact is that the great majority of Republicans are bimetallists.

"Take the farmers of the West. You cannot find a more intelligent class of people on the face of the earth, and they are, almost to a man, bimetallists. Instead of the Democrats getting all the credit in the West as the friends of silver, we shall show the people there that the Republican party, under proper safeguards and restraints, has no hostility to silver. There is no doubt in my mind that the tendency of contemporaneous opinion is in favor of bimetallism.

"Mr. Gladstone cannot live forever, and other men like him, who have opposed bimetallism, will not always control English opinion. There are Directors of the Bank of England who are bimetallists, and the Finance Minister of France is a bimetallist. The tendency of scientific thought is in that direction.

"The increased production of gold will decrease its value, and the disparity between it and silver, in the next five or ten years, will not be as great as it is now."

Mr. Hanna warned his advisers, as he did in New York a few days ago, that they were over-confident, and did not near appreciate the strength of the silver movement in the West.

DEATH CAME AT LAST.

It Took Robert L. Robinson Away From His Poverty.

Robert Lombard Robinson died Sunday at the Women's Hospital of consumption after weary months of poverty and suffering. He was 84 years of age when he died and had outlived all of his family and relatives. He had at one time been very well off, and had spent a great deal of money in charity and good work. He became so poor in his latter years, however, that he was forced to ask for the aid he had so often generously given when he was a young man.

The remains will be shipped to his old home in Massachusetts, where all of his family are buried.

MISSOURI SUNDAY SCHOOLS.

Thirty-First Annual Convention of the State Association.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Aug. 25.—The thirty-first annual convention of the Missouri Sunday-school Association convened at 2 p. m. to-day in the hall of the House of Representatives at the Capitol. Dr. J. F. Hendy, pastor of the Presbyterian Church, delivered the address of welcome, which was responded to by Rev. C. B. McAfee of Platte County. There is a large attendance of enthusiastic Sunday-school men and women present. To-night a reception will be tendered to the delegates at the Executive Mansion, where Mr. and Kim Winston, assisted by ladies of Jefferson City, will receive them in the absence of Gov. and Mrs. Stone.

ANTI-MASONIC CONGRESS.

Archbishop Begin of Quebec Issues a Circular Regarding It.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

QUEBEC, Aug. 25.—Archbishop Begin of this diocese, Coadjutor to Cardinal Taschereau, has just issued to his clergy a circular regarding the Anti-Masonic Congress which will meet next month in Austria. The Archbishop expresses his hearty approval of the objects of the conference. He announces that he has formed a committee to aid the Executive Committee Conference and asks for information regarding the growth of Free Masonry, which he denounced as an "infernal sect" and "diabolical organization," in the parishes in the diocese.

A STAND-OFF.

One Mill Resumes Operations and Another Quits.

LOWELL, Mass., Aug. 25.—The Merrimac mills, which have been idle for several weeks, according to the agreement of New England manufacturers, have resumed operations, taking back to work 3,000 people. The Lowell carpet mills, employing 1,000 hands, closed last night, and although it was expected that the shut-down would be for alternate weeks only, there is a vagueness about the order to close which has given rise to a suspicion that the mills will be idle for a much longer time.

A LONG TRAMP.

G. M. Schilling of Pittsburg Finishes His Walk to San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Aug. 25.—G. M. Schilling, the one-armed athlete, who has undertaken to walk from Pittsburg to this city and back within ten months, and to return with $1,000 in cash, although restricted from begging or purchasing supplies en route, has arrived here twenty-six days ahead, but $300 behind his schedule.

Beyond traveling out ten pairs of shoes and losing the dog with which he originally started in Ohio, where his present companion was presented to him, Schilling met with few accidents or delays, and after a week's rest in this city, he expects to be able to resume his long tramp, returning by way of Portland and the Sound cities to Butte, Denver, Kansas City and St. Louis.

JOHN C. BLACK FOR GOVERNOR.

UNANIMOUSLY AGREED UPON BY ILLINOIS GOLD STANDARDS.

TICKET CHOSEN BY CAUCUS.

Action Taken by Which They Hope to Throw the Good State to McKinley.

CHICAGO, Aug. 25.—The Democratic gold standard State Convention was called to order this afternoon by Chairman C. A. F. Wing of the State Committee. About 1,000 delegates were present, representing every county in the State. The following ticket was unanimously agreed upon at a caucus held late last night:

Governor—Gen. John C. Black.
Lieutenant-Governor—Chester Babcock.
Attorney-General—Wm. S. Forman.
State Treasurer—Edward Ridgley.
Secretary of State—L. J. Kadeski.
Auditor—F. E. W. Brink.
University Trustees—A. C. Babcock and Clara Bourland.

NEW YORK REPUBLICANS.

Platt Declines Positively to Run for Governor.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Aug. 25.—Mr. Thos. C. Platt this morning refused positively to allow the use of his name in connection with the gubernatorial nomination, and said he would not accept if nominated. When Mr. Platt entered the hotel dining-room he saw Hamilton Fish seated at a table. He walked over, put his hand on Mr. Fish's shoulder and said: "Fish, I am not in the race—that is positive and final. Get on your harness, now, and fight hard. You people who are candidates will have to fight your own battles."

In some way the Aldridge people had received an intimation of Mr. Platt's decision, and they, too, were jubilant and immediately established claims of victory.

When Mr. Platt returned to his cottage he consented to talk with the correspondent of the Associated Press. Here is the verbatim interview:

"You may say that I have not at any time withdrawn from my original position of declination of the nomination. My statement to the Associated Press still stands. I am not a candidate and I will not, under any circumstances, accept the nomination. This cannot be made too strong."

"But, Mr. Platt, suppose, following the example of the Democratic State Convention of 1894, the convention is stampeded for you?"

Mr. Platt said with much deliberation: "I don't think there is anybody in the Republican convention that meets to-day who will present my name when I have said no."

"But assuming there is such a one, Mr. Platt?" persisted the correspondent.

"I should decline the nomination under any and all circumstances," emphatically responded the leader.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Aug. 25.—The State Republican Convention to nominate candidates for Governor and Lieutenant-Governor met here to-day. When Mr. Platt entered the convention hall the entire assemblage rose. The applause was deafening. Mr. Platt's usual nervousness was apparent, and when one of the bands played "Hail to the Chief" he did not look particularly pleased. As the applause subsided an enthusiastic spectator shouted: "Three cheers for Thomas C. Platt," and the call was answered with a will. Mr. Platt stopped to shake hands with Mr. Hiscock, and then went to his seat.

At 12:22 Benjamin O'Dell, in the absence of State Chairman Hackett, called the convention to order, and Bishop Newman offered prayer.

Congressman Frank Black was selected to be temporary chairman. He delivered an address in which he discussed the financial issue and criticised the Democratic platform.

At 1:20 p. m. a recess was taken till 5 p. m.

The Committee on Permanent Organization met directly after adjournment and selected Gen. Stewart L. Woodford of Brooklyn as permanent chairman of the convention.

REPUBLICAN LEAGUE.

Annual Convention of Clubs in Session at Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Aug. 25.—The delegations to the Republican League Convention were slow in assembling at the Exposition Hall, and it was nearly noon before President McAlpin called the convention to order. The delegates began to straggle in as early as 10 o'clock, and from that time on the crowd slowly augmented, much to the impatience of spectators, who were on hand for the opening, which was scheduled for 10 o'clock.

At 11:10 a. m. Gen. McAlpin took his seat on the platform and was given a great ovation. The New Yorkers stood up, waving their hats and shouting "What's the matter with McAlpin? He's all right."

The Maryland delegation then came in with waving gold hats, which harmonized nicely with the yellow decorations of the hall. As soon as the uproar subsided President McAlpin said:

"The convention will be in order. The delegates will be seated. Divine blessing will be asked by the Rev. Dr. Hunsberger of Milwaukee."

After the prayer Gen. McAlpin introduced Mayor Rauschenberger, who made a brief speech of welcome. When the Mayor finished the crowd cheered him and gave a rousing cheer for the city of Milwaukee.

Samuel A. Harper, President of the Wisconsin State League of Republican Clubs, was then introduced, and was greeted by the Wisconsin University yell from the Wisconsin delegation. He made a speech of welcome in behalf of the Wisconsin State League.

At the close of Mr. Harper's speech, President McAlpin presented Capt. I. M. Bean of Milwaukee, who welcomed the delegates on behalf of the General Committee.

Addition speakers for to-morrow night were announced as follows: T. F. Byrnes of Minnesota, Senator Joseph C. Spooner of Wisconsin, F. X. Schobmaker of New Jersey and Webster Davis of Missouri.

Mrs. J. Ellen Foster of Washington, who is to make an address, occupied a seat on the platform while the addresses of welcome were being made.

Bert Morphy, the celebrated English baritone who has created a furore wherever he has appeared and who is now under the direction of the National Committee, rendered a stirring campaign solo.

Gen. McAlpin introduced D. D. Woodmansee of Ohio to respond to the addresses of welcome. He was cheered and began his speech by thanking the conference for his reception. He called on all to work for McKinley when they returned home.

At the end of his speech Gen. McAlpin arose and delivered his annual address.

MADE MANY CONVERTS.

Free Silver Discussion That Turned Republicans Into Bryanites.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

SPARTA, Ill., Aug. 25.—Quite an enjoyable political sensation was witnessed on the streets of Sparta last evening, occasioned by a free silver discussion between Mr. Charles Lynn of Menard, Ill., formerly purchasing agent for the Southern Illinois Penitentiary, under the Fifer administration, and one of the leading Republican politicians of the State, and Mr. James Bottom, formerly trustee of the Southern Illinois Insane Asylum, at Anna, Ill., under the same administration.

Mr. Lynn, who espoused the cause of free silver, is a very fluent talker and thoroughly posted on the money question. The parties met by chance, and being old-time social and political friends, they began in a mild conversational tone to compare notes and discuss the issues of the day. As soon as the topic of free silver came up, an animated discussion followed, and the audience that gathered blocked the sidewalk and street, and the people demanded a joint discussion, according to the rules governing such debates. There was an impromptu gathering of several hundred people and the debate received marked attention.

At the conclusion Mr. Lynn was given a lusty round of applause, and a goodly number of free silver Republicans, who have been halting between two opinions, went straight away to the free silver headquarters to join the club. A free silver club was organized at Sparta Saturday night, with an enrollment of 102, mostly Republicans, and it is claimed to-night that the enrollment is now near 125 and still there's more to follow.

BIMETALLIC UNION.

An Address Issued Urging an Active Campaign.

CHICAGO, Aug. 25.—An address was issued to-day to "The Friends of Bimetallism in the United States," and signed by A. J. Warner, President American Bimetallic Union, and George E. Bowen, Secretary. After declaring the importance of the silver question in the present campaign the address says:

The great contest is now on and it can only be settled at the polls. To the end that the decision may be right the American Bimetallic Union strongly urges the formation of silver clubs and leagues in every State, county, city, town and school district in the Union.

To all interested in the cause we say: "Organize and we will assist you to the best of our ability." Our means are limited and the wealth of the country is arrayed almost solidly against us, but we will aid in the work of organization and education to the utmost of our ability.

Such literature as can be furnished free we will provide gratuitously and all that necessarily involves expense will be sent at cost.

In every legitimate way we will assist in disseminating correct information upon this subject, the correct solution of which means so much to the people of our common country.

MONDAY'S TRIP.

Greetings Along the Road to Winnisook Lodge.

KINGSTON, N. Y., Aug. 25.—Mr. Bryan and party made the trip Monday from Upper Red Hook to Winnisook Lodge, where they spent the night as guests of Maj. Hinkley. They were greeted by friendly crowds all along the route. At Rhinecliffe there was a demand for a speech, and Mr. Bryan said: "I do not care to make a speech, although I never see people gathered together without wanting to make a speech.

"I have at heart the best interests of the American people. I believe in platforms, platforms to get in on and to stand on when you get in. I believe the money question is the paramount issue of this campaign. I want you to study the question, and when you study remember that there are some people who firmly believe in a gold-standard. (Voice in the crowd, "That is good.")

"If you believe in bimetallism you ought to believe in it to the extent that you will vote with those who want to bring it about. No political party has ever declared for a gold standard. The man who advocates a gold standard in this country is a man without a party. And a man who thinks the gold standard is a bad thing, but that this nation must suffer under it until some other nation comes to our relief, will be a man without a party after this election, if I am anything like a prophet. We must make politics a business this year. A man who has a small business is as much interested in it as a man who has a large business. It is all you have, and you have as much right to protect your small interest as any other man has to protect his large interests. But I must close, for if I talk much longer I will have made a speech."

The drive up the valley was greatly enjoyed by both Mr. and Mrs. Bryan. On arrival at the Lodge they were greeted by their host, Maj. Hinkley, and also Public Printer Thomas E. Benedict of Washington.

CLEVELAND'S INTENTIONS.

Positive Statement That He Favors a Gold Ticket.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 25.—The Star, which pretends to speak by the card, says that Mr. Cleveland and his Cabinet will support an independent gold ticket, and desire such a ticket to be named at Indianapolis. The statement is made that Carlisle was the choice for presidential candidate, but he was not willing to sacrifice himself for the cause, and some one else must be chosen. He will probably be from Indiana, Ohio or Illinois. Mr. Cleveland is expected to declare himself on the subject about the time of the Indianapolis convention.

HOBART VISITS M'KINLEY.

They Are Talking Over Their Letters of Acceptance.

CANTON, O., Aug. 25.—Garret A. Hobart, Republican nominee for Vice-President, arrived in Canton on the Pennsylvania this forenoon. He was accompanied by H. H. Kohlsaat, editor of the Chicago Times-Herald. This is Mr. Hobart's second trip to Canton. The greeting between Maj. McKinley and Mr. Hobart was most cordial. It is understood they are this afternoon considering their letters of acceptance. Maj. McKinley's letter will not be published before Thursday.

A Desperate Republican Candidate.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

ROLLA, Mo., Aug. 25.—Dr. J. L. Short, Republican nominee for Senator in the Twenty-seventh Senatorial District, finding that so many Republicans in the district are for free silver, ignores the platform of his party, and is now publicly advocating free coinage of gold and silver in a desperate effort to get votes. But he will be left, all the same.

Senator Vest at Alton, Mo.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

ALTON, Mo., Aug. 25.—Senator Vest delivered an address at this place last night to a large and enthusiastic audience. A. H. Livingston and Judge Harris, Populist leaders of this district, also made enthusiastic speeches in support of Bryan.

Fusion in California.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Aug. 25.—The union in this State between silver forces on presidential electors is complete. The People's party State Executive Committee has decided in favor of the proposed agreement, giving five electors to the Democratic party and four to the Populists.

Webster Davis in Demand.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Aug. 25.—Ex-Mayor Webster Davis has been invited by W. R. Hahn, in charge of the Republican National headquarters at Chicago, to stop off on his way home from the meeting of Republican League clubs at Milwaukee this week, and arrange for a series of speeches in Illinois.

MURDERER NOT WANTED.

Served His Term, but Was Again Arrested in New Orleans.

A telegram to the Post-Dispatch Monday told of the arrest in New Orleans of Nick Hines, known as "Little Nick," colored, who, it was thought, was wanted in St. Louis for the murder of Frank McDonald.

In looking over the police records of this city it is found that Hines shot and killed McDonald on the Levee May 8, 1892. He escaped at the time, but was arrested in Chicago Dec. 18, 1892, and was brought back to this city by Detective Lawler. He was charged with murder in the first degree. On May 29, 1893, he plead guilty to manslaughter in the fourth degree and was sentenced to serve two years in the penitentiary.

He completed his sentence there and was released from prison over a year ago, and is not wanted in St. Louis now.

A. J. Richards Is Lost.

A. J. Richards, an engineer, has been missing from his home, at 1311 Chouteau avenue, since Sunday afternoon. The police have been requested to look for him.

ARE STARVING IN "IRISH VALLEY."

AN UNLUCKY SCOTCH COUPLE AND THEIR BAIRNS.

NO FURNITURE AND NO FOOD.

John Meehan Has Walked the Streets Looking for Work, Pursued by Misfortune.

Nestling in the heart of "Irish Valley," just south of Lynch street, on Bismarck, is a little rickety frame cottage which, small as it is, affords precarious shelter for four families.

The doors are scarred and battered, the window casements worn and weather-beaten. The only flourishing thing about the place is a big oak tree growing by the dusty road that leads to the point two blocks south, where Bismarck street again becomes presentable.

There is no place that resembles "Irish Valley" in St. Louis. All around it the city has grown and made progress for years and yet for years "Irish Valley" has been just what it is to-day, a slip of the country in the heart of a prosperous and busy section of a great city.

The cottage is quite as respectable as any other feature of the valley if the big tree is excepted.

In the second house from Lynch street a family of nine are living in the most



JOHN MEEHAN'S STARVING FAMILY.
Sketched in Their Miserable Home by a Post-Dispatch Artist.

abject and pitiable poverty. A patient mother with seven children, the oldest a delicate boy of 17 and the youngest 2 years old, is staring starvation in the face. The family is that of John Meehan, a Scotchman, who has walked the streets for two weeks looking for employment.

They came here from Alton a month ago and have been sinking deeper and deeper into the depths of poverty ever since. There is every indication that they are worthy of assistance.

When a Post-Dispatch reporter knocked at the little house, which would be No. 2732 Bismarck street if it had a number, a pleasant-faced but careworn looking woman came to the door. At her back were six anxious-faced children, the eldest a pretty, black-eyed girl of 13. The woman opened the door and bade the reporter enter.

The barrenness of the room could scarcely be exaggerated. Just inside the door a little, unpainted cupboard, with not even the traditional broken teacups, stands against the wall. One chair, an old stove and a rickety table are the other articles of furniture in the room. The table was bare enough Tuesday morning.

"No, we haven't had breakfast yet," said Mrs. Meehan. "We have nothing in the house, except a little bread. My boy Johnnie has gone out with a basket, and he may get something. What we have suffered since we came here no one knows. We have never been so poor, and I don't know what we will do if my husband doesn't get something to do. He's doing a little work now tearing down a building, but that can't last more than four or five days. He can't get any money for his work until the job is done.

"Before then we may all starve. My husband is a good man, industrious and sober, and always provided for us well until misfortune overtook him.

"We were married in Scotland twenty-two years ago. He was prosperous then and making good money as a coal miner. Three years later we came to this country and settled in Belleville, where my husband worked in the mines. He made $2 a day and was seldom idle. A year ago he quit his job in Belleville and we went to Centralia, Ill. He thought he and the two boys could get work in the car shops there. The boys got employment, but my husband did not. Then he went to Alton and secured a place in the glass works. He sent for us and we lived in Alton five months and had plenty to eat and a good house to live in. The works shut down and my husband was again unemployed.

"He came to St. Louis and went to work in the Missouri Car Works, making $1.50 a day. He sent for us a month ago. We had hardly got here when he hurt his back lifting iron and had to quit work. We had been boarding, but when he was hurt he had to move, so we came here.

"Seven of our children are with us, Jimmy, who is 19, ran away when we left Centralia and we don't know where he is. We pay $2.50 a month rent here and find it very hard to do."

Johnny, the 17-year-old boy, is the only one of the children able to work and he can find nothing to do.

Besides the room described there is another even more dilapidated apartment where the family sleeps. There is no bed, two little pallets made of ragged comforts serving as sleeping accommodations for the family of nine.

STEAM SHOVEL MAY WORK.

But Only When the Cable Cars Are Not Running.

Judge Dillon modified the injunction, granted last Saturday at the request of the Missouri Railroad Co. against Anderson Bros., so that now the defendants may operate their steam shovel on Euclid avenue, and keep it on the plaintiff's cable tracks between 1:15 a. m. and 5 a. m. The injunction restrained the defendants from placing their steam shovel on the tracks.

WHICH CLOCK IS RIGHT?

Judge Pryor Appoints a Referee to Determine It.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, Aug. 25.—On a narrow margin of two or two and a half minutes hangs the question whether Sheriff Tamsen, who holds executions for $70,000, or Receiver Louis Clark, Jr., shall take possession of the stock of S. F. Myers & Co., wholesale jewelers. The narrow margin itself depends on the alleged difference of time between clocks. After listening to long arguments on both sides, Supreme Court Judge Pryor appointed a referee to find out which clock was right.

BROTHERS REUNITED.

Separated Twenty-Four Years and One Had Grown Wealthy.

CHICAGO, Ill., Aug. 25.—For years a lodging house or a dark stairway has been the bed of Thomas Doheny. His meals have come from a saloon lunch counter or some cheap restaurant when they came at all.

Last night he slept at the Auditorium Hotel and ate of the finest viands the market affords. For the change Doheny thanks his brother, E. L. Doheny, of Los Angeles, Cal., and Detective Sergeant Burke, who brought the men together after 24 years of separation, and after every other relative had died.

The brother from California left the old home in Fond du Lac, Wis., 24 years ago and went West. After drifting about, working at whatever he could find to do, he finally located a claim, which proved to be a valuable one, and wealth begun to pile up.

About three weeks ago he returned home, only to find that both his parents, as well as his sister, were dead, but he learned that his brother Thomas was supposed to be in Chicago, and after an unsuccessful search of the city for him, he placed the matter in the hands of the police. Last night the missing brother was found at a saloon on Van Buren street. It is said he will accompany his wealthy brother to the West, to become a manager of one of the latter's mines.

THE STRIKE STILL IN SIGHT.

Mesker Bros. Must Employ Union Labor or Give Up the Job.

The threatened strike at the new City Hall has not yet blown over, and is liable to occur any day if Mesker Bros., who have the cornice work contract, do not agree to the eight hour rule demanded by the Building Trades Assembly.

It is altogether more probable, however, that before the city authorities will permit a strike they will rescind the contract with Mesker Bros. and the Board of Public Improvements will have to advertise for new bids.

Secretary Steinbiss called on the Mayor Tuesday and told him that Mesker Bros. had not yet come to any terms with the Trades Assembly, and asked that another conference similar to the one of last week be called as the Meskers were ready to commence putting the cornice in place.

The Mayor said he would do so and fixed the hour for 11 a. m. Wednesday.

Mayor Walbridge said that if Mesker Bros. do not amicably adjust their labor troubles the city has the right to rescind the contract, for all of the city contracts contain a provision that the contractor shall do nothing to cause a strike or in any way impede any part of the work on the building.

The contract involves about $30,000, and Mesker Bros. have only a limited time in which to finish it. A week ago the contractors stated that they had to employ non-union men because there are not enough expert cornice workers belonging to the union in the city to rush through the work.

Secretary Steinbiss says this is not true, as there are twice as many men here as could be employed on the job, and if 1,000 men are needed, he has assured Mesker Bros. they would be forthcoming.

BURGLAR MAKES A BIG MISTAKE.

OVERPOWERED BY UNARMED HENRY LANGE.

FOUGHT IN THE BACK YARD.

Rickard Ferricks and Two Accomplices Tried to Rob a House and Came to Grief.

Henry Lange, a collector for the Columbia brewery, met a burglar in the yard in the rear of his residence at 1925 Madison street at 1 a. m. Monday, battled and wrestled with him for ten minutes and finally conquered him, then led him out on the street and turned him over to a policeman.

The burglar had two companions and they were arrested a few hours later while asleep in a stable.

Mr. Lange had $700 and it is supposed that it was for this that the robbery was planned.

At 1 a. m. Mr. Lange had occasion to go into the back yard. He left his wife asleep in bed on the second floor. A flight of steps leads from the rear door on the second floor into the yard. Down these steps Mr. Lange went, leaving the door open.

He had been in the yard five minutes when his wife appeared at the back window, and she called for him to come up stairs at once, as there was a burglar in the house.

As Lange was running through the yard the burglar came out of the back door and started down the steps.

Lange waited for him. As the burglar was on the bottom step Lange leaped and caught him. Both fell to the ground.

Neither had a weapon. While the two men grappled with each other two other men slunk out of the darkness of a corner of the yard, climbed the fence and disappeared in the alley.

The burglar, who proved to be Rickard Ferricks, got the best of the brewery collector and freed himself. He darted through the yard and was climbing the back fence when Lange caught him again and pulled him back.

The two battled again, and in five minutes Lange landed so many effective blows that Ferricks was glad to submit.

Mr. Lange grabbed him by the collar, led him out on the sidewalk and after blowing a whistle for ten minutes, found a policeman, who called a patrol wagon and had Ferricks transferred to the Fourth District Police Station.

After Ferricks had been in a cell for an hour he said that his companions were Charles McDonald and Patrick Murphy. They were found asleep in a stable be-

BUMPED HIS HEAD.

Albert Fisher Pokes His Head Too Far and Gets Hurt.

Albert Fisher, employed at the American Preserving Company, 315 Spruce street, stood on the second floor gazing down the elevator shaft, yelling at a fellow-laborer down in the cellar, when the big elevator freight car came down and scraped all the hair and skin off the top of his head.

Luckily for Fisher he was not leaning any further over, as the car would have crushed his head into pulp.

An ambulance took him to the City Dispensary, where Dr. Helwig sewed the flap of skin back on his head, and sent him to the City Hospital. Fisher is 20 years old and lives at 125 Elm street.

Another Cure for Seasickness.

There is no specific against seasickness. All depends on the constitution as to the duration of the attack. When first going to sea a very good plan is to tie a shawl tightly around the waist and sit upright on the cabin floor, or on deck, until the stomach has got accustomed to the sea air and the motion of the ship.

She Says He Kicked Her.

A warrant charging George Wagner of 154 Louisa street with assault and battery was issued Tuesday morning. Hazel Wagner, who claims to be his mistress, says that he called upon her at her home, at 607 South Third street, Sunday night, and with no provocation beat and kicked her.

THIRTEEN MEN AT A MASS MEETING.

ST. LOUIS COUNTY GOLDBUGS SELECT DELEGATES.

SKINKER WAS IN COMMAND.

They Had to Send Out for Another Man to Make Up Their Delegation.

The mass-meeting of the St. Louis County Wall Street Democrats at Clayton Tuesday was attended by thirteen county voters.

It was the feeblest demonstration ever held in the county. The oldest citizen sized up the crowd and noticing the melancholy air that pervaded the mass-meeting of the solemn thirteen, mistook it for a preliminary meeting of pall-bearers and wanted to know who they intended to bury.

Thomas K. Skinker was the liveliest of the thirteen. He jumped about like a small boy on the eve of his birthday celebration and regaled the other twelve with fables, parables and an occasional funny story about the money question.

Mr. Skinker has been active both in the city and county in advocating the Wall Street-Hanna policy. He was so active in the city organization of bolters that many were led to believe that he was a St. Louis party leader.

He votes in the county and he is the acknowledged parent of the uprising of thirteen unterrified goldbugs.

The mass-meeting would have had but eleven anti-Bryanites had it not been for George S. Weldon, a young broker of Bridgeton. Mr. Weldon is very friendly towards Mr. Skinker and gave him a lift with his meeting to the extent of bringing in two inoffensive German-American citizens from Florissant—Henry Schuette and O. L. Ostermann. They sat in the County Court room while the meeting was in progress, but manifested not the slightest interest in the proceedings. They seemed to be there with no purpose save to make the number unlucky.

Even the arguments of the sprightly Mr. Skinker did not impress them.

The mass meeting was called to order by Mr. Skinker. He made a brief speech explaining the object of the mass meeting. He said the county was entitled to seven delegates in the State Convention, which meets in St. Louis Wednesday, and that the meeting was called to select the representation. He then called on F. E. Anderson to preside and Mr. Anderson accepted what he termed "the honor."

Mr. Anderson made a speech, saying it was the duty of good Democrats to repudiate the Chicago ticket and platform good and hard.

Mr. Skinker applauded, but not vociferously.

George S. Taussig of Kirkwood was made secretary; and he took notes as copiously as a new reporter at his first public meeting.

There was a lapse of a few minutes. The thirteen looked at one another and then twelve of them looked at Mr. Skinker. No one else seemed disposed to make a motion or even turn in his seat. The situation became embarrassing, then painful, but Mr. Skinker would not permit the agony to endure.

He was on his feet with a motion that a committee be appointed to report the names of seven delegates and as many alternates. The motion was adopted, but as there were only thirteen in the movement some wondered where they were to get the seven delegates and seven alternates. They voted for the motion on faith. They thought Mr. Skinker had it all fixed and knew what he was doing. They discovered later that Mr. Skinker's son Charles was in the vicinity and would make up the fourteen. They rejoiced in this as it broke the thirteen Jonah.

The committee was appointed by the chair and consisted of Mr. Skinker, M. C. Orton and Berthold Lange. The committee retired to another room in the Courthouse and deliberated thirteen minutes. Then the trio returned and announced the delegates and alternates as follows:

Delegates—August Elbring of Central; F. E. Anderson, Webster Groves; A. L. Ostermann, Florissant; John C. Wilkinson, Webster Groves; George S. Weldon, Bridgeton; John W. Andrews, Kirkwood, and Thomas K. Skinker of West Forest Park.

Alternates—George W. Taussig, Kirkwood; Rogert Bagnell, Florissant; Chas. R. Skinker, West Forest Park; W. L. Thomas, Sutton; Berthold Lange, Edgebrook; J. P. Helfenstein, Webster Groves, and M. C. Orton, Webster.

There were no disappointments or heart burnings after the mass meeting, because all had been remembered with a delegateship or alternateship. It was a harmonious meeting throughout, and it was the unanimous opinion that Mr. Skinker had a great head, and that men like Napoleon and Chauncey I. Filley were not in it with him as a leader.

After the meeting, when Secretary Taussig's attention was called to the fact that there were thirteen present by actual count, he said it made no difference.

"The greatest movement ever started," he said, "was led by thirteen men. The thirteen were Christ and his twelve Apostles."

Cheered by the pious reflection, Mr. Taussig, Mr. Skinker and the other eleven wended their way from Clayton.

THE WEATHER.

Fair and Warmer Tuesday Night—Cooler Wednesday Night.

Weather Bureau forecast:

For St. Louis and vicinity—Fair and warmer Tuesday night; fair Wednesday, becoming cooler in late afternoon; cooler Wednesday night.

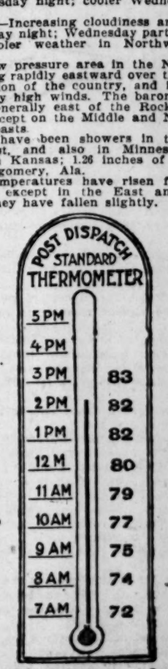
Missouri—Generally fair Tuesday night and Wednesday; warmer in Southwest portion Tuesday night; cooler Wednesday afternoon.

Illinois—Increasing cloudiness and warmer Tuesday night; Wednesday partly cloudy with cooler weather in Northwest portion.

The low pressure area in the Northwest is moving rapidly eastward over the northern portion of the country, and is accompanied by high winds. The barometer has fallen generally east of the Rocky Mountains, except on the Middle and North Atlantic coasts.

There have been showers in the South and East, and also in Minnesota and Northern Kansas; 1.26 inches of rain fell at Montgomery, Ala.

The temperatures have risen from 2 to 20 deg., except in the East and South, where they have fallen slightly.



(Made by A. B. Alow & Co.

New Street Corner Sign.

A new street corner indicator has been invented. The name of the thoroughfare is, in fact, inclosed in a glass brick of special construction, and to be held in place by the other paving blocks.

CATCH OUR BARGAINS!

Don't let them slip by you. It pays handsomely to be on the alert, especially when

GROCERY BARGAINS

are offered. Every day in the week we are offering Choice Groceries at a less price than you can buy elsewhere, and it will pay you to investigate.

Specials
For Wednesday and Thursday

Arbuckle's Coffee, per lb.	19c
3-lb. pails Best Lard, each	17c
New Grape Sauce, the first of the season, per lb.	5c
Kingsford's Corn Starch, the best for blanc mange, puddings, etc., per pkg.	6c
10-lb. bags Finest Table Salt, each	8c
Large New German Dill Pickles, per doz.	8c
Best Brick Cheese, elegant for sandwiches, per lb.	10c
Finest Elgin Creamery Butter, per lb.	22c
Fine, Large New Mackerel, the first of the season, each	5c
Malt Nutrine, per bottle	20c
Bon Bon Baking Powder, regular 5c size, per can	3c
Bottled Beer, per case of 2 doz. pints, net	$1.00
Genuine Belle of Nelson, the cream of Kentucky Whiskies, full quarts, never sold for less than $1.25, Our Price	85c
Full quarts Blackberry Brandy, regular 75c value	42c
Falmouth Whisky, 4 years old, equal to any $3 Whisky offered	$2.00

LUYTIES BROS.,
St. Louis' Greatest Grocery Store,
516 and 518 Franklin Avenue.
Postal Cards and Catalogue Free.



All the comfort of a "custom-made" A "Razor Toe" of the latest shape.
Smith and Sloughton $4 Tans, $1.98.
I will sell all of them this week.
HARRIS, the $4 SHOE MAN.
520 Pine St.

DEATHS.

GORMAN—On Tuesday, August 25th, 1896, at 5 o'clock a. m., Patrick Gorman, native of Rahan, King's County, Ireland, aged 71 years.

The funeral will take place Thursday, August 27th, at 8:30 o'clock a. m., from family residence, 1807 Bacon street, to St. Teresa's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends are invited to attend.

HEET—On Tuesday, Aug. 25, at 1 a. m., Raymond W. Heet, beloved son of Mr. and Mrs. Ben H. Heet.

Funeral will take place to-day at 2 p. m., from family residence, 1919 Cora place.

QUINN—On Monday, August 24, at 6 p. m., Mary Quinn, relict of Jas. Quinn, aged 68 years, after a lingering illness.

Funeral will take place from the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Thos. Ward, 1413 Papin street, Wednesday, August 26, at 2 p. m., to Holy Angel's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery.

New York, Chicago and Springfield (Ill.) papers please copy.

ROGERS—Katherine Rogers (nee Reynolds), beloved wife of James J. Rogers and daughter of Jas. and Rebecca Reynolds, on Monday, August 24th, at 1 a. m., aged 22 years.

Funeral from residence of her parents, 2310A Mullanphy street, Wednesday, August 26th, at 9 a. m., to St. Leo's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery.

Burial Permits.

August Fiedler, 43, Baptist Hospital; accident.
John Jacob Huebler, 64, 1055 Park avenue; asthma.
Mary Quinn, 68, 1413 Papin street; cancer of stomach.
R. L. Robinson, 88, Sixteenth and Pine streets; consumption.
John Hoffman, 72, Poor-house; nephritis.
Michael Brown, 31, 3540 Franklin avenue; consumption.
Catherine Rogers, 22, 2310 Mullanphy; puerperal blood poisoning.
Louise Schaefer, 69, 2562 Palm street; hemorrhage.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Pure 18k Wedding Rings. Our prices the lowest. E. Jaccard Jewelry Co., Olive and Sixth streets.

Bohnnil Kobsut	714 Allen av
Frances Blacky	1913 Carroll st
John C. Miller	614 Park av
Lizzie Young	1511 S. 7th st
James E. Peck	Taylorville Ill
Eleanora Ketchum	Taylorville, Ill
August C. Rohling	4814A Easton av
Louise Leyeudecker	4814A Easton av
Valentine Stieb	320 Marion st
Maggie Bergsfrom	1220 Armstrong av
Michael Siemer	1913 Linton av
Theresa Austerfeld	5220 N. 20th st
Hiram Simmons	11 S. 15th st
Ellen Dougherty	11 S. 15th st
Rocco Vaccaro	1110 N. 11th st
Teresa Cavallo	2909 Pine st
Adam Berkenmeyer	3526 S. 2d st
Mollie Schaie	2223 Cherokee st
Christopher Braun	927 Wyoming st
Mary Sekinger	2211 S. 2d st
John R. Schmidt	East St. Louis Ill
Mollie Donohue	East St. Louis, Ill
Charles J. A. Johnson	Webster Grove, Mo
Dellia B. Hay	Webster Grove, Mo

INTERNATIONAL YACHT RACE.

Canadians Are Betting That Their Boat Will Beat the Vencedor.

TOLEDO, Aug. 25.—The thing of chief interest is the wind. The weather prophets have all sorts of weather scheduled, but the probability is that there will be light winds during the middle of the day with a prospect of a stiff breeze about 3 o'clock. At 7 o'clock there was a good sailing breeze. If it will hold or freshen there will be a race to-day.

The Canada and Vencedor went out early for a little practice work on the line. The Canadians are offering odds of 3 to 1 on their boat this morning.

Vencedor and Canada sailed across the line promptly at 11 o'clock, Vencedor slightly in the lead. The Canada set her balloon jib and the Vencedor broke out a spinnaker, but the stops refused to break and it hung on the stays. The Canada lowered her boom, but did not attempt to set spinnaker. The course is south by east quarter east and the wind south southeast.

The wind freshened about the time of starting and was blowing about six knots an hour from the south with prospects of doing better. Indications are that the boats will be able to make a race, although it will not be in fast time. The course today is start to the northeast, the opposite direction from yesterday.

Steamship Movements.

NEW YORK, Aug. 25.—Arrived: New York from Southampton, Mississippi from London, Circassia from Glasgow.

THOMAS B. REED AT OLD ORCHARD.

THE CAMPAIGN OPENED IN HIS RACE FOR CONGRESS.

MAKES FLORID PROMISES.

Says the Democrats Brought Hard Times and Only Republicanism Can Restore Prosperity.

OLD ORCHARD, Me., Aug. 25.—Thomas B. Reed made the opening speech of the campaign here to-day to a large audience of his constituents. He was greeted with much applause. He said in part:

What seemed the great primeval curse, that in the sweat of his face shall man eat bread, has been found in the wider view of the great cycles of the Almighty to be the foundation of all sound hope, all sure progress and all permanent power. Man no longer shuns labor as his deadliest foe, but welcomes it as his dearest friend. Nations no longer dream of riches as the spoils of war, but as the fruits of human energy directed by wise laws and encouraged by peace and good will. Battlements and forts and castles, armies and navies are day by day less and less engines of slaughter and more and more the guarantee of peace with honor. What the world longs for now is, not the pageantry and devastation of war for the aggrandizement of the few, but the full utilization of all human energy for the benefit of all mankind.

To the 75,000,000 people who make up the great republic, the opportunity to labor means more than all the world besides. It means the development of resources beyond the comprehension of any mortal and the diffusion among all of riches, to which the glories of the "Arabian Nights" are but the glitter of the pawnshop, and to which the sheen of all the jewels of this earth are but the glow of the glowworms in the pail of the dark.

But each individual is weak and powerless. Only by combination, each with the other, can good results be had. No more striking proof of this can anywhere be found than in that complex union of men which makes up the modern nation and modern enterprise. The nature of man craves also liberty and individuality. Modern union and the complex wonderful condition of modern society has drawbacks and sorrows which are completely its own. The sachems of New England had no financial troubles, no strikes. The currency question was as simple as a string of wampum. In Central Africa to-day banks never break; checks are never dishonored, for neither banks nor checks are needful for their kind of prosperity. Before the factory system rendered combinations for workmen needful there was less discontent, but also no progress, and there was no sharing by the toilers of the profits and the pleasures.

What are the causes of prosperity and what are the causes of panic? Are they mysterious things beyond the human ken? If you will analyze you will find that whatever the remote causes are, and they are different every time, the immediate cause of prosperity is the confidence of all the people in each other and in the situation in the future. When the people all work together, when they all have faith in each other, then prosperity reigns. After prosperity reigns for some time, longer or shorter, men think that hard times are permanently done away with and get wild and over prosperity sets in. Then some wise men, earlier than others, begin to see that the world cannot absorb all that is made, cannot permanently support all the enterprises which the over-confidence of men has set in action, and begin to doubt, to refuse discounts, to hoard money and call a halt to speculations. Then the distrust spreads and hard times follow. Then we set to work to climb out of our troubles and the process is slow. While we are climbing out we suffer.

In 1825, England had one of those paroxysms like that we are passing through now. Everything there had been prosperous for a long time. The hum of industry was heard all over the land. Men's eyes looked into each other with trust and faith in all mankind. Capital was accumulated in legitimate business which is the supply of each other's wants. Then accumulated capital, eager for employment, burst the restraints of society and speculation set in. Companies were formed to do everything under the sun and lend everybody money from the Czar of Russia to the King of the Mosquito shore. Pretty soon after a slight drain of gold it occurred to some one to figure up all these contracts and the astonished nation found that England had agreed to lend more money than there was in the world twice over. Then the bubble burst, merchants failed, banks broke, universal distrust poured over the land. For one day trade absolutely ceased in London. Nobody would take anybody's notes or buy anybody's securities. Where was the difference between England prosperous and England at a standstill? It was all in the change of one word. Confidence was prosperity. Distrust was ruin. Then began the slow growth of confidence again which took years, but England's prosperity did not perish. In our own country we have had many such instances, many more than I will mention, for history on that subject is as cheap and abundant as wheat when times are hard.

We have just passed through another of those terrible crises and are on our way to other years of wealth, with this addition, benefit, that the distribution of wealth when we reach it will be more even, as well as more abundant, than ever before. In 1837 we had as great a crash as we had in 1873; all the world went with us, but for special causes we had gone farther, and it was for us a longer way back. In 1892 we thought hard times had been banished forever; we were sure that work and high pay were never more to be separated. But we were mistaken. Pride goeth before destruction and haughty spirit before a fall. The election of 1892 was a great misfortune. It may be we would have had a collapse then—no one can be quite sure. But if we had been in skillful hands we should never have gone so far or suffered so much.

When the Sherman law was struggling to be repealed the Democratic press and even some Republicans told us that repeal would be the final remedy and business would revive. I never shared that belief; on the contrary, just three years ago lacking two days, while I was consorting with good Democrats, and I hope to consort with the like in this campaign, I took occasion in the presence of 3,000 men, women and children to declare that the repeal of the Sherman law was only one step in the onward march. Since then many bad things have happened, plunging us deeper and deeper in the mire. In that very discourse I told the Democrats that I did not expect the Democratic party to be "utterly lost." But I had not at that time the slightest idea what the Chicago Convention would do or say in 1896. Since that speech in 1893 we have had a severe lesson. When the tariff act proposed by Mr. Bryan and his associates was presented in the House, it was certainly a great shock to business interests of the country. The change was radical, and men like Mr. Bryan were so carried away with the possibilities of their own eloquence that there seemed no possibilities to the limit of the evil. Now, I do not propose to charge Democrats with the bill.

The one they finally passed was a vastly different one. But the mischief had been done. The shock had almost stopped business. Then came the income tax, unconstitutional and destructive, declared so by the Supreme Court, and then the attendant deficiency. That deficiency has been a breeding sore ever since. That deficiency and the way it has been managed has scared and frightened our people beyond all reason. What are four hundred million dollars increase of debt to a nation so rich that one of its big railroads, on half its lines, can loose twice as much as paid the whole revenue of good Queen Bess in the days of her highest glory and never pass a coupon or refuse a dividend? Why has this four hundred millions frightened us so? Because the Government has refused either to raise revenue or separate the deficit from the redemption of greenbacks. Had the House revenue bills of last session passed Congress or become a law, the country, with full hope in a Republican administration in the near future, would have started upward and onward.

But the condition has been peculiar. We have a three-cornered, triangular Government. Everybody has been in the minority, and hence nobody has had any responsibility, and we have drifted sailless and rudderless, but, thank God, with a stout ship, stouter than all the winds that blow. When next you put that ship in commission, had you better not have a harmonious captain and crew, all of them men who have been to sea? I know that the four gentlemen, Messrs. Bryan and Watson and Bryan and Sewall, have been at sea for many years, but that is a different thing.

We must restore confidence. How can we restore confidence? First, by putting anarchy down and all manner of disturbance. Peace and stable government are the first necessity. This is a borrowing and a lending world. No amount of denunciation of money-lenders, no wild talk about Wall street, which, by the way, is the greatest money borrower in the world, will ever put down that fact. Enterprises are carried on by the united confidence of men and money and men of brains. Bring this thing home to yourselves, and then you will understand it. If you had money or any other capital you had earned yourself or your father had left to you, or even if you had won in the luck of lottery, would you let it out to anybody on earth who was liable to give you back only half of it, and want to call it square? If you were a business man, would you make things on a gold basis and sell them on credit to a people who were trying to see if they could not pay you on a silver basis?

With the defeat of the Bryan-Watson-Sewall combination will come certainty of the repayment of capital borrowed at home and abroad, certainty that business enterprises will have a firm foundation, and 1897, with its attendant years of success, will lift us to another height of success where perhaps another set of misguided citizens, forgetful of the past, will waylay us and we shall have to beat them again.

Remember that this contest to-day is not between bimetallism and monometallism. That subject would bear discussion. This contest is between silver monometallism, which we have not, and gold monometallism, which we have. That subject will not bear candid discussion. This contest, also, is also not between the East and the West. There can be no such contest. Our interests are identical. With their growth comes our growth. We cannot go on alone.

We have sent our children there; our money is there. No misfortune can happen to them that does not happen to us. We here have full esteem for the pioneers of the West and rejoice in their prosperity. Every wise man agrees that beyond the Mississippi lies the great wealth of the days to come. In the development of this wealth we are all interested, and we in the East are not the unwise men to believe that we are not concerned in the progress and future of the West. Unfounded sectional differences are without excuse, and it will be woe to those that try to foment them. The West is too vigorous not to find out the truth, and is too valiant not to follow it when found. What the West needs is loanable capital, which will develop its resources. No part of this Union is so concerned in restoring confidence as the undeveloped territory. The South, too, has a similar interest. But they are busy down there just now asserting their rights and keeping down the negro. If they could be persuaded to look after their interests, what a happy country this might be.

In conclusion, Mr. Reed said: These financial matters are governed by natural laws and take their course like the rolling of the round earth or the glitter of the stars. Suppose a man were created full grown and set upon a solitary earth facing the dawn. As the panorama of sunrise, the march of the fountain of light across the sky, the red sunlight and the darkness came over him, what could he make of this termination of the gorgeous pageantry of the skies? Nothing but darkness, desolation and death and a wild calling on the unknown gods to help him. But the man who has from earliest boyhood seen the sun disappear into the red West to keep up another day may be ignorant of Keppler's laws and of Galileo's faith, but he knows no greater certainty on earth than that day follows the night. A man who has seen only 1893 might well wonder and call for rescue, but we who have seen 1873 and have read of 1825 and 1851 in England and 1837 in America know that we shall as assuredly rise again to business and prosperity as that to-morrow's sun shall rise.

Be not deceived by false prophets. In the West they tell the people that Maine is faltering. You and I know she was never so steadfast. Here in the East they tell us the West is blazing with silver crosses and is crowned with silver thorns, but when the tug of battle comes, the gallant West, peopled by our children, will show to the world that brothers true and tried, who have fought so many fights, shoulder to shoulder in the great conflict of human progress, will never be separated from each other or from that great party around which cluster all the glories of thirty of the most illustrious years of this country's history.

JUDGE RUCKER'S POSITION.

He Is a Silver Man and Has Been for Years.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

SALISBURY, Aug. 25.—Your correspondent had the following interview to-day with Judge W. W. Rucker, who is holding court here:

"I notice in some of the county papers published in some parts of the district that there seems to be some doubt as to your standing on the silver question. Would you like to express yourself for publication?"

"Yes. I am more than glad to have an opportunity to define my position. As to the publication referred to, I will say, I am in total ignorance of the origin of these reports. The motives of the party responsible for their existence are apparent—a purpose to deprive me of the confidence of my friends. I am sure no reputable person will admit his responsibility for the circulation of these reports, which every one acquainted with me knows to be absolutely without foundation. It is strange that anyone would thus attempt to stab me in the dark, but stranger still that anyone would credit these reports without demanding to know the author of them.

"On account of the position which I have held for the last four years I have made no public speeches and consequently had no opportunity to express myself publicly, but no man can point to a single act, a solitary word or expression of mine, adverse to the success of the silver movement. I am, and have been since it has become an issue, as heartily and earnestly in favor of the free and unlimited coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 as any man, and have always so declared myself when opportunity presented. I believe sincerely that the restoration of silver to its rightful position as one of the money metals, by the United States Government, with full legal tender qualities is necessary to the revival of business and prosperity in this country. I favor this action by our Government independent of any other nation. I most cordially indorse and support every part, portion and principle contained in the Democratic platforms for 1896, National and State. I would be glad for any man who claims to be in doubt as to my position to state to the public and to me the reason for his uncertainty. My statement, taken in connection with the indorsement I have received from the people, ought to remove all suspicion in the mind of any man who is disposed to be fair."

Political Pointers.

Richard Yates is to make some Republican speeches.

A free silver club has been organized at Oglesby, Ill.

Hon. Jehu Baker spoke at Du Quoin, Ill., Monday night.

Democrats and Populists of Johnson County, Ill., have fused.

Democrats and Populists of Fulton County, Ill., have fused.

Col. Clark E. Carr made a Republican speech at Fairfield, Ill.

Populists and Democrats have fused in Kane and Clark Counties, Ill.

William J. Bryan is to speak at Chicago to workingmen on Labor Day, Sept. 7.

Senator Blackburn will stump Kentucky during September for Bryan and Sewall.

Jones and Remmel, candidates for Governor held a joint debate at Eureka Springs.

Tom Watson is to take the stump and tour a number of States, opening at Dallas, Tex., Sept. 7.

The National Democratic Club of California has selected delegates to the Indianapolis Convention.

Richard P. Bland has returned to his home at Lebanon, Mo., and will open his campaign next week.

David Forrest Wilber was nominated for Congress by the Republicans of the Twenty-first New York District.

COL. RICKEY'S GENEROSITY.

He Saves an Austrian Family From a Life of Servitude.

NEW YORK, Aug. 25.—Hrycsz Kozar, his wife and his four bright-eyed children will not have to go back to Zolinic, in the Province of Bukowina, Austria, there to take up again their life of degraded servitude and abject poverty.

For a week they have been gazing wistfully from Ellis Island, trembling at the thought of never being able to set foot on its hospitable shore, because they lacked the necessary $70, without which they were classed as pauper immigrants.

A generous American, J. K. Rickey of St. Louis, the inventor of the celebrated drink known as "Whisky-Rickey," has come to their assistance. Mr. Rickey and his wife read the plaintive story of the Kozars and their hard luck, and announced that he would advance the money necessary to bring the family into the country. Mrs. Rickey said she would herself go down to Ellis Island to-day from the Waldorf Hotel and talk with the Kozars through an interpreter.

Hrycsz Kozar and his family came here a week ago on the steamship Weimar. They were in the company of three other families from Zolinic and were bound for Texas. The Kozars were stopped. They had only $20. They needed $70 more. They had sold everything in their native land, even to their clothing, so that their only garments were gunny sacks. His 16-year-old daughter and the wife had two sacks each, one for a



MISS GERTRUDE VANDERBILT.



MISS AMY BEND.



MISS EMILY VANDERBILT SLOAN.



HARRY PAYNE WHITNEY.



MISS EDITH SHEPARD.

skirt, the other as a waist. Stockings or underclothing neither had. They are Greek Catholics and look like honest folks. With tears in his eyes, Kozar said yesterday:

"We are now worse off than ever. If we are sent back to Bukowina we will have neither money nor home and will have to work for perhaps twenty years before we recover what we lost in coming here."

Now that Mr. Rickey has come forward the Kozars will have a chance to join their friends in Texas, there to work for their living respectably.

TELEGRAPH BRIEFS.

At San Pedro, Cal., Robert C. Johnson killed his former wife and then committed suicide.

Charles Northrup, 24, of Atlantic, Io., shot himself on his mother's grave, dying instantly.

R. E. Lionberger, a well-known St. Louis traveling man, died of typhoid fever at Little Rock, Ark.

At Elwood, Ind., the tin plate strike was brought to an end by the signing of the scale by the company.

Attorney Frank C. Landrum of Spokane, Wash., committed suicide by taking morphine after a protracted spree.

Miss Bessie Taylor, 17, of Chattanooga, Tenn., committed suicide by taking laudanum. Chronic illness was the cause.

The sentence of death of Robert C. Boutwell, who was to hang at Paris, Tex., has been commuted to life imprisonment by the President.

Auditor McKibben of the A., T. & S. F. Ry., who lives at Topeka, Kan., was thrown from a broncho at Newcastle, Colo., and sustained injuries of a serious nature.

Cattle in Kingfisher County, O. T., are affected with Texas fever, and the contagion is likely to spread, as some of the cattle have been driven East and North.

MARRIED AT THE "BREAKERS."

MR. H. P. WHITNEY WEDS MISS GERTRUDE VANDERBILT.

KNOT TIED BY REV. MAGILL.

Rhode Island Laws Prevented Bishop Potter From Performing the Ceremony.

NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 25.—The wedding of Miss Gertrude Vanderbilt, oldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, to Mr. Harry Payne Whitney, oldest son of the former Secretary of the Navy, W. C. Whitney, took place at noon to-day at The Breakers, the Vanderbilt summer residence. Although the wedding has been awaited with great interest, it was in a way a disappointment to the exclusive set in society here, owing to its simplicity. This was necessarily so on account of the state of Mr. Vanderbilt's health, his physician thinking it unwise for him to undergo anything but the quietest ceremony. Therefore, outside of the immediate bridal party only about fifty persons were present. The legal marriage ceremony was performed by Rev. George F. Magill, D. D., rector of Trinity Church, of which Mr. Vanderbilt is a member. It was originally intended that Bishop Potter should act in this capacity, but Rhode Island laws forbid a clergyman from another State to perform a wedding ceremony here. Therefore, the plan was changed, and Bishop Potter delivered the benediction.

The members of the bridal party, advancing from different apartments along the upper hall, met at the middle landing of the grand staircase. Thence the bride and groom together proceeded to the prieldieu, where the words that made them one were spoken.

Miss Vanderbilt's gown, as well as that of each of the bridesmaids, was from Paris. The bride's costume was of white watered silk, trimmed with old duchesse lace and pearls. She carried a bridal bouquet of stephanotis and gardenias.

Mr. Whitney wore a boutoniere of gardenias, the finest of man a white orchid on the lapel of his coat, and the ushers small sprays of lilies of the valley. The bouquets of the five bridemaids were of roses and lilies of the valley caught with broad pink satin ribbon upon which were embroidered lilies of the valley.

The bridemaids were the Misses Sloane, Shepard, Gerry and Taylor. Mr. Payne Whitney, who has just returned from Europe, was the best man and the ushers were Messrs. Frank Bolk, Columbus Baldwin, Rawlins T. Connenet and Alfred Vanderbilt, brother of the bride.

After the ceremony the couple passed into the gray room to receive their guests. They occupied a position beneath a bower of tropical foliage, surmounted by a canopy composed of two immense plants. Seven blooming rose trees, eight feet high, alternately white and pink, formed a boundary to the line of guests.

Eureka Springs, Ark.,

A most delightful, cool resort reached via the Frisco Line. Round trip rate only $12.50. Ticket office 101 North Broadway, or Union Station, St. Louis, Mo.

NO CANDIDATE FOR GOVERNOR.

GOLDBUGS TO HAVE A TICKET WITHOUT A HEAD.

THEY DO HATE LON STEPHENS.

Between Spells of Abusing the Democracy They Select Some Delegates to Indianapolis.

Two goldbug Democrats—Willard P. Hall of St. Joseph, and Robert T. Railey of Cass County, both delegates to the convention of Wall street Democrats which will meet Wednesday, comprised Tuesday's advance guard.

They wandered forlornly about the Planters' Hotel for a while, and then they tried to warm their feet against the lifeless steam radiator in the goldbug headquarters.

Between shivers they talked of the convention, its prospects and the work that would be done Wednesday.

Delegate Hall was of the opinion that the convention would elect thirty-four delegates to the Bolters' Convention at Indianapolis; would decide to put an electoral ticket in the field in Missouri; would indorse all the Democratic candidates for State office, with the exception of Lon V. Stephens, and then adjourn, leaving the head of the ticket vacant.

That view of it appears to favorably impress a good many of the delegates.

It will be opposed, however, by the St. Louis delegates, who are bitterly hostile to Stephens—as they are to everything Democratic—and who insist on some plan of action that will show how bitter they feel.

As St. Louis and Kansas City will come near controlling the convention, their ideas on the subject will probably prevail.

There is considerable rivalry among the Missouri bolters as to who shall have the "honor" of representing the Wall street wing at Indianapolis.

The Eleventh and Twelfth District goldbugs have already selected their four district delegates.

They are: Col. James O. Broadhead, Rolla Wells, Sam Kennard and James Campbell.

For delegates-at-large Willard P. Hall of St. Joseph, J. McD. Trimble and L. C. Krauthoff of Kansas City, Fred Lehman, recently of Iowa, and Col. "Chet" Krum with the whisker are mentioned.

And there are others. All the railroads will furnish passes to the bolters, so that the trip will cost nothing.

Tuesday night the Wall Street Provisional Committee and the delegates from the city of St. Louis will meet at Elks' Hall to prepare for the grand meeting of Passbearers Wednesday.

The coolest and finest place for Ladies and Gentlemen is the Budweiser Restaurant, 413 North Sixth street.

Called the Widow Bad Names.

Mrs. Lena Noel, of 3725 Sullivan avenue, was in the Second District Court on a charge of disturbing the peace.

Mrs. Noel is a nervous brunette, and she fairly quivered with excitement as she took a seat on one of the chairs set apart for prisoners.

"Guilty," she answered, when asked what her plea would be.

The prosecuting witness, Mrs. Anna Friedman, then took the stand.

Mrs. Friedman is a good looking widow, a blonde. She testified that one day last week Mrs. Noel came to her house at 1016 Linn street, called her names and struck her.

A woman who witnessed the encounter corroborated the widow's story.

The court fined Mrs. Noel $10 and granted a stay of excution pending good behavior.

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Stimulate the stomach, rouse the liver, cure biliousness, headache, dizziness, sour stomach, constipation, etc. Price, 25 cents. Sold by all druggists. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

THE COMMITTEE PLAYED ITS PART.

STURTEVANT COMPANY GOT SEVERAL FAT CONTRACTS.

NOT ON THE LOWEST BIDS.

Bosley's Boiler Failed to Break Into the Schools, but There Were Other Favorites.

Bids for heating and ventilating six public schools were opened by the Building Committee of the School Board Monday night.

The bids disclosed interesting facts connected with the attempt to force the Boseley Incandescent boilers on the public. They also revealed certain significant things concerning the B. F. Sturtevant Heating Co. of Chicago and the St. Louis School Board.

The action taken by the committee added to the significance of the proceedings.

In the case of three schools the contracts were awarded on bids that were not the lowest.

As a result the hottest fight experienced in the School Board for some time will be waged at to-night's meeting.

The exposures made by the Post-Dispatch regarding the Bosley Incandescent boiler resulted in Bosley failing to get a single contract at Monday night's meeting of the committee. This saved the board over $11,000 on the item of boilers alone.

On the other hand certain members of the committee insisted that the B. F. Sturtevant Heating Co. be awarded the contracts for fans and engines at advances over the lowest bids.

In this connection a statement was made after the committee meeting that C. P. Noble, representing the Sturtevant company, had stated that he controlled fifteen members of the St. Louis School Board. A copy of a Minneapolis daily paper was produced in substantiation of this. It contained the proceedings of an investigating committee of the Minneapolis School Board, inquiring into charges of attempted bribery against representatives of the Sturtevant company, in connection with contracts for heating schools at Minneapolis.

The report of the proceedings contained a sworn statement by Charles E. Hasey, representing the Pond-Hasey company, that C. P. Noble had told him a year before that he had fifteen members of the St. Louis School Board absolutely sure. The investigation was held March 26, in Minneapolis.

The bids opened Monday night specified the system of fans and engines on which they were made and the style of furnace to be supplied with the boilers. The boilers themselves were ordinary six-inch flue boilers, twenty feet long. Each bidder handed in from one to six bids, one for each system.

The Branch Steam Heating Co. alone bid only on the B. T. Sturtevant fans and engines.

The company was awarded the contract for the Blow School, at $10,709. This contract calls for the Thomas down draft furnace. Its bid for the Sparlock & Co. furnace was $10,429.

In the bids on this school, including the Bosley Incandescent furnace, the price was from $10,800 to $12,350.

John Ramming got the contract for the Clifton Heights School for $5,814, comprising the Thomas down-draft furnace and the Sturtevant system.

This bid was $199 higher than the lowest, which was made by the W. F. Cozzens Heating Company. The latter offered the Buffalo Forge Company's fans and engines. The committee had to have the Sturtevant system.

In the case of the Columbia School, the bids for on the Sturtevant system were so far in excess of those on other systems that the committee didn't have the nerve to make the award to its favorite.

These for the Sturtevant ranged from $5,287 to $5,550. That for the Boston Blower Co.'s system, made by that company itself, was $4,920. It was given the plum. The bid was only $42 less than the next highest. The committee had thought nothing of a $200 discrepancy where the Sturtevant system was concerned.

This was exclusive of boilers, as the one already in use at the Columbia School will serve.

A similar discrepancy existed in the case of the Dozier School. The lowest Sturtevant bid was $9,400. The Ringen Stove Co. got the contract for $8,882, with the American Blower Comany's system.

This was the only school on which a bid was made by the Bosley Heating Co. for the Bosley Incandescent boiler. Its bid was $9,400 for boiler, fans and engine.

On the Fremont School the committee insisted again on favoring the Sturtevant system in spite of the fact that another bid was $131 lower. The bid of the Branch Heating Co. for the Sturtevant system and Thomas furnace was $6,686. It was awarded the contract. That of the Cozzens company for the Buffalo Forge Co.'s system was $6,555. Again, the committee had to have the Sturtevant system regardless of expense.

The same solicitude for the B. F. Sturtevant Co. was shown in the case of the Mount Pleasant School. John Ramming bid $5,814, with the Sturtevant system. The W. F. Cozzens Heating Co. bid $5,615, or $199 less. John Ramming got the contract.

The Peck-Williamson Heating and Ventilating Co., which was mixed up in a School Board scandal last winter over the contracts for latrines in the schools, bid on each of the schools. Its system is that of hot air furnaces, not at all in accord with the specifications.

Chairman Kissner insisted that the award be made to the lowest bidder for steam heating. Hequembourg and Penney were absent. Cudmore and Koenig insisted on giving the disputed contracts to the Sturtevant company, and then refused to vote. They then made a fight to have the Peck-Williamson bids accepted. Finally the Sturtevant system triumphed.

The total cost of the work as awarded Monday night will be $42,825. There is about $30,000 at the disposal of the Board for the work.

Chairman Kissner stated to a Post-Dispatch reporter Tuesday that he would make a determined fight in the board to-night to have all the contracts awarded the lowest bidder.

The total figures represent a reduction of $23,000 from the original bids of three weeks ago, when the Bosley boiler and Sturtevant fans and engines enjoyed a complete monopoly.

The reduction in the Sturtevant system amounts to $11,000. This leaves a $12,000 reduction on the boilers. On Bosley's boilers alone the difference is almost as great.

In the new bids the difference in the price of one Bosley boiler and an ordinary boiler is but $332. In the old bids Bosley figured $3,900 as the cost of one of his boilers alone, while $1,000 is the cost of an ordinary boiler.

Whether Bosley intended to keep for himself all of the $12,000 difference is a mooted question.

Why Sturtevant fans and engines should be $11,000 cheaper now than four weeks ago is another question hard to answer.

C. P. Noble, representative of the Sturtevant Heating Company, was at the meeting of the committee Monday night. His presence in St. Louis was entirely unexpected. To a Post-Dispatch reporter Tuesday he stated that the testimony given by Hasey at the investigation in Minneapolis was contradicted by other witnesses.

"Moreover, it pretended to relate to the old St. Louis Board, and not to the new," declared Noble.

"What I did say was that 15 members of the board had voted for the Sturtevant system, which showed them to favor it."

While Noble's remark undoubtedly related to the old Board, the majority of the members of the old St. Louis School Board are members of the present board.

Chairman Kissner of the committee will not be alone to-night in his fight in the board on the award of the committee. There are numerous directors who will take a hand in the struggle against the Sturtevant Company.

To Rally in September.

At the meeting of the Twenty-eighth Ward Republicans Monday night speeches were made by Eugene McQuillan, Archie Carr and Albert Blair. It was also decided to hold a grand rally and flag-raising Sept. 12.

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THE SEPTEMBER FAD.

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Breakfast, 7 to 9; lunch, 1 to 3; dinner, 6:30 to 8:30. Sunday dinner, 1 to 3.

Delightful Boating on Meramec River, 100 Single and Double Rowboats.

Refreshments at Sunset Hill Pagoda.

HE SHOWED UP TO BE ARRESTED.

WARRANT CHARGING CHAS. H. PETERS WITH FRAUD.

SAYS IT ISN'T JUSTIFIED.

Well-Known Young Business Man Alleged to Be Short in His Accounts as Agent.

Charles M. Peters, a well-known young business man, was arrested Tuesday. He claims that he has committed no crime and will bring suit for damages. He is charged with embezzlement, and contends that he hasn't embezzled a "soo markee," and that the only justifiable action against him would be a civil suit.

Mr. Peters is the St. Louis agent for the Pacific Steam Whaling Co. of San Francisco, Cal., and a warrant was issued for his arrest on a charge of embezzlement.

Peters is charged with appropriating $600 of the cash belonging to the company to his own use and also having some $500 worth of goods which he fails to account for.

George E. Howe, a representative of the whaling company, came to St. Louis from San Francisco a week ago to try to effect a settlement with Peters. All his overtures failed, and he decided to invoke the strong arm of the Missouri law to aid him.

Mr. Howe told Peters that he would apply for a warrant Tuesday morning and requested him to be at the St. Nicholas Hotel at 10 o'clock, prepared to either give bond or go to jail.

The surprise of Mr. Howe of San Francisco was great when he reached the St. Nicholas, accompanied by Deputy Sheriff Longford with a warrant in his pocket, and found that Peters was not waiting to be arrested.

Later in the day, Mr. Peters walked up to the officer and said he had been waiting to be arrested. He was accommodated, then he gave bond.

He said there was no ground for the charge of embezzlement. That there was a dispute over the accounts and that his arrest was for the purpose of forcing him to settle on the basis fixed by the Whaling company.

"I will sue for damages," said he."

Charles M. Peters lives at 4020 Morgan street with his wife and child and an aged, widowed mother. He is 27 years old and has hitherto borne an unblemished reputation.

The Pacific Steam Whaling Co. is the largest incorporation if its kind in the world. It owns sixteen whaling vessels, which sail the Arctic Seas, and captures more whales than any other two companies combined, so Mr. Howe says. They employ over 1,000 seamen and have agencies in every large city in the United States.

Mr. Howe came East last October and appointed Mr. Peters as the agent for the St. Louis territory. He had known Mr. Peters before and entertained a high regard for his integrity and business ability. On his recommendation Mr. Peters was given the agency and was employed at a large salary.

For a while Mr. Peters was exceptionally active. Large orders for manufactured whale bone were sent to San Francisco by mail, and remittances were fully and promptly made. This continued for several months. Then the orders still went forward as of yore, but, instead of remittances, there were excuses. When these were questioned, Peters sent vague and unsatisfactory replies, so Mr. Howe alleged.

The company insisted on a settlement and sent Mr. Howe to secure it. Peters gave a whole lot of excuses that Mr. Howe thought were tame.

Peters told him that he had sent certain moneys by New York draft, but Howe claims that when pressed, he failed to substantiate his statement.

Then Mr. Howe determined to play detective and see where the leak was.

Peters appeared to have no bad habits and Howe was at a loss how to proceed. Horses and women first came to his mind and he worked on this line. He was convinced after an investigation that Peters cared for no woman but his wife. Then he proposed that they go to the races. Peters replied carelessly that he had no objections. But after one visit to the race track Mr. Howe was convinced that Peters had not squandered his money there, as he seemed not to care to see the horses and did not even know how to place a bet.

Then it was that Howe decided not to wait any longer. Peters' mother, who is reported to be wealthy, was appealed to and was told her son would be prosecuted if the shortage was not made good. She did not appear to take any interest in the matter. Then Howe threatened Peters with arrest, but that failed to secure a settlement.

Tuesday morning Howe and his attorney applied at the warrant office and laid the matter before Assistant Prosecuting Attorney Johnson. The warrant was duly issued and placed in the hands of an officer.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething gives quiet, healthful rest.

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"WE ARE OPPOSED TO THE FREE COINAGE OF SILVER. * * * THE EXISTING GOLD STANDARD MUST BE PRESERVED."—Republican Platform.

THE CONFEDERATE HOME.

The Daughters of the Confederacy will make a gallant fight for the Confederate Home at Higginsville. They are right in thinking that it would be a great misfortune if the Home should be turned over to the State. Ex-Confederates and their sympathizers ought not to permit this.

It is not out of keeping for States that are absolutely Southern to provide by public taxation for the Confederate veterans. It may offend some Northern people who have made homes in the South, but it is not contrary to the idea of majority rule. Missouri, however, ought not to follow this example. And it would be a misfortune and disgrace to the ex-Confederate citizens of the State if the Home at Higginsville should pass under State control.

The Post-Dispatch has appealed several times for aid to maintain this Home for veterans. The Home has been well supported up to this time by private contributions. By proper business management it ought to be placed beyond the reach of want. The plan to incorporate the Home, with a capital sufficient to maintain it, the property to revert to the stockholders in the long run, is a good one. By the time the Company would be wound up, this property would be extremely valuable.

Save the Home to the veterans. The State of Missouri is no proper guardian for them.

FRANCIS GETS HIS REWARD.

Under present conditions the appointment of M. D. R. Francis to the post of Secretary of the Interior was a good appointment. Political developments of late have been so rapid that many Missouri politicians could not tell just "where they were at." Mr. Francis was one of these political outcasts—neither fish nor fowl—who had been good enough cuckoos, but upon the Democratic party developing such overwhelming strength in favor of free silver, did not know whether to take to the Uhrig's Cave coop and continue to echo Mr. Cleveland and Wall street or "jine the Democratic party."

The Wall street administration has fortunately relieved Mr. Francis from this Mahomet's coffin state of mind. In consideration of a few months' sinecure holding of a Cabinet office in a discredited administration, Mr. Francis must permanently join himself to his idols. The Democratic party of Missouri and of the country will know him no more. He will simply pass into history as one of those stop gaps in a declining administration, who are accorded a line or two in political records, merely to show the connection between men and men.

With a Government of millionaires, by millionaires and for millionaires, no one need object to this appointment. The Interior Department regulates patents. But patents have become the prey of corporations. It manages the census. But there is no census at present to manage. Public lands are under its care. But a succession of Republican and Demo-Republican administrations has squandered all the public lands. It regulates mines. But mines are merely instruments for oppressing labor and taxing the consumer "all that the traffic will bear." It controls Indian affairs But the Indians are all quiet and likely to remain so.

Until the people once more get control of their Government, as they have of the machinery of the Democratic party, it makes no difference to them who is in the Cabinet. It will be a matter of indifference to them which servant of Wall street holds a Cabinet portfolio.

ENGLAND'S BUNCO GAME.

If Europe should declare war against America, it is evident that the managers of the European campaign could do much to win the conflict for their side if they could, by one blow, cripple a material interest of paramount importance to America.

Without making war upon us, Great Britain and the Latin Union, by demonetizing silver, throttled one of the largest material interests of America as completely as if they had conquered the country and put down the silver industry by force of arms.

The official figures of the production of silver since 1852 show this in a convincing manner. These figures are given, up to 1885, from the eleventh census. Since 1885 they are to be found in the report of the United States Geological Survey, just issued.

From 1852 to 1885, inclusive, the United States produced $1,321,000,000 worth of silver. During the same period Mexico and South America produced $1,446,000,000 of the same metal. So that the Western Hemisphere produced together $2,767,000,000 worth of silver.

In these thirty-three years Germany and all other countries produced only $630,000,000 worth of silver altogether, very little of this being produced by British countries. It will be seen that the total produced by the rest of the world is less than a fourth of what was produced by the United States, Mexico and South America.

Australia and other British colonies, however, were large gold producers. It was not to the interest of Great Britain to attack gold. That was a material interest she found it desirable to uphold, and if possible double in value. This could be done by prostrating another great material interest in which she had but an insignificant share.

England had everything to gain and nothing to lose by the demonetization of silver. The United States had everything to lose and nothing to gain. It was the biggest bunco game of the century.

SCHOOL HEATING CONTRACTS.

As soon as the Civic Federation is fully organized and ready for work, it could not do a better thing than to make an investigation of the charges of corrupt practices by some members of the School Board in accepting bids for heating the schools.

There has been a persistent attempt made by certain members to force the acceptance of costly apparatus and high bids, it being charged that the cheaper heating plants and lower bids would answer all purposes. As long as all bids come up to the specifications, the School Board is bound by law to accept the lowest.

If it is true that a representative of the Sturtevant system of heating stated that "he had fifteen members of the St. Louis School Board absolutely sure," it ought not to be impossible to prove it. These heating plants are costing the city many thousands of dollars, and it is a robbery of the taxpayers to accept bids for costly methods of heating if cheaper ones will answer the purpose.

The only way to avoid this perpetual wrangling and accusation of crooked work in the School Board is for the voters to see that only good men get on the board. As long as men like Paulus, Rebenack, Bus, Lacey and such political goshawks are permitted to look after the education of our children, we may expect no better treatment than the present School Board chooses to accord the citizens.

It is telegraphed from Boston to the Post-Dispatch that Mark Hanna declares that the great majority of Republicans are bimetallists. But it is too late now to take out that gold plank. It has been hammered in and must stay. The Chicago ticket is the only refuge for conscientious Republicans.

Perry Belmont, New York agent of the Rothschilds, still looks on Americans west of the Hudson River as wild-eyed and dangerous. Perhaps one of these days Mr. Belmont may get as far West as Hoboken and thus learn something about the United States which will certainly surprise him.

Those who have seen a pampered poodle shaved to imitate a lion, barking through a millionaire's fence at a passing mastiff, can get an approximate idea of the spirit of Bourke Cockran's repeated "challenges" to Bryan.

Uncle Jim Broadhead is a mighty nice old gentleman. Everybody knows that. But it is to be feared he could not even lead a Kerry Patch picnic party on its way to a dog fight.

The Democratic party is not fighting for Maine, Massachusetts or any other New England State. It may get some of them, nevertheless. But it would not give a dozen Illinois counties for the whole of them.

The third ticket people would not be so bad as assistant Republicans if they did not, in becoming such, join in the oppression of the debtor class and in the scheme for continuing the issue of bonds for the further enrichment of Wall Street.

Hon. Tom Skinker wants the same kind of "honest money" that his friends wanted when they were chasing Missouri judges through the bush to convince them that it is safe to trust the "innocent holders" of stolen goods.

New Jersey is getting ready to show that it is not owned by J. Pierpont Morgan and the Standard Oil Co. Wall Street expects to buy the State, but if it does, it will not have much campaign fund left for use elsewhere.

Colonel Boarding-School Breckinridge of Kentucky would make an admirable Presidential candidate for third party people who are too select and high-minded to associate with the rest of us.

The Indianapolis rump could have no more logical nominee than Mr. Cleveland. There will never be another four years of Grover or of any other alleged Democrat who is the willing tool of Wall street.

The St. Louis wholesale houses are very busy and we ought to have a great many new customers this year. There is no market in the West equal to that of the Solid City.

Chauncey Depew has been a railroad tool so long that he has lost his sense of propriety. He will not be allowed to speak another political piece before the Bar Association.

Hon. David Peanut Hill of New York is no longer on the fence. He is trying to squeeze through a very narrow crack and get back into the Democratic party.

Coal Pool Commissioner Hobart is not exciting the enthusiasm of those Jerseymen who are laying in their winter supply of anthracite at trust prices.

"How can we most aid Brother McKinley?" is the chief question before the little convention of bolters that meets in St. Louis on Wednesday.

The exceptional success of the Post-Dispatch in a dull year is sufficient evidence that a good newspaper is always welcomed and patronized.

A Missouri cuckoo in the Cabinet will not add to the strength or popularity of that little squad of inefficient clerks.

The Eastern cut of Judge Krum's whiskers has saved him from being mistaken for a Populist.

If big Boss Hanna is to be led about by baby Boss Platt, things have come to a pretty pass.

The yellow bolters are fussing with the Populists in Kentucky and fusing with them in Texas.

The white money is itself so general that it cannot be affected by Gen. Black.

The cockroaches in the City Hospital are more formidable than the bacilli.

John Sherman is a "chestnut," who "answered" himself long since.

Because of You—My Dear.

From the Boston Globe.

The woods and flowers fairer seem,
The song of birds more sweet and clear,
The sun shines brighter in the sky—
Because of you—my dear.

The gentle breezes cooler grow,
And music soft I seem to hear,
And words of love are whispered low,
Because of you—my dear.

The river flows more swiftly on,
The butterflies are flitting near,
And nature is one endless song—
Because of you—my dear.

HOW PANICS ARE PRECIPITATED.

The country at large has no adequate idea of the extent to which Wall Street is dominated by foreign inflences, but there is a strong suggestion of the true state of affairs in the following from the New York Herald of Dec. 21, 1895:

The tumble in prices for the earlier hours at to-day's business on the Stock Exchange was almost phenomenal. Everything went down. New York Central, for instance, which sold on Monday for 100¾, opened at 98 and fell to 91¾. There was the wildest excitement over the scarcity of money. The money market opened at 7 per cent. ENGLISH BANKERS AND BANKS WITH ENGLISH CONNECTIONS CALLED THEIR LOANS AND LAUGHED. THE RATE OF INTEREST CLIMBED LIKE MERCURY IN A TUBE THRUST INTO BOILING WATER. ONE FIRM GAVE 90 PER CENT AT 2 O'CLOCK FOR A LOAN OF $100,000. LOCAL INSTITUTIONS AND GERMAN BANKERS, HOWEVER, EASED THE SITUATION.

This describes what is known as the Venezuela panic of last year. It was intended by English bankers as a demonstration of what they could do to ruin this country should it adopt governmental policies disapproved by them. The New York Herald, from which this is taken, is supporting them in their demand that the gold standard shall be maintained in America, so that there is no chance to assert that the quotation above is malicious or a misrepresentation of the facts. And it will be well to consider these facts seriatim, so as to get at the full gravity of their meaning. They show how panics are precipitated.

The first step when English bankers or other enemies of the United States and of popular government wish to precipitate panic as a means of asserting their right to rule is to "call their loans and laugh" while the interest rate is forced up "like mercury in a tube thrust into boiling water."

They can afford to laugh because while they can maintain the single gold standard and keep gold locked up in the vaults of the Treasury and of their allied bankers in Wall street, the volume of cash is so restricted that business can not be done at all except through credits on which they collect interest and other brokerage fees.

When they "restrict credits," when they "call their loans and laugh," American business men must either be forced into immediate bankruptcy or else must pay them or their associates in this rapine the enormous rates of usury demanded as blackmail.

The American firm which the Herald says paid 90 per cent for a loan of a hundred thousand dollars was down with an English knee on its breast, an English knife at its throat and as the price of commercial life, as blackmail, to save itself from bankruptcy, it paid the enormous sum of $90,000 for the use of $100,000, principal and interest together making $190,000, to be recovered in some way from the labor of Americans, East and West, North and South.

One of the purposes of panics thus precipitated by English speculators who "call their loans and laugh" is to make this robbery possible, while at the same time they are warning America of the effects of resistance to their power.

It is also noticeable here that we were rescued only by foreign intervention from the throttling grasp of the English financial highwaymen who had waylaid us. The panic was stayed only when orders came from Berlin for the agents of German bankers in Wall street to interpose and check England. So for the time being, the English bankers withdrew, convinced that they had done enough to show us the danger of refusing to submit to them.

They are once more threatening us with panic. They make no secret of their intentions once more to "call their loans and laugh" if we refuse to accept the gold standard as it is indorsed in the McKinley platform. But they will learn sooner or later, and at their own cost, that Wall street is not the United States, that the ignorant, servile and rapacious speculators with whom they deal in Wall street are not the American people. If they try to force America to Valley Forge, they will find that it is not far to Yorktown.

WELL-KNOWN ST. LOUISAN.



John B. Dempsey.

John B. Dempsey was born in St. Louis in 1861. He was for many years identified with the labor organizations of the State and in 1889 represented the city in the State Legislature. In the same year he was admitted to the practice of law, in which he has been successfully engaged since.

MEN OF MARK.

It is reported that M. Casimir-Perier, the ex-President of France, will try to be again elected to the French Parliament.

The biggest sword in the British army at the present time is that of Capt. Oswald Ames of the 2d Life Guards, who is the tallest man in the army.

Matthew Addy of Cincinnati, who has just died, was often referred to as "the Cincinnati iron king." He was born in Montreal in 1855, and went to Cincinnati when a young man, with no capital but a good education. He went into the iron business, in which he was singularly successful. He was a lover of art, and his collection of pictures in his home is unusually fine.

There is a man in Ohio named Jenkins whose resemblance to Abraham Lincoln is said to be wonderful. He is said to have received in his time enough jail sentences to round out an ordinary life, and been in enough brawls and accidents to kill a dozen ordinary men. Yet, on account of his likeness to Lincoln, it is asserted, he gets all the free passes on the railroads that he wants and almost any favor he asks for.

WOMEN OF NOTE.

Mrs. Annie L. Webb is the only woman in Idaho who is in the life insurance business.

In attending divine service on Sunday morning Queen Victoria always carries her prayer books with her, and afterward takes them back to her own apartments.

When a patriotic Frenchman asked Calve, with a falling inflection, if it were possible she meant to return to America again this year she returned: "They pet me there, you scold me here; why shouldn't I?"

Mrs. Ellen Wayles Harrison, widow of William Boyd Harrison of Upper Brandon, Va., died at the house of Alexander Randall in Baltimore. Mrs. Harrison was the daughter of the late Thomas Jefferson Randolph of Edge Hall, Albemarle County, Va., and was the oldest living descendant of Thomas Jefferson.

Few people are aware that the Sultan of Turkey is descended from a French lady. His great grandmother, Nachasadil Sultana, consort of Abdul Hamid I., was born in the latter quarter of the eighteenth century in the West Indian island of Martinique. Her maiden name was Aimee Dubuc de Rivery. She was cousin and companion in childhood of another lady, Josephine de la Pagerie, who escaped from the guillotine, on which her first husband was beheaded, to become empress of the French.

HAPPY HITS.

"You broke the engagement?" "Yes, it was either the engagement or me."—Detroit Tribune.

"What in the world broke Burke down? He used to be the picture of health." "He recuperated too long at the seashore."—Detroit Free Press.

Bald-headed Gentleman (having his boots polished): Confound it, you take an abominably long time about it. Shoeblack: Yes, sir; it ain't done so quick as when you 'as your 'air cut.—Tit-Bits.

A Spicy Story—"We have no use for bear stories," said the editor. "Our readers demand something spicy." "Well," said the man with a manuscript, "this story is about a cinnamon bear."—Household Words.

Husband: Are you aware, my dear, that on this grassy spot began a war that lasted ten years? Wife: Why, John, it was here that you proposed to me. Husband: Exactly—just ten years ago.—Rochester Times.

Mrs. Weary (reading): The body of a book agent was found on Blank street this morning. He had evidently been murdered. Mr. Weary (meditatively): Um—er—really, now, I think that was going most too far.—New York Weekly.

FASHION NOTE.



A Woolley Black Sweater, fast color, warranted not to shrink in washing; striking effects and color combinations.

GLOVER ON THE BOLTERS.

Colonels in the Beer Cooler—The Ridiculous Rump Resolutes at the Cave.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

We had a great outpouring of the faithful at Uhrig's Cave on Saturday night. The public which we had invited was too busy to come, but the Democratic party was all there. Carrying, as we do, one-sixteenth each of all the brains, patriotism and honesty of the Democratic party, none of us could afford to stay away. It is true, the names of Col. Skinker, Col. Judson, Col. Reedy, Col. Lehman and Col. Haeussler do not appear in the printed report of the proceedings, but this was for wise strategic reasons. Owing to the sneers and jeers and catcalls with which the ribald press has received these Saviors Of Their Country (much the same as the public treated Berry Mitchell when he attempted to play Hamlet), it was thought best to put these gentlemen down in the beer cooler, where they could be heard and not seen, except Col. Haeussler, who went into the audience disguised as a Democrat.

We had one man and a flag on the platform. We bought that flag from Col. Peaform. We bought that flag from Col. Peaform, who, it is understood, has cornered all the American flags, expressly that Col. Wilkinson might get off the joke which we note hereinafter. Col. Broadhead, ex-Minister to Cahokia Creek, occupied one box, and so we put Col. Dan Taylor in the other box, not that he might offset the effulgent glories which beamed from the brow of the greatest living "Tadpoler," but simply as ballast. Col. Broadhead illuminated his own box, but we had to turn the lights up to show Col. Taylor. Then, said Col. Wilkinson, "Will all of the Democratic party please take position on the front row of seats," which we did in serried column.

Then Col. Wilkinson opened the ball. Says he, "The Democratic party of the United States is here in convention assembled. We are the lineal descendants of Joe Jefferson in a right line," says he, "and while the bolting faction at Chicago is blindly and fatuously pursuing its course to inevitable destruction, the real Democratic party sits here on the front seat at Uhrig's Cave, left in possession of the old place of business, good will and cash assets of the old party; and," says he, "we have kept the name and flag."

At this we all cheered. It was lucky we did, for just then Col. McNeary came in and was about to put out the lights, as he thought there was nobody in the hall. But Col. Edgar Skinner was visibly excited. "Name and flag," shouted he, "what financiering! Why didn't you keep the cash assets?" I would have known that voice like a cracked brass French horn with the mouth-piece broken off, among a thousand. It was Col. Haeussler. The name "Skinner" was only an onomatopoetic nom de plume. "And," says Col. Wilkinson, "I have to inform you that Col. Hoke Smith has resigned from Cleveland's Cabinet, because he thought it was no place for a gentleman and a Democrat, and as you well know, under present political conditions it would be impossible for Cleveland to get anybody to enter that Cabinet except a member of the Round Money Club of St. Louis, therefore the prospect for this club is bright and glorious." Here there was tremendous cheering. Each one of us immediately resolved to accept the position. "And," pursued Col. Wilkinson, "I have also the honor to inform you that Col. W. C. P. Breckinridge and Col. Madeline Pollard have joined the sound money party." At this the applause was uproarious, as it was taken as a sign that all elements of the party will now be harmonious.

Then Col. E. C. Kehr got up (he was a Democratic Justice of the Peace in the Middle Ages, and is one of the most prized antediluvian treasures of the City of St. Louis), and says he, "I am permanent Chairman of this meeting." How Col. Kehr got to be permanent chairman the Lord only knows. I suppose it was the same way we got to be Lord High Keepers of the Conscience of the Democratic Party. Says he, "Gentlemen, we will now appoint a committee to suggest delegates to the State Convention, to be held at St. Louis." Then I got up, and says I, "I move that the wards be called for the purpose of nominating delegates." Then every member of the party came to me and said something to me confidentially, and I withdrew the motion. What they said to me was, "You blankety blankety blank blank fool, do you want to ruin the party?" Then he appointed Col. Broadhead and eight others. Great Scott, how is Col. Broadhead to get seventy delegates and seventy alternates and two delegates for each twenty-eight wards? How often will 196 go into 16?

Then got up a very ladylike young man, in a lily-white duck suit, which was quite appropriate, and delivered a short essay on "Is Suicide a Sin?" which he held that it was not. He said his name was R. Graham Frost. The "frost" part of it was all right, but the Colonel made one hit when he denounced the bolting faction at Chicago which has seceded from US and told the story of the Indian who was wandering around in the woods and met a white hunter, and says he to the hunter: "Can you help me find my wigwam?" And says the hunter, "Are you lost?" And says the Indian, indignantly, "No, sir! Wigwam lost!" The applause was so great that the bats which had been encouraged by the low lights and intervals of deathly silence to settle on the heads of some of the club, were completely scared away.

Col. Frost made the hit of his life when he said, "We approve of Grover Cleveland for sending troops to shoot the workingmen at Chicago." The convention simply went wild. Col. Scullin of the Union Line, Col. Turner of the Suburban Line, Col. McCullough of the Fifth Street Line, Col. Frost of the Missouri Pacific Railway Co., Col. Lehman of the Wabash Line (from the depths of the beer cooler), and Col. Graydon from all the other street railway lines (all of which we have named as delegates), simply fell with joy. I nominate Grover Cleveland for President because he shot the workingmen," shouted one, and Col. Scullin jumped up and says he, "I move that this be adopted as the emblem of this club," and he sent up a medal which represented a cannon over the body of a workingman and his starving family in the background. It was unanimously done! "Great Scott," said I, "is our club turning into a Committee of the Whole on the state of the railroads?"

Then Col. Kehr got up and says he: "Gentlemen, the committee is now ready to report." But somebody had played a mean trick on Col. Broadhead. Instead of giving him a directory which he had asked for to select delegates from, they gave him the mortuary records of a political cemetery and the roster of a German Republican Club. So we have as delegates, Meritzheimer, Niese, Brandeweide, Malthusek, Backer, Ansley, Duecher Hemm, Klein, Renth, Schramm Hines, Ehleman, Bergesch, Goevel, Meinberg, Straub, Lippelt, Baum Diehm Moll, Stoffel, Waun, Wertheimer, Wallman, Angels and ministers of grace! How can we persuade the Democrats they are dishonest with only a hand like that to draw to? "What 'ell," said Tim Conway and Pat Woodlock, who happened to stroll in from the Bryan and Sewall Club next door. "Do they claim these are Democrats? Why, that looks like a German Republican camp-meeting!" So you see, it was a very embarrassing mistake, but I don't blame Col. Broadhead for trying to fill up. You see we had put every dog-goned member of the party in as a delegate already. We used the Redgrave family twice. We used the Frost family twice. We used the Broadhead family twice. We used the Lee family twice (John Lee and Billy Baggot). We used the Kennard family twice. We run in Herman Haeussler once as himself and once as Edgar Skinner. We are not like the Angel of Death in the Jewish tale, who only took the first born in each family. We can't afford it. We had to have seventy delegates and seventy alternates, and fifty-six wand delegates or admit that we didn't have men enough in the party to go around. I understand that Col. Broadhead was shot at thirteen times as he went home last night by fellows he had put on that ticket "unbeknownst" to them. But such risks must be taken for the good of the cause. And that's why we made Col. Broadhead chairman of the committee, feeling that we could spare him better than anybody else.

And then we were Chester-krummed. There is no law yet passed to prevent Chester Krum from joining a party with out its consent, but there ought to be. Chester Krum seems to be of an inquisitive turn of mind, and wants to join every party, to see what it is like. He joined the Democratic party just long enough to hit Jim Bannerman in the back, and we great men of the National Democratic party have all turned our chest protectors around and are now wearing them on the back between the shoulders.

St. Louis, Aug. 24. JOHN M. GLOVER.

KILLED A WOMAN.

Robbers Hold Up a Stage and Murder a Passenger.

GUTHRIE, O. T., Aug. 25.—Deputy marshals brought news yesterday of the holding up of a stage in Day County by bandits and the killing of a woman who would not give up her valuables. There were four men in the party and they forced the passengers to alight and give up their money and valuables. All did this except a lady supposed to be Mrs. Raymond Reems of Philadelphia, who refused to get out of the stage, at which the robbers began firing on the coach. She was struck by several bullets, one of which killed her instantly.

TUPPER'S DEFEAT.

Laurier Makes a Vigorous Criticism of Sir Charles.

OTTAWA, Ont., Aug. 25.—The debate on the address was proceeded with in the House of Commons. Mr. McInnis, member for Vancouver, moved its adoption and Mr. Lemiux, member for Gaspe, seconded the motion.

Sir Charles Tupper, as leader of the opposition, replied. He stated that Mr. Laurier was returned to power on other than the real issues of the day. The people had not pronounced on the trade policy of the late Government. The Government had secured power by pursuing one course of tactics in Quebec and another in Ontario on the school question.

In regard to this question Sir Charles admitted that he had made a mistage as to the importance of the matter. He also frankly admitted that he had been disappointed at the result in the Province of Quebec. Sir Charles, in conclusion, said that the American Government would not consent to renew the reciprocity treaty of 1854.

Mr. Laurier made a very eloquent reply. He said that the Government of Sir Charles Tupper was defeated because it refused to reform the fiscal policy, because it was corrupt and extravagant and because, instead of appealing to the intelligence and common sense of the people of Quebec he appealed to their religious prejudices.

WILLIAM YIELDS.

Reported Concession as to Military Trials Reform.

BERLIN, Aug. 25.—The Reichsanzeiger says it is authorized to announce that Emperor William desires a bill to be drawn up and submitted to the Bundesrath during the coming autumn based on the lines of the statement which Prince Hohenlohe, the Imperial Chancellor, made in the Reichstag on May 18 last, relative to reform in the criminal procedure of the army. It is hoped that this concession on the part of the Emperor will do much to end the Ministerial crisis which has been a disturbing factor for a long time past, and which is said to have caused the retirement of Gen. Bronsart von Schellendorff, recently Minister for War, and which was looked upon as likely to bring about the resignation of the Imperial Chancellor, Prince Hohenlohe, and that of the Minister for Foreign Affairs, Baron Marshal von Bieberstein. The three Ministers mentioned have sturdily advocated reform in military trials, and the Emperor, at the instance of his military and civil Cabinets, has steadily opposed it, on the ground that it would tend to demoralize the army by making public matters which should be confined strictly to official military circles.

WHITEHEAD DISAPPEARS.

After Seeing His Mother He Went Mad and Fled.

SKIBBEREN, Aug. 25.—Alfred George Whitehead, the Irish-American prisoner who was released from Portland Prison last week and who arrived here yesterday evening, became completely deranged after seeing his mother and disappeared soon afterwards. He has not been seen since, although searchers have been scouring the neighborhood all night.

Sultan of Zanzibar Dead.

ZANZIBAR, Aug. 25.—The Sultan of Zanzibar, Hamed Bin Said, is dead, aged about 40 years. He succeeded to the Sultanate on the death of Sultan Ali, March 5, 1893. He was one of a number of claimants, and was selected as being the most fitting by the British Government, which exercises a protectorate over the Sultanate.

Brazilians and Italians Fight.

RIO DE JANEIRO, Aug. 25.—Numerous conflicts are reported to have occurred between the Brazilians and the Italians in Sao Paulo, Saturday and Sunday, and the agitation still continues. It is believed that the Brazilian Government will withdraw the exequatur from the Italian Consul, whom the newspapers accuse of supporting the Italians in their agitation. Similar manifestations and scenes of disorder are expected here in the near future.

The Brazilian Chamber of Deputies has unanimously rejected the protocol arranged for in the settlement of the claims of Italians who suffered in former political troubles.

Archbishop Martinelli.

LONDON, Aug. 25.—The Daily News publishes a dispatch from Rome to the effect that Cardinal Rampolla, the Papal Secretary of State, has consecrated Fr. Sebastian Martinelli Archbishop of the Titular See of Ephesus.

Fr. Martinelli, Prior General of the Augustinians, was recently appointed to succeed Mgr. Satolli as Papal Delegate to the Catholic Church in the United States.

Peary at Labrador.

ST. JOHNS, Newfoundland, Aug. 25.—News reaches this city from Turnavick, Labrador, that the steamer Hope, now en route from the Arctic Ocean, commanded by Lieut. Peary, reached there July 20, after a quick run from Sydney. The members of the expedition landed, and after making a series of scientific observations sailed again for the North. Lieut. Peary reported a large amount of ice and numerous icebergs prevalent along the coast. He is certain to find this condition of affairs even worse farther North. Many people here believe that Lieut. Peary will experience considerable trouble in crossing Melville Bay from that cause.

IN THE PUBLIC EYE.



LEE SING.

He is a San Francisco Chinaman who has been sent as a delegate to the world's convention of Salvationists in London. He is the editor of the Chinese War Cry.

Bishop and Sessions Released.

KANSAS CITY, Aug. 25.—E. O. Bishop and J. M. Sessions, the young men who were arrested for supposed complicity in the robbery of the branch of the American National Bank, on Friday last, have been released by the police, no evidence against them having been found.

ILLINOIS ASSESSMENT.

An Aggregate Decrease in the 102 Counties of $12,638,690.

Special to The Post-Dispatch.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Aug. 25.—Secretary Eubanks of the Illinois State Board of Equalization has just tabulated a consolidated statement of the assessment returns made to the board by local assessors, showing the aggregate assessments of the 102 counties in the State for the year 1896, and a comparison with the assessments for 1895. The assessments this year show an aggregate decrease of $12,638,690, the total assessment being $731,201,463, as against $743,840,153 for 1895.

The following twenty-nine counties show an increased assessment of $1,536,407 over that of last year: Alexander, Bond, Boone, Calhoun, Cass, Clay, Crawford, De Kalb, Pord, Franklin, Hancock, Henderson, Henry, Iroquois, Jackson, Jasper, Jersey, Kane, Kankakee, Knox, Lake, Lawrence, Massac, McDonough, Monroe, Morgan, Rock Island, Union and Wayne.

The remaining seventy-three counties show a decrease of $14,175,097 from the assessment of 1895.

Sangamon County is decreased $79,001 from last year's assessments; Peoria County is $32,872 less; Morgan County is $42,904 higher this year than last; Macon and other counties show the following decrease: Macon, $61,132; Christian, $204,741; Menard, $49,077; Logan, $106,365; Mason, $95,749; Macoupin, $84,13[illegible]; McLean, $384,292; Will, $494,407; Pike, $110,081.

The largest increase is in Jasper County, the amount being $187,581 over the assessment for 1895. The greatest decrease is shown in Cook County, where $4,949,194 is saved the taxpayers over the assessment for 1895. The next largest decrease is in Madison County, where the amount is $266,142 less than for 1895. The decrease for St. Clair County is $256,628 less than for 1895.

The smallest increase was in Lawrence County, where the amount is $510 over the assessment of 1895. The smallest decrease was made in Richmond County, the amount being $8,329 less than for 1895. Du Page County secures a decrease of $634,076 from last year.

The statement shows that Southern Illinois counties were increased about $256,813; Central Illinois about $725,231, while the northern tier secured an increase of about $554,363 over the assessments of 1895. The decrease shows that Egypt and Central Illinois fared better than their northern neighbors, outside of Cook County. The decrease of over $4,000,000 in that one county alone is so wonderful that it has caused some comment.

Secretary Eubanks hopes to have the other statements ready for publication some time this week.

CHAPMAN IS NO MOLE.

Although a Goldbug Republican He Thinks Bryan Will Win.

J. F. Chapman, the real estate agent and notary public, of 621 Chestnut street, is a goldbug and a Republican. He has recently been on a little trip to Michigan and his old home at Exeter, O.

Mr. Chapman is now convinced, from what he has heard and seen, that Bryan will carry Ohio. He says if he were a betting man he would be willing to bet on it.

"Down there in that country where I came from," he was on to explain, "it used to be dangerous for a man to even let on he was a Democrat, because they would mob him if he did.

"It's different now. When I was down there I heard a sort of debate between Northway and Sibley. Northway was doing the talking for the goldbugs, and Sibley was the silver orator. Northway had about 300 people in a hall to listen to him, and Sibley was out in the open with about 3,000, who listened to every word he had to say.

"When Sibley got through talking on silver he said he was organizing a silver club, and wanted everybody who would like to join to step up and do so. There were more names signed to the roster that night than there were people attending the other meeting. Sibley put up the best line of argument I ever heard on silver.

"The same conditions can be observed everywhere, both in Michigan and Ohio. The farmers are the ones who are going to elect Bryan. They want silver, and are going to have it. Several prominent Republicans to whom I have talked say that Ohio is a very dangerous State, and that they must do a lot of hard work if they want to carrry it."

Mr. Chapman seems convinced that Bryan is a sure winner, and McKinley will not, in Mr. Chapman's opinion, carry his own county.

BLUE AND GRAY REUNION.

Five Hundred Veterans Are in Camp at Pertle Springs.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

WARRENSBURG, Mo., Aug. 25.—Fifteen thousand people were present at the first day's meeting of the reunion of the Blue and Gray and the corner stone laying of Johnson County's new $50,000 court-house.

The second annual reunion of the veterans' association of the Blue and Gray opened this morning at Pertle Springs with a salute at sunrise. Five hundred veterans are encamped in tents in the grounds. Cass, Henry, Lafayette, Pettis and Jackson Counties are well represented. At 11:30 an immense parade was formed and, headed by the veterans of the Blue and Gray, marched through the principal streets of Warrensburg. All Warrensburg took part in this parade. At 12 o'clock the corner stone was swung into place, under the auspices of the Masonic lodge. This afternoon Maj. Wm. Warner of Kansas City, Dr. Alex Reese of the Leavenworth (Kan.) Home, Senator F. M. Cockrell and Judge W. W. Wood spoke at the Springs.

Programme for evening: 7 p. m., sunset gun, assembly call by bugle, overture by band; prayer, Rev. Hamel; tableau, "Our Union Now and Inseparable;" chorus, "Angel of Peace;" declamation, Wm. Agee; recitation, Miss Marguerite Larue; solo, "Sword of Bunker Hill," Capt. H. G. Pike; recitation, Mrs. W. V. Hamel; trio, a. "Well May the Keel Run;" b. "A Little Farm," Misses Hornung, Bowers and Collier; recitation, Miss Bertha Loebenstein; solo "Twenty Years Ago," W. W. Hunt; recitation, Miss Alta Handley; chorus, "Raise Again the Bold Refrain;" foraging party tattoo.

SANTIAGO'S INSURGENTS.

They Have Destroyed More Than Thirty Plantations in the District.

NEW YORK, Aug. 25.—A dispatch to the Herald from Havana says:

A correspondent in Santiago De Cuba communicates details of a widespread destruction of foreign property by the insurgents in the district. In the great Cautocoff zone more than thirty plantations, including the magnificent estates of Aurora Dolerita and Hampatia, were destroyed and the owners driven to Santiago for refuge. The proprietors of the majority of these properties, it is said, are Frenchmen.

Great celebrations will take place in Havana on the arrival of the new reinforcements from Spain. The municipal authorities and the local patriotic Spanish societies are arranging an enthusiastic reception to Gen. Rey, who succeeds Brig.-Gen. Bosch in command of the operations around Manzanillo.

ATTACKED THE FORTS.

Garcia's Men in Holguin District Become Aggressive.

HAVANA, Aug. 25.—Dispatches received here from Holguin, Province of Santiago de Cuba, announce that a force of 2,000 insurgents, under Calixto Garcia, has attacked the forts of Banes, a town situated near the coast in the northern part of Holguin District. The insurgents, it is added, have twice called upon the garrisons to surrender, but the latter have refused to do so. The troops, however, were unable to prevent the insurgents from burning the villages of Carbonico and Lama, in that vicinity.

The latest advices received at Holguin from Banes stated that Garcia had placed two field pieces on the heights about that place, and that Col. Ceballos, with a force of troops, protected by a gunboat, had had a severe engagement with Garcia's forces.

CITY NEWS.

Dr. E. C. Chase.
Sixth and Locust. Set of teeth, $3.

BEST RACING IN AMERICA.

SENATOR O'BRIEN THINKS THE FAIR GROUNDS IS GIVING IT.

ST. LOUIS HAS COIN CORNERED.

More Money in the Ring Here Than Anywhere Else—Better Horses Too, but Good Jockeys Are Needed.

Senator O'Brien, the well-known Minnesota legislator and turfman, returned to St. Louis yesterday from a tour of the Northwest. Mr. O'Brien has been at his home, in Stillwater, Minn., for some time. Prior to that he made a flying trip to all the big Western race tracks, including Newport, Milwaukee, Detroit and Chicago. He studied the sport at these places and returned to St. Louis, because, after impartial investigation, he found this to be the best place for a racing man with a good stable and money to bet.

The Senator is one of the men that race promoters like to get hold of. His stable is a good one, he has money to wager and it does not lie idle in his pocket.

"I have made the circuit of all the Western tracks," said the racing solon yesterday, "and I have not seen as good a game anywhere as in St. Louis. The Cincinnati tracks have hard luck stories to tell, and at Detroit, Milwaukee and other places on the circuit they are much worse off. I have seen several horsemen who left St. Louis in the early summer and every one of them is mighty sorry that he did not stay here."

"Their horses will not condition so well as at the Fair Grounds, and although the animals may have merit lack of condition will tell against them. It does not pay to be forever jumping horses on and off a car and running them from a good home like the Fair Grounds to a pest house elsewhere.

"Then there is no place in the country, that I saw, where the game is so well played as it is here. There is more money and in bigger sums bet at the Fair Grounds than on any track in the West. When I see the bookmakers get their big bets, thousands, here I often wonder where all the money comes from.

"Honestly, I think that the scarcity of money all over the country, particularly in Chicago, is due to the fact that St. Louis has cornered the coin market.

"All that is needed to make the fall meeting at the Fair Grounds the greatest success of the decade is a few more crack jockeys. Three or four of the good boys outclass the rest so badly that the horses ridden by those good boys are taking all the money."

SUNDAY RACERS EXPELLED.

Barsaloux and Laux Have Been Fired From the L. A. W.

J. C. Barsaloux and J. Laux, the prominent Sunday racing cyclists, have been expelled from the L. A. W. for repeated violations of the rules which forbid L. A. W. members from racing on the track on Sundays.

Messrs Barsaloux and Laux are about the fastest riders of the Sunday racers. Neither seems to worry very much over their expulsion from the League. They are firmly resolved to continue Sunday racing.

CYCLE BOARD OF TRADE MEETING

Final Action on the Robert Matter Will Be Taken To-Night.

An important and interesting meeting of the Cycle Board of Trade will be held at the board's headquarters in the Laclede building this evening.

The matter of Mr. Robert's requested resignation will come up for final action. As the decisive action of the Cycle Board of Trade in this case has aroused widespread interest, the meeting will be watched with great attention by the entire cycling fraternity all over the country.

TOWERS AND THE L. A. W.

The Big North End Club Will Join Sterling Elliott's Happy Fold.

A meeting of the Tower Cycle Club will be held at their club-house at 8 p. m. sharp to-night which will be of special importance as the club is seriously considering about becoming an L. A. W. club. Chief Consul Holm and Representatives Espenschied and Towar have been invited to deliver an address on the advantages of the L. A. W. membership. If the club becomes a League club it will be the largest one in the State, and will take a prominent position in cycling affairs. The club has now a membership of 250 and is steadily growing.

The Southwest Cycling Club and the Riverside Club have also had the L. A. W. question before them for some time, and both will probably take action at their September meeting. The only other club having headquarters that will remain on the outsides is the Cross Country Club, and President Warner is hopeful of eventually swinging the members around.

EAST ST. LOUIS ROAD RACE

Will Take Place on Sept. 26—Bluffs Can Be Coasted.

Ed Goedde and Lloyd Stokes, two well-known members of the St. Louis Cycling Club, are engineering a big road race between Belleville and East St. Louis, to take place on Sept. 26.

The course will be from the Air Line tracks at Belleville to Heim's brewery in East St. Louis. The distance will be ten miles.

Coasting will go on the Bluffs, which will be specially prepared for the race. Stones, etc., will be removed and the hardy riders can have a "coast" for their lives.

Billy Laing will start the riders. St. Louis men will act as officials.

Club Standing.

Clubs.	W.	L.	Pct.
Baltimore	70	32	.686
Cincinnati	69	33	.676
Cleveland	63	38	.624
Chicago	60	46	.566
Pittsburg	57	45	.559
Boston	56	47	.544
Brooklyn	47	54	.465
Philadelphia	47	56	.456
New York	47	56	.456
Washington	38	62	.380
St. Louis	32	69	.317
Louisville	25	73	.255

Tuesday's Schedule.

St. Louis at Philadelphia; two games.
Cleveland at Baltimore.
Pittsburg at Boston.
Chicago at Brooklyn.
Louisville at New York.
Cincinnati at Washington.

Base Ball Notes.

Philadelphians would like to have Breitenstein and McFarland.

Cooley could not do much with his old-time comrade pitchers in Saturday's game. He did get one hit off Breitenstein, but Donohue was too much for him.

Breitenstein used to have a picnic with the Phillies when they were the strongest they now are, the Quakers do not find it a bit troublesome to get away with the only Breit. Mix faces an altogether new team from that which he used to let down with three or four hits as regularly as he faced them.

Delehanty is fairly murdering the ball. He very seldom hits for less than two bases. Burkett, Jennings and other crack hitters make many bunts, pop flies and beat out slow grounders. Delehanty tears the cover off the sphere every time he hits it. If there is a man on first he generally tallies when Del taps the ball. Burkett and Jennings are great, but for hard, clean, pretty and skillful hitting there is only one batter and his name is E. J. Delehanty.

Philadelphians consider themselves insulted when Taylor is put in to pitch. And that is the man for whom Breitenstein was nearly traded last season.

It is about time that Mr. Von der Ahe and Secretary Muckenfuss started in to strengthen ther teams.

Frank Genins, the St. Louis lad who is playing short field for Columbus, is sick and will hardly play again this season.

Old Harry Lyons of the Browns of 1890 is playing a great game in the Eastern League.

Turf Gossip.

Barbarossa will make his debut in Dan Honig's colors to-day. Dan is well satisfied with his investment of $1,200 to Barney Schrieber on his "run up" purchase.

Dick Dwyer, the expert starter who officiated with Judge Carter at the East St. Louis track, is in the city. He took in the races yesterday, and said the St. Louis meeting is everywhere regarded as the best seen in the West this year.

The speedy Scribe and Benamela, formerly the property of Pat Dunne, now with Louis Ezell, are at the Fair Grounds. This excellent pair will land many a winner this fall.

Bill Henry, part owner of the Honig stable, recently played a combination, naming the six winners. He got about $400 for $1. It cost him about half that in the acknowledgment of congratulations upon his astute incisiveness and discerning judgment on picking winners.

Decree Against Coffee Gathering.

MADRID, Aug. 25.—It is announced here that Capt. Gen. Weyler intends to issue a decree ordering the suspension of the gathering of the coffee crop. It is said that the reason for this step is that he has ascertained that several planters have arranged to pay taxes to the insurgents for permission to gather the coffee.

THOUGHT.

A man's thoughts are a good index to his character. The miser will think of his gold, the sensualist of his pleasure, the philanthropist how he can help the needy. Thus a man is known by the company he keeps within.

If you would think how cool you could make your feet feel in a pair of light tans at $1.98, which are $3 values; also you can get the choice of any $5 tan shoe at $2.95. Remember, you can expect these prices to last only a short time. Come and see Harris, the Four Dollar Shoe Man, Five Twenty Pine street.

A Runaway Engine.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Aug. 25.—Yard engine 101 of the Louisville & Nashville Road was run on a coal bin siding yesterday afternoon and the crew deserted it while it was being coaled up. The throttle was blown open and the engine started down the track at full speed. Fortunately the track was open, and at Kentucky street another engine started in pursuit. After an exciting chase with both engines going 40 miles an hour the pursuing engine caught up six miles out, and Engineer Murphy crawled from his own engine to the tender of the runaway and shut her off. It is almost a miracle that no crossing accidents occurred during the chase.

THE PEOPLE REAP THE BENEFIT

One Man's Loss Another's Gain.

It is the same thing the world over, the vicissitudes of one man are the fortunate gains of another. This is thoroughly illustrated in the recent misfortune of one of St. Louis' best known mercantile houses, Finley & Hull, the Clothiers, who were forced to place their magnificent establishment in the hands of a trustee, Mr. Frederick G. Bosse, in order to satisfy the demands of the creditors.

Mr. Bosse took instant charge of the stock and, with a large force of employes, put the stock in order, and marked down the prices and values to actual cost, and some things much less.

Since the opening day of the sale, the Finley & Hull store, 208 and 210 North Sixth street, between Olive and Pine street, has been crowded with eager buyers. Suits overcoats (though it be quite warm for that character of wearing apparel), trousers, hats, and all manner and kinds of gentlemen's furnishing goods, are being disposed of at "a mere song." "By order of the Court" are the magic words, that make it possible for the buyer to get fine and seasonable merchandise at such low prices.

And this is why one man's loss is another's gain.

Bravery Medals Awarded.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 25.—Medals of honor have been awarded by the War Department to Capt. W. E. Winder, 4th Cavalry, and John Schnitzer, private of ordnance, for the most distinguished gallantry in action against hostile Indians at Horseshoe Canyon, New Mexico, April 1, 1882, in assisting to rescue, under a heavy fire, Private Leonard, who was wounded.

Frisco-Santa Fe Dining Car Service.

The traveler between St. Louis and Texas made happy. The Frisco-Santa Fe managements have established elegant new dining car service between Talihina, I. T., and Dallas, Tex., for trains 5 and 6. St. Louis and Texas (Vestibuled) Fast Limited—serving dinner and supper south bound; breakfast and dinner north bound, "a la carte." This dining car service will be operated and controlled by the well-known caterer, Mr. Fred Harvey, proprietor of the popular Santa Fe hotel and dining hall system. Train No. 5, Texas Limited, leaves St. Louis daily at 8:30 p. m.

For tickets, berths and further particulars call at company ticket office, No. 101 North Broadway, or Union Station, St. Louis, or address D. Wishart, General Passenger Agent, St. Louis, Mo.

Receiver for a Steel Company.

ANDERSON, Ind., Aug. 25.—On the application of the Missouri Furnace Co. of St. Louis a receiver was appointed last night for the Union Steel Co. of this place. Thomas K. Aiken, Assistant Treasurer, was named. The company was incorporated two years ago for $1,500,000, and the claim is made that $1,000,000 has been expended. Col. C. A. McNair of St. Louis, President of the company, is Secretary of the Missouri Furnace Co.

$12—FOR THE ROUND TRIP—$12.

Wabash Special Excursion to Charlevoix, Petoskey, Harbor Springs

OR MACKINAC ISLAND, AUGUST 26, 1896, via Chicago and steamer Manitou. Tickets good on evening train of Wednesday, August 26, 1896; limited for return to and including September 5, 1896. Ticket office, southeast corner Broadway and Olive, and Union Station.

Trial of the Steamer Brooklyn.

BOSTON, Mass., Aug. 25.—The Brooklyn was given a trial under forced draft over the official course between Cape Ann and Cape Porpoise yesterday. The average speed for the trip of 83 knots was 20.97 knts an hour. For each quarter knot above this speed the builders are to receive a bonus of $50,000. The official trial will take place Wednesday, when it is believed she will make 21½ knots.

Doctors and Lawyers Use

X L Headache Wafers; they are best.

Abducted a Child.

AURORA, Ill., Aug. 25.—J. W. Bowen, alias Brown, a man about 35 years old, was arrested here for abducting a 13-year-old girl named Annie McKinnie from her home in Springfield. Bowen was arrested once before for the crime, but escaped.

Even the hair suffers from modern ways by growing thin and faded. Parker's Hair Balsam brings new hair with the old color and life.

HE PUNCHED THE COMEDIAN'S MUG.

CHOUTEAU SCOTT FIGHTS FOR A CHORUS GIRL.

MILL AT KOERNER'S GARDEN.

Herbert Salinger, Who Sings Comedy Roles, and a Well-Known Society Man Join Issues.

A red-hot fight over a woman enlivened matters at Koerner's Garden Monday night just after the show was over.

Herbert Salinger, the comedian of the Al Fresco Opera Company, and Chouteau Scott, a well-known young society man, quarreled about the affections of Clio Vernon, a blonde chorus girl, who has been playing havoc with the hearts of the "Johnnies." When the fight was over Salinger had a beautiful black eye, and Scott was minus some of the cuticle from his nose.

Miss Vernon is Herbert Salinger's best girl. They have been very chummy since the season opened at Koerner's.

Scott, who is called "Scotty" by the girls in the chorus, has been a familiar figure at the garden since the show started. He was looked upon as a "good Indian," spent his money freely with the girls, and was popular. It didn't take him long to tumble to Miss Vernon's charms.

Wherever Miss Vernon was it was safe to say that "Scotty" was not far away. Their names were so often coupled by members of the company that Salinger learned which way the wind was blowing and resolved to watch the young society lady-killer.

Those at the garden who claim to know say that Salinger followed the couple down town more than once after the show was over.

Monday night young Scott was at the garden as usual and broke several bottles of beer with Miss Vernon, according to the custom out there.

At 11 o'clock he escorted Miss Vernon to the gate. They were about to step on the car when Salinger came out.

"Where are you going, Clio?" he said.

"Who's going to take you home?"

"Why, only Scotty," replied the dashing Clio.

Salinger intimated that "Scotty" could go about his business or some place else.

The audience was just filing out of the garden and the quarrel took place in the midst of a crowd.

Hot words passed, and all at once Scott made a rush for Salinger. He forced him back through a crowd of excited men and screaming women into the garden.

They fought all over the driveway.

Scotty did good work with his fists, landing repeatedly on Salinger's face.

He forced the singer back against a post and gave him a final punch for luck and walked away.

Miss Vernon looked on, but made no outcry.

The fight caused all kinds of excitement in the garden. Members of the company and visitors to the garden who were seated at the tables when the trouble began, crowded around the men.

James W. Gurville and Jack Shields, the tenors of the company, tried several times to rescue Salinger, and came near being pasted by the enraged Scotty for their pains.

Salinger's eye is badly discolored and his face is not so shapely as it was before the fight. Scott escaped injury except for a scratch on his nose.

"Scotty" went home after the encounter and Salinger escorted Miss Vernon down town.

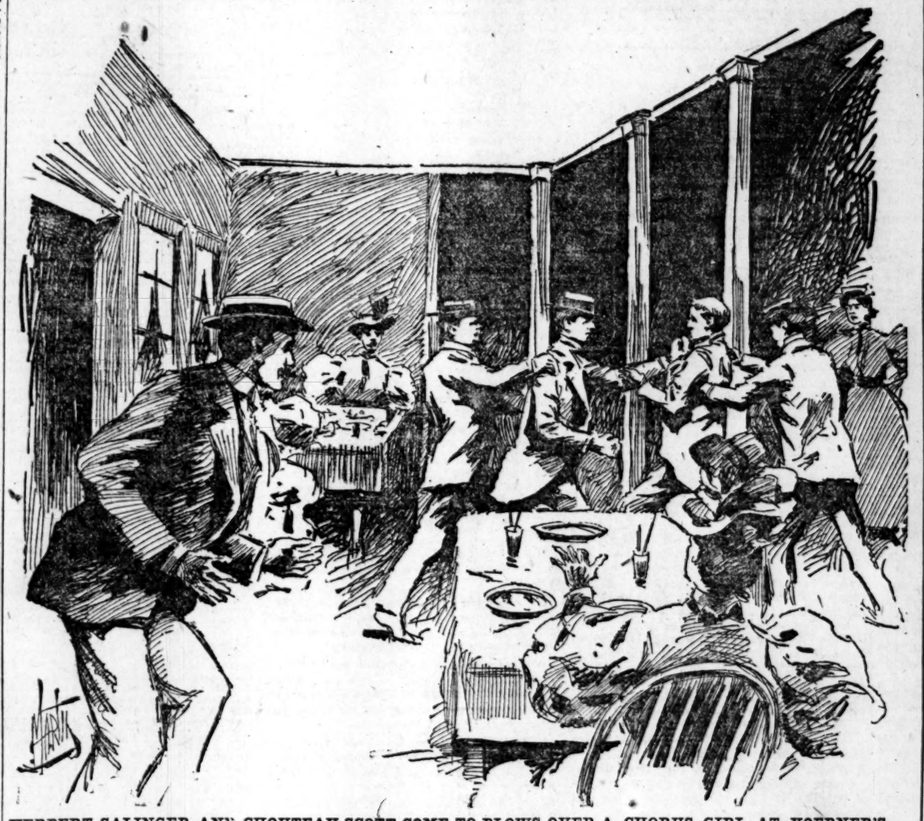
Miss Helen Salinger, also a member of the company and the comedian's sister, created a scene after the fight.

She grew hysterical and wanted to have a little go with Miss Vernon. She says she will not sing Tuesday night if Miss Vernon is permitted to go on.

Young Scott is well-known in society circles. He is a nephew of Rufus J. Lackland, President of the Boatmen's Bank.

Must Not Rob the Veterans.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., Aug. 25.—At the request of Gov. Smith of the Soldiers' Home the Sheriff yesterday closed up four joints near the Home by emptying the liquors out and burning the fixtures. The veterans to the number of 2,000 receive their pensions to-day and this action was necessary to prevent their being robbed by the thugs and thieves connected with the joints.



HERBERT SALINGER AND CHOUTEAU SCOTT COME TO BLOWS OVER A CHORUS GIRL AT KOERNER'S GARDEN.

SUNSTROKE AND SUICIDE.

Herman Schalp, a Heat Victim, Blew His Brains Out.

The report of a pistol shot at 8 a. m. Tuesday startled Mrs. Herman Schalp of 3414 Cherokee street. She searched the house and found the dead body of her husband on a bed in a rear room. There was a bullet hole in his temple and a stream of blood was dripping on the floor as his head lay back on the pillow.

Death had been almost instantaneous, as it was but a few seconds from the time the shot was fired until Mrs. Schalp was in the room. He was then dead.

Schalp was 39 years old and a laborer. He was overcome by the heat Aug. 15, and since then has been mentally unbalanced and sick. Despondency over his condition is supposed to have been the cause for the act.

An inquest will be held by the Coroner Wednesday at the residence.

WANTS HIS SALOON BACK.

Martin Stretch Has Trouble With His Wife and Relatives.

Martin Stretch had a wife and happy family, a saloon and the respect of his neighbors a week ago. Now he is almost a pauper.

Last Friday he was arrested by request of his wife, who charged him with disturbing her peace. The case was called for trial before Judge Murphy Monday, and only the State's evidence was heard.

While he was in court his father-in-law swore out a landlord's summons and took possession of the saloon on Florissant avenue, opposite Calvary Cemetery. When Stretch returned he was barred from entering the saloon and his own home. Stretch has employed an Attorney to see what can be done to get the saloon back.

ABANDONED HIS WHEEL.

Bicyclist Knocked Down a Lady and Took to His Heels.

After running into and knocking down a lady a badly frightened bicyclist took to his heels and left his wheel where it had fallen.

At 9 p. m. Monday a young man riding a wheel collided with Mrs. Allen McFerlon in front of 1525 Franklin avenue. In falling she received a slight wound on the forehead.

When he saw the blood the young man abandoned his wheel and ran. Mrs. McFerlon's wound was dressed by Dr. J. H. Parker at 1408 Franklin avenue, and she went to her home at 1527 Franklin avenue. The bicycle is awaiting the owner at the Third District Police Station. When the young man calls for it he will probably be arrested at the request of the injured woman.



Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills, which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge, that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, laxatives or other remedies are then not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.

LI HUNG CHANG'S ARRIVAL.

He Will Be Welcomed in the Lower Bay by the War Vessels.

NEW YORK, Aug. 25.—The Herald this morning says:

Arrangements are being completed to give Li Hung Chang a royal welcome on his arrival on the St. Louis in the lower bay on Friday next. It has been decided by the Navy Department that nineteen guns constitutes the proper salute to the Chinese statesman. The details of his reception by the fleet have been left entirely with Admiral Bunce. Li, it is understood, will go aboard one of the vessels of the fleet, while the others will act as an escort. The naval demonstration, as at present contemplated, will only cover the day of Li's arrival. On Friday morning the fleet will move down the bay, and, taking position, will await the arrival of the St. Louis. Li will then be taken aboard one of the war vessels. As the vessel passes by each ship will run to the foretruck the imperial colors of China and will fire a salute.

The Chinese Ambassador will be received by Mayor Strong, acting in his official capacity as the chief magistrate of the city of New York, on Tuesday next at the Merchants' Club, of which the Mayor is a member. It has been arranged that Monday will be Brooklyn's day for receiving the distinguished Chinaman. The Mayor, after receiving Li in the Merchants' Club, will drive him up town under an escort of national guards of the State of New York. Li will receive the various regiments and watch their drills and maneuvers. He will then be treated to a display of the evolutions of New York's firemen, who will parade with their engines, tenders and hook and ladder trucks.

The distinguished visitor will be tendered a dinner at the Merchants' Club, where he will be the guest of the Mayor and Gen. Fitzgerald. After witnessing the drill of the firemen, Li will have a chance to see an exhibition of the workings of the various city departments, including the Department of Public Works and the Department of Street Cleaning. He will, of course, be presented to the official heads of the various city departments.

All Chinatown will have a chance to see Li Hung Chang. On the afternoon of Tuesday, Sept. 1, the Viceroy, accompanied by his suite and escorted by the regulars of the United States Army, will make his public entry into the Chinese quarter.

The intimation received by Li from Pekin that he cut short his travels in the West has given rise to the report that his presence in the Chinese capital is needed at this time to put a stop to the activity of those officials who have since his departure been plotting his downfall. This, however, is not thought in well-informed quarters to be the reason for Li's practical recall. It is the commercial treaty with Japan that requires the Viceroy's immediate attention.

Michigan Bank Closed.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Aug. 25.—The State Bank, owned by Church & Son, at Lowell, twenty miles from this city, closed its doors. No statement has been made, but the deposits are estimated at $35,000 to $40,000, including $2,000 village funds.

Avoid sunstroke and heat prostration by taking Belcher Water Baths.

Frank McDonald's Murderer.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Aug. 25.—A man has been arrested here who is thought to be "Nick" Hanes, wanted in St. Louis for the murder of Frank McDonald.

Hotel Metropolitan, St. Paul, is the favorite resort for tourists. The choice location, accommodations, table and service and option of European or American plan. Finest cafe in the city.

VISITORS IN THE CITY.

T. A. Allday and W. S. Carlow, merchants of Atlanta, Tex., are late arrivals at the Laclede.

J. C. Pointer, business man of Moberly, Mo., is registered at the Laclede.

John M. Irwin, merchant of Freeport, Ill., is at the Laclede.

E. O. Hunt, merchant of Webster, Mo., is at Hurst's.

Mark Stopner of Longwood, La., is registered at Hurst's.

Frank Rozier of St. Mary's, Mo., is a guest at Hurst's.

J. H. Rodes, business man of Sedalia, Mo., is stopping at Hurst's.

J. S. Stopter, one of the leading merchants of Tahlequah, I. T., accompanied by his wife, is registered at the Southern.

F. F. Downs, prominent business man of Temple, Tex., is a guest at the Southern.

M. Coats, cotton factor of Memphis, Tenn., is registered at the Southern.

W. C. Harty, merchant of Paragould, Ark., is at the Southern.

B. B. Lang of Omaha is a late arrival at the Planters'.

H. McMurchy, business man of Syracuse, N. Y., is registered at the Planters'.

F. W. Ellis of Kansas City is registered at the Planters'.

E. H. Knight of Newport, La., is at the Planters'.

J. W. Barnett of Sedalia, Mo., is at the Planters'.

E. H. Jones, merchant of Pulaski, Tenn., is at the Lindell.

M. D. McGrath and J. W. Armstrong, merchants of Brookhaven, Miss., are registered at the Lindell.

L. D. Bronson and Gus Jones, merchants of Newport, Ark., are late arrivals at the Lindell.

W. E. English, one of the leading business men of Shreveport, La., is at the Lindell.

W. B. Groseclose, one of the leading merchants of Houston, Tex., is at the St. Nicholas.

P. F. Munsey of Boston is stopping at the St. Nicholas.

Thos. T. Crittenden of Chicago is registered at the St. Nicholas.

N. Glick, New York business man, is at the St. Nicholas.

$250,000 To Be Given Away

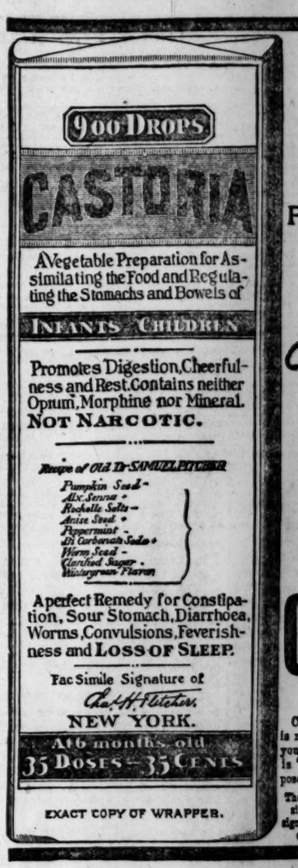
this year in valuable articles to smokers of

Blackwell's Genuine Durham Tobacco



You will find one coupon inside each 2-ounce bag, and two coupons inside each 4-ounce bag. Buy a bag, read the coupon and see how to get your share.

The Best Smoking Tobacco Made



A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed
Alx. Senna
Rochelle Salts
Anise Seed
Peppermint
Bi Carbonate Soda
Worm Seed
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

SEE THAT THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE —OF— Chas. H. Fletcher IS ON THE WRAPPER OF EVERY BOTTLE OF CASTORIA

Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow anyone to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose." See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

"THE BEST IS, AYE, THE CHEAPEST. AVOID IMITATIONS OF AND SUBSTITUTES FOR SAPOLIO



MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE" This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples, Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Consumption. It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhœa and all the horrors of Impotency. CUPIDENE cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities.

BEFORE AND AFTER

CUPIDENE strengthens and restores small weak organs.

The reason sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because ninety per cent are troubled with Prostatitis. CUPIDENE is the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if six boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, six for $5.00, by mail. Send for FREE circular and testimonials.

Address DAVOL MEDICINE CO., P. O. Box 2076, San Francisco, Cal. For Sale by JUDGE & DOLPH, N. E. Cor. 7th and Locust sts., and S. E. Cor. 4th and Market sts.

Races. This is Ladies' Day! Races.

FAIR GROUNDS TO-DAY.

SIX STRONGLY FILLED RACES! A SPLENDID BETTING CARD!

RACING BEGINS 2:30 O'CLOCK.

ADMISSION, INCLUDING GRAND STAND.....$1.00

LADIES, WITH ESCORT, ADMITTED FREE.

AMUSEMENTS.

UHRIC'S CAVE. TO-NIGHT, AND ALL THIS WEEK, An Evening With the Spirits. KEENE, the Magician In his Superb Entertainment of MIRTH AND MYSTERY. 25, 50, 75c—PRICES—25, 50, 75c.

HAVLIN'S Matinee to-day at 2. Best Seats 25c. Matinees Tues., Thurs., Sat. and Sun. 25c Matinee To-Day at 2 25c COON HOLLOW. Next Sunday Matinee—Gus Heege, "A Yenuine Yentleman."

HOPKINS GRAND OPERA HOUSE COOLEST THEATER IN THE CITY.... frohman's Success— LOST PARADISE. VAUDEVILLE—5 Fredericks, Macart's Dogs and Monkeys, Pete Baker and others. 10-20-30c

RACING AT SOUTH SIDE PARK TO-DAY. FREE.

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

MISSOURI MILITARY ACADEMY

A high class school for boys. New Buildings. Healthy location. Thorough Preparatory, Scientific, and Collegiate work. Special courses in Languages. U. S. Army officer in charge of Military Department. Strict discipline but kindly home care and influence. For Catalogue address Col. A. F. FLEET, Mexico, Missouri.

NOTE OUR PRICES.

Forest Park University for Women.

Lindell blue car passes door. Tuition, $25 to $40 half term. Krouser, Watson, Parisi, 19 teachers. Call Mon., Sat., p. m. Anna Sneed Cairns, Pres.

EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTE, 900-912 S. Ninth St.

A training school for boys. Prepares for business and college. Physical training and modern languages. Strict discipline is a prominent feature of the school. Term begins Sept. 7. For catalogue apply to J. TOENSFELDT, Principal.

NOTRE DAME OF MARYLAND.

College for Young Ladies and Preparatory School for Girls. Regular and elective courses. Music and Art specialties. Conducted by School Sisters of Notre Dame, Charles st. av., Baltimore, Md.

Your Faith to Post-Dispatch Wants.....

EMPLOYMENT GROUPING.



To the North Pole in a Balloon

Is what Andree is going to attempt. This looks like a wild-eyed scheme, but P.-D. Wants wish him success.

Success and P.-D. Wants Are Synonymous.

P.-D. Wants always get what they go after.

Any Drug Store in St. Louis is authorized to receive Advertisements and Subscriptions for the Post-Dispatch. The Post-Dispatch has Three Special Telephones exclusively for handling this business.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.
20 words or less, 5c.

BAKER—Wanted, a position by young man with 5 months' experience in a bakery. Add. C. B., 1424A Blair av.

BAKER—Wanted, situation by young first-class bread and cake baker; strictly sober; country town only. Add. Box 194, Marion, Ill.

BARTENDER—Wanted, situation as assistant bartender; 3 years' experience; can furnish best of references from first-class downtown place. Ad. H 792, this office.

BARTENDER—Wanted, situation by first-class bartender; Chicago references. Ad. D 783, this office.

BARKEEPER—Wanted, a job as barkeeper; have tended bar off and on for 10 years; can give references. Ad. J. F. Williams, 829 Morgan st.

BOY—Boy of 18 wishes a position to learn a good trade. Ad. 2811 N. 10th st.

BOY—Wanted, situation of some kind by boy of 17 living with parents; handy with advertising matter. Ad. R., 5749 Garfield av.

BOOKKEEPER—Books examined and corrected for a percentage of money actually realized through errors discovered. Ad. L 787, this office.

BOOK-KEEPER—Wanted, situation as book-keeper or office man by an expert accountant; A1 references and bond; work guaranteed. Chas. E. Hazard, 1735 Morgan st.

BOOK-KEEPER—Experienced man wants position as book-keeper, cashier or general office work; city references; aged 28; bond if required. Add. R 773, this office.

BOOK-KEEPER—Wanted, by an experienced bookkeeper, set of books to post evenings. Add. O 788, this office.

BOOK-KEEPER—Wanted, situation as book-keeper, cashier, accountant or office man; competent and reliable; 12 years' experience; references. Add. G. D. A. 5156A Minerva av.

BRICKLAYER—A practical non-union bricklayer, 18 years' experience, wants work at 35 cents per hour, or 30 cents and steady job. Ad. F 787, this office.

CARPENTER—Good carpenter wants jobbing; will work for $1.50 a day or by the job; repairs furniture. Address Carpenter, 309 N. 12th st.

COLLECTOR—Wanted, situation by a good, reliable gentleman with his own horse and buggy, to collect or anything else. Ad. G 792, this office.

COLLECTOR—Wanted, situation as collector; thoroughly posted in all forms of collections; horse and buggy; city reference; guarantee satisfaction. Ad. M 791, this office.

COLECTOR—Wanted, by young man, position as collector or clerk in office; good reference. Ad. W 787, this office.

COACHMAN—Wanted, situation as coachman or gardener by middle-aged Englishman; first-class references. H. H., 3634 Clark av.

COACHMAN—Situation wanted as coachman and general work in private family by German; competent, reliable; long experience; good all-around man; city reference. Add. B 779, this office.

CUTTER—Custom cutter, first class, wants position. Ad. S 787, this office.

CUTTER—On ladies' custom garments, best New York references, wants position; competent. Ad. R 787, this office.

DRAUGHTSMAN will pay $10 to party procuring him position where he can make himself generally useful at small pay. Add. Moser, 8 N. 14th street.

DESIGNER—On ladies' cloaks, waists and suits wants position; talent and experience. Ad. P 787, this office.

DRIVER—A man of family wants work; good driver; understands care of horses; would like charge of private stables; ref. if required. Add. E 791, this office.

MAN—Wanted, position of any kind by young man, 21; best of references. Ad. F 792, this office.

MAN—Situation wanted by colored man to take care of horse and cow and work around house. Ad. S. B., 1817 Ohio av.

MAN—Situation wanted by white man, honest, sober, industrious, to attend horses, rigs, cows, garden, lawn, etc.; best city references. Ad. B 784, this office.

MAN AND WIFE—Good cooks, want a place in or out of city; best of references. Ad. 2113 N. 12th st.

MAN—Wanted, situation by married man, steady work of any kind; in warehouse preferred. Ad. J. B. A., 3311 N. 9th st.

MAN—Young man, an F. C. B., well educated, highest references, stranger in city, must have work; would like situation where industry and fidelity would be appreciated. Ad. K 792, this office.

MAN—Wanted, by middle-aged man, steady, sober, willing and reliable, general work around private place; city reference. Ad. S 788, this office.

MAN—Wanted, by middle-aged man, work around private place; understands milking and the care of horses. Ad. B 791, this office.

MAN—Experienced German hardware and stove man desires position; salary moderate; highest references. Add. Hardware, 2824½ Dayton st.

MAN—Married man wants work of any kind; driving team or any kind of labor; best reference. Ad. A. B., 413 S. 14th st.

MAN—Middle-aged man, experienced with horses and cows, wishes a private place; best of references. Add. C 791, this office.

MAN AND WIFE—Wanted, situations by man and wife; wife first-class cook and laundress; man as coachman and generally useful around house. Add. S 791, this office.

MAN—Wanted, situation by young man 18 years old; work of some kind. Ad. K. A. K., 2862 Texas av.

MAN—Wanted, situation by young man to tend horse, cow, garden, etc.; good ref. Add. G 788, this office.

MAN AND WIFE—Wanted, situation by man and wife; woman is good cook; man general work; temperate and reliable. Ad. L 791, this office.

MAN—Wanted, situation by young German to tend horses; good driver; willing to work; city ref. Add. J. P., 324 S. 14th st.

MAN—Wanted, situation by experienced office man in any kind of office; A1 reference. Add. P 776, this office.

PORTER—A middle-aged German wishes a place as porter. Ad. D 791, this office.

PAINTER—Painter and paperhanger wants work by job; work cheap and good. Address Painter, 1528 Franklin av.

STENOGRAPHER—Competent stenographer (five years' experience), possessing knowledge bookkeeping and desirous of being generally useful, desires situation. Ad. T 790, this office.

STENOGRAPHER—Wanted, situation by first-class stenographer; railroad, bank, etc.; experienced; capacity 100 letters per day; best references. Ad. N 787, this office.

SALESMAN—Wanted, situation by a first-class merchant tailoring salesman; good references. J. O. Lock, 1415 Washington av.

SALESMAN—Experienced traveling salesman wants city position; is a practical bookkeeper, general officeman or manager; refs. Add. W 788, this office.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.
20 words or less, 5c.

TEAMSTER—Wanted, situation by young colored man as teamster, porter or job work. Spear, 3328½ Franklin av.

WATCHMAN—Wanted, situation as night watchman or clerk in hotel or rooming-house; city reference; small salary. Ad. M 791, this office.

YOUNG MAN—Wants situation; speaks German and English; can give good references. Ad. P 791, this office.

YOUNG MAN—Of good education wishes position in office, store, etc.; able and willing to work. Ad. T 787, this office.

YOUNG MAN—Situation wanted by young man to work around boiler and engine or electric plant; has had experience in that line; references given. Ad. P 790, this office.

$3.00 UP—Pants to order. Mesrits Tailoring Co., 219 N. 8th st., cor. Olive, 2d floor.

$12.50 UP—Suits and overcoats to order. Mesrits Tailoring Co., 8th and Olive.

HELP WANTED—MALE.
14 words or less, 10c.

BARTENDER WANTED—Apply, not before 8 p. m., at 2832 Easton av.

BOYS WANTED—2 bright boys 17 to 18 years old; state wages wanted and ad. M 792, this office.

BOY WANTED—Boy aged 16 to 18, with some experience in dry goods; answer with specimen of handwriting and references. Add. H 788, this office.

BOY WANTED—Will learn boy engraving for his services; one who has had some experience in drawing preferred. Atkins Bros., 513 Pine st.

COOK WANTED—Manhattan Restaurant, 2112 Olive st.

COOK WANTED—Man cook. 1030 Clark av.

COLLECTOR WANTED—An all-around man as collector; must write a fair hand and be a willing worker. Ad. M 787, this office.

FREE treatment for all private, blood and rectal diseases General Dispensary, 1408 Franklin av.

HORSESHOER WANTED—Man to shoe on his own hook in general blacksmith shop. Ad. O 790, this office.

MAN WANTED—Young man of third or fourth High School, who is able to instruct a boy for second. Ad. E 787, this office.

MEN WANTED—You can learn a trade in 8 weeks; we teach the barber trade thoroughly and furnish situations to graduates; set of high-grade tools donated; catalogue free. Moler's Barber College, 819 N. 9th st.

MEN WANTED—Good man in every city or town of 500 population and over to represent us in our advertising department; 3 years' work; $40 to $125 monthly, according to territory; apply at once, with reference and five 2c stamps, for instructions and full particulars. The Emerson Sarsaparilla Co., Room 4, Humboldt Building, Kansas City, Mo.

PRINTER WANTED—Job printer; steady work; state qualifications and wages expected. Ad. L 792, this office.

SALESMEN WANTED—Few first-class, experienced salesmen; able to handle first-class specialty; new and absolutely no competition. Royal Scroll Co., Equitable Building.

SOLICITORS WANTED—60 solicitors for September; $125 per month; easy and pleasant; reference. Kinney, Box 216, Anna, Ill.

TEAMSTERS WANTED—Teamsters for gravel wagons. Apply at stable in rear of 3327 Park av.

TEAMS—Wanted, 30 teams, large beds, 20th and Howard; 7 blocks to haul; 20c a load; also men to shovel. John A. Lynch.

WAITER WANTED—A man waiter in restaurant. 1320 Franklin av.

YARDMAN WANTED—At Ande Auer's Garden, Grand and Magnolia avs., opposite Tower Grove Park.

RUBICAM SHORTHAND COLLEGE

701-2-3 Union Trust Building, 7th and Olive sts.; we qualify our graduates for the best paying positions; thorough course by mail.

Perkins & Herpel's
MERCANTILE COLLEGE
Cor. 4th Street and Washington Ave., ST. LOUIS, MO.
INDIVIDUAL INSTRUCTION
Given in Bookkeeping, Penmanship, Shorthand, Typewriting, Grammar, Arithmetic, Etc.
CALL OR WRITE FOR CATALOGUE.
Day and Night School opens Sept. 7.

STOVE REPAIRS.

Castings and repairs for stoves and ranges of every description. A. G. Brauer, 219 Locust st.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.
20 words or less, 5c.

BOOK-KEEPER—Wanted, position by young lady as assistant book-keeper and stenographer; experienced; can furnish A1 reference. Add. M 788, this office.

CASHIER—A young lady of refinement and education is very anxious to work; cashier, saleslady or writing of any kind. Ad. C 792, this office.

COOK—Wanted, situation by colored woman to general housework or cook; references. Apply at 2727 Wash st.

COOK—Wanted, situation as first-class cook. 1805 Washington av.

COOK—Situation wanted by middle-aged woman, city or country; cooking only. 1412 Wash st.

COOK—Situation wanted by first-class colored girl to do cooking; no washing or ironing. Call or address 1318 N. 8th st.

COOK—German lady, good cook and seamstress, wants position in small family; no washing. Ad. B 787, this office.

COOK—A good cook would like situation; also a man to work around the house. 1236 N. High st.

COOK—Wanted, situation by a first-class cook, capable of taking full charge, or as second or carver. 1117 Pine st.

COOK—Wanted, situation by an experienced cook; willing to assist with washing and ironing; in private family. 2221 Lucas av.

COOK—Wanted, situation by an experienced cook, city or country; reference. 1823 Coleman st.

CHAMBERMAID—I want chamberwork or care of furnished rooms. Ad. D 787, this office.

DRESSMAKER—Wanted, infants' outfits to make. Ad. E 790, this office.

FOREWOMAN—Wanted, position as forewoman by a reliable business woman in manufacturing establishment; A No. 1 reference. Add. O 771, this office.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.
20 words or less, 5c.

GIRL—Wanted, situation by German girl to do upstairs work or assist in general work in small family. Call at 1500 Olive st.

GIRL—Wanted, situation by Protestant girl of 15, living near Jefferson av., to take care of a baby for the afternoon; speaks German and English. Ad. F. L., 2735 Allen av.

HOUSEGIRL—Wanted, situation by a good German girl; general housework with small family. 2611A Madison st.

HOUSEGIRL—Competent housegirl would like situation in nice family; best references. 3609 Cozzens av.

HOUSEGIRL—Wanted, situation by young lady to do general housework in small family. Address 1547 S. Broadway, upstairs; no postals.

HOUSEGIRL—Wanted, situation as housegirl. 1853 S. 14th st.

HOUSEGIRL—A good, honest girl 16 years old wants situation to assist with housework. Apply at 4004 Lee av.

HOUSEKEEPER—Wanted, situation by middle-aged lady as housekeeper for widower, having a comfortable home. Add. H 787, this office.

HOUSEGIRL—Wanted, situation by competent girl for general work; neat plain cook, good laundress; must be a small family and a good, steady place and kind treatment; prefer someone who will pay by the week; wages, $12 to $14. Call in the morning at 1424 Washington av.

LAUNDRESS—Wanted, washing, to go out or take home. 2222 Clark av.

LAUNDRESS—Wanted, washing to take home. 1325 N. 7th st.

LAUNDRESS—Wanted, washing and ironing at home or will go out by the day. 1510 S. 13th.

LAUNDRESS—Wanted, by woman with good references two first days of the week, washing and ironing. Apply 2714 Chouteau av., rear.

LAUNDRESS—Wanted, situation to do washing and ironing by the day, at home or go out, by a colored girl. 204 Targee st.

LAUNDRESS—Woman wants washing to take home or go out by the day. 4004 Lucky st.

LAUNDRESS—Wanted, washing to take home and will go out by the day. 2642 Washington av.

LAUNDRESS—Wanted, to take in washing or any other work. 2324 Dodier st.

NURSEGIRL—Wanted, situation as nursegirl. Call at 1421 N. 23d st.

NURSE—Wanted, situation by a young, healthy woman as wet nurse at 1510 Elliot.

NURSE—Wanted, situation as wet nurse. Apply 3509 Manchester.

NURSEGIRL—Young girl, 16, wishes a position as nurse for 1 or 2 children or light housework. 2811 N. 10th st.

SALESLADY—Wanted, situation by a young lady as saleslady or assistant book-keeper; has some experience. Ad. 4257 Vista av.

SEAMSTRESS—First-class seamstress desires a few more engagements; children's clothes a specialty. Call or write Seamstress, 1325 S. 8th st.

STENOGRAPHER—1st-class lady stenographer desires position on or before Sept. 1; moderate salary. Ad. W 787, this office.

WOMAN—A woman would like position in restaurant. 108 Loughborough av.

WOMAN—Wanted, situation by settled woman to do general light housework, without washing and ironing; good references. Ad. G 787, this office.

WOMAN—Wanted, situation by a young colored woman in family of 2 or 3. Call or address 2302½ Franklin av.

WOMAN—Young woman with small child will do general housework for board and room. Ad. L 790, this office.

YOUNG LADY—Stylish young lady would like position in the Ex. or in an office. Ad. R 790, this office.

STOVE REPAIRS.

Repairs for stoves and ranges of every description. Jos. Forshaw, 111 N. 12th st.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.
14 words or less, 10c.

COOK WANTED—Cook in a small family. 825 N. Taylor av.

COOK WANTED—For small family. 2812 Lucas av., 1st floor.

COOK WANTED—Woman to cook and wash at 1718 Mississippi av., near Lafayette Park.

COOK WANTED—Girl to cook and do general housework. 3731 Laclede av.

COOK WANTED—Competent girl for cooking and general housework; references required. Apply at 3808 Washington av.

COOK WANTED—Girl to cook and do general housework. 1326 Hickory st.

COOK WANTED—A good cook, washer and ironer. Apply 4211 Pine st.

COOK WANTED—Girl to cook, wash and iron. 5551 Chamberlain av.

COOK WANTED—An experienced girl to cook, wash and iron; city refs.; pay good wages. 3651 Cook av.

COOK WANTED—Strong, settled woman to cook, wash and iron for small family. Call at once, with references, at 4252 McPherson av.

COOK WANTED—A girl to cook, wash and iron at 3416 Chestnut st.

CASHIER WANTED—Young lady as cashier and finisher for tintype gallery. Apply to D. Hotwater, Shooting-the-Chutes, Grand av. and Hebert st.

DISHWASHER WANTED—A woman dishwasher who will do scrubbing at restaurant 1012 Locust.

GIRL WANTED—A girl to make herself useful; no washing. 5217 Page av.

GIRL WANTED—Good German girl at once. 3219 Olive st.

GIRL WANTED—A half-grown colored girl for general housework. 4443 West Belle pl.

GIRL WANTED—Dining-room girl. 1621½ Franklin av.

GIRL WANTED—Young girl for upstairs and dining-room work. 3010 Olive st.

GIRL WANTED—Girl or middle-aged woman to assist at housework. Call 1129 St. Ange av.

GIRL WANTED—Girl for cooking and general housework. Call at 4419 Morgan st.

GIRL WANTED—Girl to sew on machine and by hand on top coats. 1119 N. 24th st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework. Apply at 3237 Harper st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A girl for general housework; three adults in family. 4101 Maryland av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework. 4232 Westminster pl.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework, cook wash and iron. 4904 Fountain av. Suburban cars.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A good German girl for general housework. 2847 Gamble st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good German girl to assist in general housework. 3031 Dickson.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good German girl for general housework; good wages. 2836 Clark.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework. Apply at 3129 Lemp av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good housegirl; to assist with washing. 3815 Washington av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A girl to do general housework for a family of 2. Apply Wednesday morning between 10 and 12 at 4126 Maryland av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Strong girl for general housework. Call at 2744 Lafayette av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—German girl for general housework at 2200 N. 10th st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A good housegirl. 2002 Lafayette av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A reliable girl to cook, wash and iron. 3802 Arsenal st., opposite Tower Grove Park.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework; small family. 3854 Windsor pl.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good girl for general housework; good wages. 5478 Page av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A young girl for light housework. 4153 N. Grand av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework. Apply after 7 p. m. at 4551A Delmar av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Young girl for housework and assist in store; no washing. 1500 Market st.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.
14 words or less, 10c.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Young girl for general housework; no washing. Apply 3732 N. 11th st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A girl for light housework; no children. Inquire 3646 Flad av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework. 3637 Finney av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework in a small family. 2222 Sidney st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good white girl for general housework; good wages paid. 3406 Chestnut.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework; good cook; references. 5744 Clemens av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A good girl for general housework; German preferred; small family. 5088 Minerva av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework. 4112 S. Broadway.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for housework; small family; good home. 3890A Windsor pl.

HOUSEKEEPER WANTED—Working housekeeper for 4-room flat by young widow employed during the day; one who will care for child 7 years old during day. Ad. E 792, this office.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A girl to assist in doing housework in a small family. 2730 Madison st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework. 3307 Chestnut st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—German girl for general housework in small family; good pay. 2715 Franklin av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A good girl for general housework and cooking; small family. 1301 St. Ange av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A good girl for general housework in a family of 2. 1103 N. Compton.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Young girl to do housework in small family; no washing; good wages. 3892A Windsor pl.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework; no washing. 1500 S. 11th st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework; ref. required. 4131 McPherson av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A good girl for general housework. 2818 Washington.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A girl for general housework. 5181½ N. Vandeventer av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good German girl for general housework; good wages. 2342 Eugenia.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Experienced German girl for general housework in family of 2; references required. Apply Wednesday at 4515 McMillan.

HOUSEKEEPER—Wanted, housekeeper to take charge of a small cottage and two children; parents employed during day; give reference. Add. M 790, this office.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A young girl for general housework; no washing. 1817 S. Broadway.

LAUNDRESS WANTED—A laundress. Call Woman's Hospital, 16th and Pine.

LAUNDRESS WANTED—German woman Wednesday and Thursday; steady work. Call at once at 3014 Chestnut st.

NURSEGIRL WANTED—Good nursegirl, about 15 years. 1120 Morrison av.

NURSEGIRL WANTED—4004 Forest Park boulevard, one block south of Laclede av.

WAITRESSES WANTED—2 first-class waitresses; must speak German. 413 Morgan st.

WOMAN WANTED—Competent woman for general housework. 5548 Chamberlain av.

WOMAN WANTED—A good, reliable woman to take charge of rooming-house, to room or board. 1416 Washington av.

WOMAN WANTED—Elderly woman for general housework; colored preferred. 4139 Lucky st.

WOMAN WANTED—Woman for general housework, who can scrub and clean windows. 811 Locust st.

GOLD AND SILVER

Plating and repairing in all its branches; elegant work; low prices; watches, opera glasses, church utensils, gold-plated; new knives, forks, spoons, etc., retailed at first cost; cash for old gold, silver and duplicate gold and silver presents; we are manufacturers' refinery. Established 1872. Samuel L. Downing & Co., 210 N. 7th st.

AGENTS WANTED.
14 words or less, 20c.

BIG money in latest campaign and comic buttons. 500 kinds. Bottom prices. Box samples for dime. Campaign Supply Co., 94 Arch st., Boston, Mass.

SOLICITOR WANTED—Experienced solicitor for job printing; big commission. Wilson, Printer, 1320 Olive st.

PARTNERS WANTED.
14 words or less, 20c.

PARTNER—Wanted, man with $125 as partner in established office business. Room 303, 708½ Pine.

BUSINESS CHANCES.
14 words or less, 20c.

BUSINESS—$85 average weekly net income with $250 invested; safe, conservative; prospectus, proofs free. F. Daly, 1293 Broadway, New York.

BUSINESS FOR SALE.
14 words or less, 20c.

MEAT MARKET—For sale, meat market, with horse and wagon. Corner Blair av. and Biddle st.

SALOONS—We have two saloons in Shannon Co., Mo., for sale; both are well located and doing a fine business and are the only saloons in the county; owner has made enough money at it to go into the banking business and will sell cheap. Ad. Richards & Raymond, Birch Tree, Mo.

A RARE CHANCE
To Step Into an Established Business of Ten Years' Standing.

Manufacturers of grocers' sundries and staple goods—Ill health causes me to offer my business for sale, or exchange for real estate. Incorporated with $10,000 capital, half paid; no debts. For particulars call at 822 Commercial Building.

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.
14 words or less, 20c.

BOY—Wanted, somebody to adopt a healthy baby boy. 2701 Morgan st.

CAT—Wanted, a very large altered tom-cat; must be a good ratter. Address, with price and particulars, E 788, this office.

ELECTRICIAN—Wanted, to put electric door bells in your house complete for $2. Ad. K 790, this office.

FIXTURES—Wanted. a set of butcher's fixtures. 3007 Lambdin av.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS—Wanted, to buy furniture, stoves, carpets, household goods, to ship South. Zack Hendricks, 2217 Wash st.

MATTRESSES—50c for renovating at residence. Ad. Joe Briggs, 2313 Washington av., over Union Dairy.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.
14 words or less, 20c.

BOILER—For sale, A1 ½-horse power boiler and engine, $100. 4235 Finney av.

DRESS—For sale, handsome silk evening dress; light yellow; 36 bust; $20. Add. F 790, this office.

SINGER Domestic, White and other sewing machines; cash or time. Eagle Loan Co., 1238 Franklin av.

CHANDELIERS.

Save money. Buy direct from the manufacturer. The Belle-Hickey Mfg. Co., 706-710 St. Charles.

TO PRINTERS.

COMPOSITION—In agate, nonpareil or minion, any measure not exceeding 17½ pica ems. Special terms on large orders. Address W. E. Taylor, Post-Dispatch.

BUSINESS WANTED.
14 words or less, 20c.

NOTICE—Persons wishing to sell their business for cash at a reasonable price will find purchasers by placing it with us.
WARDLOW & CO., 110 N. 9th st.

DOGS.
14 words or less, 20c.

DOG—For sale, cheap, young water spaniel. 506 W. Jefferson av.

DOG—For sale, genuine English mastiff, 2 years old. Ad. H 790, this office.

THOROUGHBRED dogs, poultry and pigeons; 4 pairs fantails wanted. Roesch, 215 Market st.

RENT LISTS.

ROOMS FOR RENT.
14 words or less, 10c.

ARMSTRONG AV., 1228—Newly furnished room and bath for lady, with board; $5 a week.

BROADWAY, 513 S.—Nice, clean furnished rooms for one or two gents; $1.25, $1.50 per week.

BERNARD ST., 2727—Furnished front room, complete for housekeeping; southern exposure; $1.75 weekly.

CARR ST., 1909—Nicely furnished rooms; $1.25 per week.

CASS AV., 2813—Five large rooms, furnished complete for light housekeeping; first-class house and block; modern; cheap rent.

CHESTNUT ST., 2926—Second-story front, large room, newly and handsomely furnished.

CHESTNUT ST., 1023½—Neatly furnished room for 4 gents, $1; also hallrooms; bath.

COMPTON AV., 1021 N.—New, comfortably furnished front room, complete for housekeeping; rent cheap; private family; southern exposure.

DAYTON ST., 2732—2 furnished or unfurnished connecting front rooms; hot bath.

EASTON AV., 3025—Nicely furnished front room; gas, bath; southern exposure; small pri. fam.

EASTON AV., 2906—Nicely furnished room, with bath; gents or light housekeeping; $8.

FINNEY AV., 3686—Neatly furnished rooms, with bath and gas.

JEFFERSON AV., 715 N.—Nicely furnished front room, $2 per week, for one or two gents.

JEFFERSON AV., 713 N.—Beautifully furnished second-story front room; conveniences; other rooms; reasonable.

LOCUST ST., 2816—Handsomely furnished 2d-story front room for gentlemen.

LUCAS AV., 2617—Handsomely furnished parlor room, suitable for 3 gentlemen; so. exposure; $1.

LUCAS AV., 2740—Nicely furnished rooms; also 2 unfurnished rooms; also rooms.

LEFFINGWELL AV., 1712—3 large rooms and stable for two horses and wagon; rent cheap.

LUCAS AV., 2708—Front and connecting rooms, 2d floor, complete for housekeeping; very reasonable.

LUCAS AV., 2613A—For rent, front room, furnished for light housekeeping.

MARKET ST., 2213—Two rooms, second-story front; good location for dressmaker.

OREGON AV., 2220—4 rooms, hall-room and bath; newly decorated flat; all improvements.

OLIVE ST., 2103—Large front room; so. exposure; new furniture; modern; very reasonable.

OLIVE ST., 2210—Furnished rooms for gentlemen or married couples; gas and bath; references exchanged.

OLIVE ST., 2326—Nicely furnished rooms; $1.25 per week.

OLIVE ST., 2102—Front parlor and hallroom, $1.25 per week and up.

OLIVE ST., 2333—Front and back parlors; other rooms, 2d and 3d floors; with gas.

OLIVE ST., 2012—Nice newly furnished front room for 2 or 4 gents.

OLIVE ST., 2227—Second-story front, with alcove; privilege of housekeeping; also another room.

PINE ST., 1303—Nicely furnished rooms; $1.25 per week.

PINE ST., 2648-50-52—Fine rooms, single or en suite, furnished complete for housekeeping.

PAPIN ST., 1430—Two front connecting rooms, $2.75 per week; single, $1.75 per week.

ROOMS—Rooms for gents or ladies, with privileges. Add. A 788, this office.

ROOM-MATE—Wanted, room-mate by gentleman in nicely furnished room; rent, $5. 518 West End place.

ROOM—Discreet lady can have nice 2d-story room, between Compton and Leonard, for light housekeeping. Ad. A 792, this office.

RUTGER ST., 2762—Nicely furnished front room; everything new; either for young lady or two gentlemen; private family; no children.

STODDARD ST., 2736—Furnished rooms, $5 to $8; gents; also furnished housekeeping rooms.

SPRING AV., 716—Nicely furnished room for lady employed; $6 per month. Suburban line.

WASHINGTON AV., 1013—Nicely furnished rooms, second and third-story fronts; very reasonable.

WASH ST., 2624—Furnished rooms for light housekeeping, with privilege of bath and laundry; $2 per week.

WRIGHT ST., 1946—Two rooms and kitchen, with water; $9.

WASH ST., 1735—Front rooms, completely furnished for housekeeping or gents; southern exposure.

WEST END PL., 510—Newly furnished rooms; hot and cold bath; furnace heat, gas and all home comforts; 3500 west, just off Olive st.

11TH ST., 12 N.—Two rooms for light housekeeping; nicely furnished; $2.50 and $2 per week.

11TH ST., 12 N.—One room for light housekeeping, nicely furnished, $2.50 per week.

11TH ST., 18 N.—Furnished rooms for light housekeeping, $2 per week.

12TH ST., 113 N.—Nicely furnished rooms; $1.25 per week.

16TH ST., 5 N.—Convenient well furnished rooms; so. exposure; bath; all convs; very cheap.

16TH ST., 826 N.—Nicely furnished rooms for 2 gents; all conveniences; 3d floor.

18TH ST., 815 S.—2 front rooms for light housekeeping and other rooms.

20TH ST., 3249—3 rooms and hallroom; front and side entrance; detached house; basement laundry; water paid for; $12 per month. House open.

22D ST., 201 S.—Fine, cozy furnished room, $2 per week, $1 each.

ROOMS WITH BOARD.
14 words or less, 10c.

ARMSTRONG AV., 1235—Nicely furnished room and good board for 2.

COMPTON AV., 218 N.—Well furnished rooms, with or without board.

CHESTNUT ST., 3406—Newly furnished rooms for 2 gents; first-class board; private family; all conveniences.

CHOUTEAU AV., 1326—Two large, airy, well-furnished parlors; all conveniences; best table board.

CHOUTEAU AV., 1516—Nicely furnished room; bath, gas; southern exposure; with board; private family.

EASTON AV., 3025—Nicely furnished front room; good board; no other boarders.

FRANKLIN AV., 2849—Nice rooms, with board, $4 per week.

LOCUST ST., 2814—New, handsomely furnished rooms, with board; modern conveniences and porter service.

LOCUST ST., 3025—Large nicely furnished rooms, with choice home table; in small family.

LOCUST ST., 3042—Nicely furnished rooms, with board.

LOCUST ST., 2131—Family Hotel—Handsomely furnished rooms; first-class board.

LUCAS AV., 3038—Nicely furnished rooms, with board; private family; modern conveniences.

MORGAN ST., 1424—Rooms, furnished; gents and housekeeping; $1.50 and $2; hallroom, $1.

MORGAN ST., 3045—Delightful room, with board; southern and western exposure; terms reasonable; private family.

MISSISSIPPI AV., 1718—Near Lafayette—Pleasant 2d-story front room, with board.

OLIVE ST., 1707—Nicely furnished rooms, with or without board.

PARK AV., 2636—Two gentlemen can find desirable room and board.

WASHINGTON AV., 3422-3424—Excellent rooms, with first-class board and service.

WASHINGTON BOULEVARD, 4118—Nicely furnished rooms, with board, for gentlemen or married couple.

WASHINGTON AV., 2728—Large, cool front rooms; all conveniences; with or without board.

WASHINGTON AV., 2648—Rooms with first-class board, $4 per week; hot bath.

WASHINGTON AV., 1416—Large, cool, convenient room, well furnished; southern exposure; with or without board.

WEST BELLE PL., 4068—Newly furnished rooms, with first-class board in nice family; prices reasonable.

ROOMS WITH BOARD.
14 words or less, 10c.

WASHINGTON BOULEVARD, 3889—Handsomely furnished rooms; southern exposure; private family; with board; references.

6TH ST., 826 S.—Neat hall-room for respectable gentleman, with board, in private family.

HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC., WANTED.
14 words or less, 10c.

ROOM—Wanted, by gent, single room for winter; hard coal or steam heat; east of Jefferson av.; state lowest price. Add. D 790, this office.

ROOMS—Wanted, 2 or 3 unfurnished rooms by bachelor of 40 for permanent home in residence of owner. Ad. N 791, this office.

ROOM—Wanted, by gent, nicely furnished room, with breakfast, in strictly private family, where there are some young people. Add. D 789, this office.

BOARD AND LODGING WANTED.
14 words or less, 10c.

BOARD—Wanted, board by mechanic in young widow's home where there are no other boarders. Add. K 789, this office.

ROOM AND BOARD—Wanted, by two young ladies, room and board with nice family; terms reasonable. Ad. F 791, this office.

ROOM AND BOARD—Wanted, room and board, Garrison to Grand, Olive to Easton; must be reasonable. Add. P 786, this office.

ROOM AND BOARD—Young man would like pleasant room and board in refined family, where there are several young people; state terms and location. Add. G 790, this office.

SUBURBAN BOARD.
14 words or less, 10c.

BOARD—Suburban board to middle-aged couples; terms very cheap if permanent. Write A. E. N., Jennings P. O., Mo.

FURNISHED HOUSES FOR RENT.
14 words or less, 10c.

FURNISHED HOUSE—8 rooms; porch; reasonable; immediate possession; central West End. Ad. S 790, this office.

FURNISHED HOUSES WANTED.
14 words or less, 10c.

FURNISHED HOUSE—Wanted, a furnished house, 8 or 10 rooms, located in West End; will board owner for part rent. Ad. B 792, this office.

DWELLINGS FOR RENT.
14 words or less, 10c.

COOK AV., 3628—7-room house; bath, furnace, etc.; in perfect order.

CARROLL ST., 1713-1717—6-room houses, with bath, gas fixtures, etc.; rent $22.50.

CHAMBERS ST., 908—Six rooms; gas, bath, hall, laundry; $20. Apply 900 Chambers st.

LEDUC ST., 4829 OR 4831—5 and 6-room houses; bath, laundry, furnace; quiet neighborhood; convenient to Easton and Washington av. cars.

PAGE BOULEVARD, 5144—Fine 10-room house, with every modern convenience; $50. N. Hill, 613 Chestnut st.

ST. LOUIS AV., 4861—6 rooms and bath, $20. Carter & McLanahan, 12 N. 8th st.

FLATS FOR RENT.
14 words or less, 10c.

ARLINGTON AV., 1463—3 good rooms, water, etc., $13. Paul Jones & Co., 815 Chestnut st.

BELL AV., 4614—Three rooms, nicely decorated, cheap rent. J. A. Gardner, 512 St. Charles st.

BELT AV.—East side, just south of Easton av.—Lovely new 4-room flats; all conveniences. Paul Jones & Co., 815 Chestnut st.

CLARK AV., 2100—Large corner store; good location for grocery or saloon; rent reasonable.

CLEVELAND AV., 3929—6-room flat, 2d floor; all conveniences; rent $23. Open.

EADS AV., 2805—Compton Hill district—Elegant 4-room and reception hall flat; all modern improvements.

EADS AV., 2648—Newly decorated 4-room flat; bath and laundry; key next door; $20.

PAPIN ST., 1416—4 rooms, first floor, $10; 3 rooms, third floor, $7; unfurnished.

PAGE AV., 3715—6-room flat; hot and cold water; in good order.

PAPIN ST., 1804, 1810, 1812—9 modern 7-room flats in first-class order; rent reasonable.

PAPIN ST., 1931—4-room flats; bright and new; $14, $13, $12. Rent them of Ingalls, the house-furnisher, 1103 Olive st.

RESTAURANT—For rent—Everything ready to start business; all you got to do is to hire your help and put in eatables; first-class place; will rent low to responsible tenant. Apply Room 421, Commercial Bldg.

THEODOSIA AV., 5805—Modern flats, 3 large rooms and handsome bathroom; hot and cold water; rent, $13.

11TH ST., 1108-1105 S.—Between Chouteau av. and Hickory st.—One 2 rooms and kitchen, other 4 rooms and kitchen; nice repair; reasonable rent. Apply at 1101 S. 11th st.

14TH ST., 1831-1833 S.—Elegant new 4-room flats, cheap.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.
14 words or less, 10c.

CLAY AV., 3525—Nice room for drug store, doctor's office, butcher and vegetable market, shoemaker, barber shop or confectionery. For particulars call on Mrs. S. W. Perry, 3521 Clay av.

HASHAGEN HALL—Formerly Garrison—For rent at low rates for lodges, balls, parties, lectures, theatricals, etc. Apply to Hashagen Bros., 3300 Easton av.

MEFERN HALL, cor. Coleman and North Market, for balls, parties and lodge meetings.

STABLE—For rent, rear 3113 Pine st., 3 stalls and wagon shed.

EDUCATIONAL.
14 words or less, 20c.

ST. LOUIS Commercial College, cor. Grand and Franklin—Gives thorough and practical commercial and shorthand education; day and evening. P. Ritner, Pres.

MUSICAL.
14 words or less, 20c.

MUSIC TEACHER WANTED—For autoharp; state price per lesson. Ad. R 791, this office.

MUSICIAN WANTED—A good piano player; one who can read and fake. Geppert's Garden, East St. Louis.

MUSICAL—Fine piano tuning and repairing at reasonable prices; drop postal. Albert E. Dore, 2830 Franklin av.

PIANOS, organs; low prices; easy terms; pianos rented and tuned. Estey & Camp, 916 Olive st.

PIANO—For sale, Decker Bros.' grand piano, but little used; great bargain. F. Beyer, 820 Chouteau av.

PIANO—$40 for a square Chickering piano; rosewood case; cost $450; splendid condition. Swimming School, 19th and Pine sts.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS FOR SALE.
14 words or less, 20c.

ASHTON, furniture buyer, wants old feather beds and bolsters; send postal. 1210 Olive st.

FURNITURE—For sale, oak bedroom set, with French plate-glass, mattress and springs; cheap. 922 Bayard av.

FURNITURE—For sale, bedroom suites, all kinds, and other furniture; cash or time. Eagle Loan Co., 1238 Franklin av.

LODGES.
25c each insertion.

COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 226, K. of P.—Regular meeting Tuesday evening, 8 o'clock, Pythian Hall, northwest corner 4th and Locust sts. Work in Rank of Page. Members and visiting brothers cordially invited to attend.
HARRY GREENTREE, Acting C. C.
JAS. F. DEMPSEY, K. of R. and S.

WANTED TO EXCHANGE.
14 words or less, 20c.

KODAK—For exchange, one No. 3 kodak, nearly new, in perfect order, for one second-hand gent's bicycle for heavy man. Add. K 791, this office.

PERSONAL.
14 words or less, 30c.

PERSONAL—School Girl: Electric letter received; yes, it is the same. Svengali.

PERSONAL—Nell and Bess: Meet us at 6th and Walnut, Thursday, 8 p. m. Answer. Joe and Jack.

PERSONAL—B. R.: Can't go to Creve Coeur this Sunday. Please make another appointment. Ad. G 786, this office.

MATRIMONIAL.
14 words or less, 30c.

MATRIMONY—A workingman, German, 29 years of age, wishes to meet a faithful and true German working girl or young widow; object, matrimony. Ad. O 791, this office.

PERSONAL SUNDRIES.
14 words or less, 20c.

DIVORCES A SPECIALTY.
Easy terms; confidential. Law office, 1002 Olive st.

A—1,000 biz cards 25c; noteheads, billheads, envelopes, 75c; cut prices. Benton & Co., 620 Locust.

ALL private, blood and skin diseases, male or female, treated free, small charge for medicine; cure guaranteed. Call D. Medical Co., 107 N. 9th st.

DR. MARY ARTHUR, 2701 Morgan st., boards ladies during confinement; treats female diseases; ladies in trouble call or write; consultation free; reasonable rates.

FOR 50 cents a safe, sure and harmless cure for gonorrhea, chancroids, leucorrhoea, ulcers, old sores, foul feet, etc. Add. F 772, this office.

GRAY HAIR positively restored to its original color; cure guaranteed. Call or write room 4, 904 Olive st. Agents wanted.

LADIES in trouble can have treatment at home; cure guaranteed promptly and confidentially. Add. N 790, this office.

LUSK SANITARIUM—Perfect seclusion during confinement; female diseases a specialty; physician and midwife in attendance; only reliable incorporated institution. 1630 Pine.

MRS. H. BAMBERGER, midwife; ladies can find help and board reasonable. Res. 919 Chouteau av.

MME. BARTHOLOMEW—Magnetic treatment highly recommended; restores system. 109 S. 14th.

MRS. ANNA NEWLAND, midwife, 205 S. 14th st., boards ladies during confinement; treats female troubles; terms reasonable. Call or write.

MRS. MARY JOHNSON, specialist; perfect seclusion dur. confinement; special treatment by mail; ladies in trouble call or write. 827 S. 18th st.

MAGNETIC TREATMENTS, $1. Lady Alpine, 8 a. m. to 9 p. m., 1933 Franklin av.

MRS. FRANCIS, 1003½ N. Broadway, massage and magnetic treatment for rheumatism and prostration.

MRS. L. HOTSON receives during confinement, treats irregularities; satisfaction guaranteed; honest dealing; information free; experience in diseases; ladies in trouble call. 2201 Olive st.

MRS. DR. HOGAN, rec. during confinement; homes for infants if desired; ladies call or write; confidential, 2329 Market st.

MRS. RENNEKAMP, midwife; private home for ladies before and during confinement; reasonable terms. 2916 Franklin av.

MARRIED LADIES—Find sure relief in 4 hours. The only "Regulator that Regulates"—that removes all irregularities from any cause—that is guaranteed superior to everything else on the market—perfectly harmless and safe—is Mrs. Dr. A. Dale's No. 2 "Egyptian" brand Pennyroyal-Cotton-Root Pills—the prescription of a woman for women. They tone, strengthen and regulate the organic system, restoring normal activity and improving the general health; shun all cheap imitations as you would a dangerous contagion; buy only the genuine, that thousands of ladies praise. If you want the best, cheapest and safest; No. 2, price $2 (No. 1, $1); by mail, secure from observation, if you cannot call. Dale Medicine Co., Room 9, 919 Olive st. Open evenings.

OLD DR. WARD, 1807 Washington av.—Lady or gent in trouble from any cause call or write; 40 years' experience; guarantee results.

THE Golden Seal Female Regulator is the best on the market; it gives relief in 3 hours; never fails to remove any irregularities from any cause; beware of cheap imitations; thousands of ladies use it. Sent, secure from observation, for $1. Golden Seal Med. Co., P. O. Box 290, St. Louis.

LADIES, A friend in need is a friend indeed. If you want a Regulator that never fails, address the Woman's Medical Home, Buffalo, N. Y.

STORAGE.
14 words or less, 20c.

AMERICAN STORAGE AND MOVING CO., 2313 Olive—Moving, packing and shipping; storage in separate rooms. Telephone 1880. W. H. Langdale, President.

NEW YORK STORAGE CO., 310 N. 7th st., new warehouses, 22d and Wash sts.; move, pack, ship or store household goods; 700 private rooms for storage. Phones 1515 and 2829.

STORAGE—Regular storage house for furniture, pianos, vehicles, trunks, boxes, etc.; safe, reliable; clean rooms; get our rates; careful moving, packing, shipping, etc.; estimates free; money loaned. Consign goods to our care. Telephone 4122. R. U. Leonori, Jr., & Co., 1219-1221 Olive st.

Fidelity Storage, Packing & Moving Co.
1723-25-27 and 29 Morgan St.
Branch Office, 1103 Pine st. Phones 2890 and 4101

BICYCLES.
14 words or less, 20c.

BICYCLE—Ladies' wheel, 20 lbs, Columbia; good order; will sell cheap. 3037 Olive st.

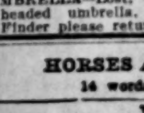
BICYCLE—Wanted, to trade a building on Malcolm Terrace for a good bicycle. Ad. W 791, this office.

BICYCLE—For sale, $100 wheel, good as new; dirt cheap. 1924 Dodier st.

BICYCLE—Wanted, second-hand boy's bicycle; 18-inch frame; must be in good order; state price. Add. A 791, this office.

TANDEM—For sale, 1896 combination tandem; new; can be bought cheap; owner leaving city. Apply to Thos. I. Kinsella, care of the J. L. Hudson Co., Broadway and Locust.

ALL SORTS.
14 words or less, 20c.



ST. LOUIS MUTUAL HOUSE BUILDING CO., Office No. 513 Walnut st., Samuel Simmons, Pres.; Hugo Kromrey, Sec'y. This pioneer company builds or purchases houses at the option of applicant, on monthly payment plan, in St. Louis City. Prospectus at office free of charge.

LOST AND FOUND.
14 words or less, 10c.

Lost.

ALBUM—Lost, on the street, an album with blank removable leaves. Reward if returned to F. M. Ingalls, 1103 Olive st.

CHARM—Lost, charm, with two ladies' photos. Please return to 2015 Chestnut st. and receive reward.

DOG—Lost, brindle and white fox terrier; short tail. Return to J. E. Kenney, 4037 Cook av., and get reward.

DOG—Lost or strayed, brown water spaniel; answers to the name of Bonnie; city license No. 795. Liberal reward if returned to M. J. Bihn, 4413 West Belle pl.

HORSE—Strayed or stolen, one dark bay stallion, 3½ years old, about 15½ hands high; white spot on forehead, with shoe on hind left foot missing; $10 reward. George Janssen, 3188 Watson rd.

MEDAL—Lost, a bronze medal marked "Rescue, Sept. 24, 1894." Reward if returned to W. L. Filmore, 119 Locust st.

NOTEBOOK—Lost, notebook with some letters; will pay reward if returned to 3555 Olive st. Ph. Kink.

UMBRELLA—Lost, on California av. cars, gold-headed umbrella, engraved A. E. V., 1894. Finder please return to 708 Locust st. Reward.

HORSES AND VEHICLES.
14 words or less, 20c.

Wanted.

HORSES—Wanted, use of team of horses for board. P. Hale, Wellston, St. Louis Co., Mo.

HORSE AND BUGGY—Wanted, a horse and second-hand storm buggy; state lowest price. Ad. O 787, this office.

MULE OR HORSE—Wanted, in the country, for its feed. Ad. H 791, this office.

THEATRICAL.

YOUNG LADY WANTED—For the stage. Ad. S 787, this office.

SPECIAL BARGAINS IN REAL ESTATE.

"They Are Selling" at

Mt. Auburn....

We have sold a number of lots in the last two weeks for home builders as well as to investors. Lots choice, high and well located. Cannot be equalled in St. Louis at the price. Terms so that anyone can buy.

$10 Cash and $10 Per Month

WILL SELL 25 OR 50 FOOT LOTS.

We have sold 7 houses in Mt. Auburn in the last two weeks, showing that home sites are in demand on this healthy hill. We could sell more. Builders should see this property. Parties who buy now at the low prices at which we are authorized to sell are certain to make good profits. No risk is run. And think of the terms—and how safe!

Mt. Auburn comprises the high ground east of the "Suburban Park." Take Suburban or Easton avenue cars direct to branch office. Agent there every afternoon this week until 6:30.

Anderson-Wade — 8th and Locust

SUBURBAN PROPERTY FOR SALE.
14 words or less, 20c.

FREE! FREE! FREE! FREE! FREE!

FREE LOTS

Will be given away for a short time to purchasers of lots in the Sovereign St. Louis Suburb,

MERA EC HEIGHTS.

Every buyer of one lot will receive another lot FREE. As there are just 100 lots to give away, this offer holds good until Aug. 27. Splendid lots, costing $75 to $85, go for a small payment down and

$1 A WEEK.

No notes, no mortgages. Free excursions daily on the Frisco, 9 and 1. Tickets from

DR. GEHRING, 213 N. 14th St.

FREE! FREE! FREE! FREE! FREE!

IMPROVED PROPERTY FOR SALE.
14 words or less, 20c.

BLACKSTONE AV., 1321—$100 cash, balance $20 monthly buys new 8-room, bath, modern improved, press brick house. Inquire next door south.

FOR RENT—FLATS.
14 words or less, 20c.

FLATS FOR RENT.

3659A Shenandoah st.; new, 7 rooms and bath	28 00
2716 St. Vincent; 4 rooms and bath; 2d floor	20 00
1459A Old Manchester rd., 4 rooms, 2d floor	12 00
1451A Old Manchester rd., 3 rooms, 2d floor	10 00
1467A Old Manchester rd., 3 rooms, 2d floor	10 00
4216A Hunt av.; 3 rooms 2d floor	10 00
4222A Hunt av.; 3 rooms 2d floor	10 00
417 S. Jefferson av.; 4 rooms and bath	17 00
4551 Delmar av.; 5 rooms and bath	25 00
3021 S. Jefferson; 5 rooms and bath	24 00

Call for list of cheaper rooms.

HAYDEL & SON,
109 N Seventh St.

CLAIRVOYANTS.
14 words or less, 30c.

MME. ANNA, the well-known fortune-teller of the West, 326 Market st. Established 1851.

DENTISTS.
14 words or less, 20c.

Gold Crowns and Fillings

Will cost about double what they do now if free silver wins. The wise will take advantage of present prices.

Gold Crowns, $5.00. Gold Fillings, $2.00.

E. C. CHASE,
Sixth and Locust Sts.

PARKS & CLEVELAND,
Dentists,
904 OLIVE ST., Rooms 8 and 9. Formerly with Dr. Chase. We guarantee the BEST WORK at the lowest prices in the city.

DR. W. J. CORD
Will give you more for your money than any other dentist; no charge for examinations; hours 8 to 6; Sundays, 9 to 4. 1324 Washington av. (corner 14th street).

LOANS ON REAL ESTATE.
14 words or less, 20c.

"WE LOAN MONEY."
On vacant and improved city property. Applications answered in 24 hours.
HAYDEL & SON, 109 N. 7th st.

LOANS ON PERSONAL PROPERTY.
14 words or less, 20c.

HIGHEST amount loaned on diamonds, watches, guns, pistols and musical instruments; old gold and silver bought; business confidential. Central Loan Office, 204 N. 4th st.

MONEY TO LOAN on furniture without removal; the lowest rates in the city. Call or address 810 Security Bldg., cor. 4th and Locust sts.

MONEY ON EASY TERMS—A gentleman having some surplus funds, will lend $10 and upwards on furniture, pianos, bicycles, etc. Call or address 1015 Morgan st.

MONEY TO LOAN—On furniture and pianos; any amount you desire, without removing property from house; money can be paid back in installments and save interest; no commission or charges for papers; money given same day applied for. John C. King, 814 Morgan. Bus. pri.

PRIVATE party will advance money on furniture, pianos, etc., without removal; strictly confidential; no mortgages recorded; cheapest rates in the city. 810 Security Bldg., S. W. cor. 4th and Locust sts.

RESPECTABLE parties can borrow money on furniture, etc., of private party on easy terms; lowest rates; no extra charge for papers, by calling at 90[illegible] Olive st., room 2.

HOUSEHOLD LOAN CO.—Guarantees the lowest rates and smallest payments on furniture; loans without removal; business private. 1223 Franklin av., second floor.

FURNITURE LOANS.

Money to loan on furniture at residence without removal; lowest rates; business strictly confidential. Union Loan Co., 1103 Pine st.

SPECIAL SALE.

We have just put in stock a large lot of tailor misfit and uncalled for garments, seasonable goods, at prices that should interest you.
FILLED CASE WATCHES.
We are also overstocked on ladies' and gentlemen's filled case watches. All the standard makes of movements and cases. See the prices we will make for you.
LARGEST LINE OF UNREDEEMED PLEDGES IN THE CITY.
THOS. DUNN, LOAN STORAGE & MERCANTILE CO.,
912 FRANKLIN AV.
Money Loaned on Personal Property.
Lowest Rates of Interest

MONEY ON FURNITURE.

The Fidelity Loan Co., 802 Chestnut st., room 1, will loan you any amount without removing property; business strictly confidential; payments of any amount received, which reduces cost; lowest possible rates; no extra charges; you get the full amount you. mortgage calls for.

MONEY TO LOAN

On furniture, pianos, bicycles, sewing machines, without removal; cheapest place in the city; business strictly confidential; call before going elsewhere. EAGLE LOAN CO., 1238 Franklin.

RIPANS TABULES

When you feel that slight congestion,
That mere touch of indigestion,
Or that running down all over,
When clear thought becomes a rover,
That sense of heart a-burning,
Or of dizzy head a-turning;
When the purpose holds as strongly,
But the once firm will goes wrongly;
When each care or duty rasps you;
Know, 'tis then Dyspepsia grasps you.
Heed the danger sign! Awake!
RIPANS TABULES you should take.
Take them not in manner heedless,
To palter thus were needless;
Take them as on box directed,
And, good health once more erected,
Your past neglects confess you,
While strength returns to bless you.

Ripans Tabules are sold by druggists or by mail if the price (50 cents a box) is sent to The Ripans Chemical Company, No. 10 Spruce st., New York. Sample vial, 10 cents.

PARTY DIVISION IN CONGRESS,
1857 to 1895, in the
POST-DISPATCH ALMANAC. ... PRICE, 25c. ...

MEDICAL.

DOCUTA CAPSULES

Arrest at once all unnatural diseases from the Urinary Organs. Severest cases cured in 7 days. All druggists.

MEN BE MANLY

We send the marvelous French Remedy CALTHOS free, and a legal guarantee that CALTHOS will STOP Discharges & Emissions, CURE Spermatorrhea, Varicocele and RESTORE Lost Vigor.
Use it and pay if satisfied.
Address VON MOHL CO. 76 B, Sole American Agents, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Crossman's Specific Mixture.

With this remedy persons can cure themselves without the least exposure, change of diet or change in application to business. The medicine contains nothing that is of the least injury to the constitution. Ask your druggist for it. Price $1 a bottle.

TRADEMARK REGISTERED. "Indapo Made a well Man of Me!"
PHOTOGRAPHED FROM LIFE.
1st DAY — 10th DAY — 20th DAY — 30th DAY
INDAPO THE GREAT HINDOO REMEDY PRODUCES THE ABOVE RESULTS in 30 DAYS. Cures all Nervous Diseases. Failing Memory, Paresis, Sleeplessness, Nightly Emissions, etc., caused by past abuses, gives vigor and size to shrunken organs, and quickly but surely restores Lost Manhood in old or young. Easily carried in vest pocket. Price $1.00 a package. Six for $5.00 with a written guarantee to cure or money refunded. Don't buy an imitation, but insist on having INDAPO. If your druggist has not got it, we will send it prepaid. Oriental Medical Co., Props., Chicago, Ill., or our agents. SOLD by Wolff-Wilson Drug Co., 6th St. and Washington Avenue, ST. LOUIS, MO.

THE MARKETS.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 25.

Wheat receipts at St. Louis are well maintained and compared with those of a year ago are considerably larger, but when it is considered that St. Louis is paying more for soft winter, more especially No. 2 red, than any other market in this country—East or West—and that at least 40 per cent of the daily arrivals is hard winter, where hardly any of that description was coming in one year ago, the magnitude of receipts this year and their excess over those of a year ago are explainable. The boats that came in to-day did not bring in a bushel of wheat, but, it was said, they had quite a cargo of empty sacks. The warehouses along the river are reported to be about cleaned out of wheat and the farmers are offering little or none for sale.

This morning's cables on the Russian crop are as follows: Liverpool—Prospects Russian wheat crop barely an average. London—Russian crop unfavorable. Paris—Prospects for small Russian crop and poor quality. Hungarian crop expected to be short. French crop smaller than last year, but quality very good.

The London Corn Trade List says: The French flour trade has been much hampered by the new decree and offers much less numerous. It is impossible for French millers to export what is called the 60 per cent type of flour, seeing that for every 100 kilos of wheat imported they must export 67½ kilos of flour, which is quite as much as they can make.

Liverpool received past three days 170,000 bu wheat, of which 120,000 bu American, and 262,000 bu corn. This was 270,000 bu less wheat than same period last week, American wheat falling off 260,000 bu, though the total 31,000 bu more than same period last year, when half was from this country.

C. M. Bunton, back from seven weeks spent in Iowa, says the damage to wheat by the rains that fell in that State was enormous. All wheat in the shock was put in miserable shape. He does not believe 20 per cent of the crop is in merchantable condition. Oats were just as unfavorably affected.

Russian wheat shipments last week of 1,536,000 bu were not half the amount shipped during same week last year and would indicate either very short supplies in stock or something serious the matter with their crop.

Australia has no wheat of her last crop to spare for export, but the most recent reports from that country speak very favorably of the growing wheat crop.

Arthur Brockmann, who has been putting in several weeks at the seashore and down the St. Lawrence, has come back to work.

September corn sold in this market to-day below 20c a bushel. The farmer, as usual, does not appear to be in it.

New Orleans cleared yesterday for Hamburg 75,900 bu corn and 1,150 sks flour.

Stocks of Grain in St. Louis Elevators.

	Tuesday.	Monday.	Year Ago.
Wheat	2,600,496	2,485,784	1,308,829
Corn	967,703	975,878	270,530
Oats	97,261	134,911	180,402
Rye	17,501	14,818	6,942
Barley	......	......	557
No 2 red winter	1,229,657	1,151,283	629,963
No 2 hard winter	451,780	437,087	8,026
No 2 corn	698,084	689,604	174,289
No 2 white corn	124,903	121,050	62,601
No 2 oats	54,837	95,685	13,306
No 2 white oats	7,523	7,523	2,871
No 2 rye	11,245	9,950	4,526

Regular Cash Market Prices.

	Tuesday.	Monday.	Year Ago.
WHEAT.			
No. 2 red	62⅞@63	63⅝@64	61⅛
No. 3 red	56 @56½	56¾@56¼	58⅛
No. 4 winter	48½	48½b	55⅛
CORN.			
No. 2 white	19¾@19½	20⅞@20⅜	34
No. 2	19⅞a	20⅛a	34¼
No. 3	18 a	18⅛a	30½
OATS.			
No. 2	18 a	19	18⅞
No. 3	.....	.....	19⅛

Future Prices.

	Closed. Monday.	Highest. To-day.	Lowest. To-day.	Closed. Tuesday.
WHEAT.				
Aug	64⅜	64⅛a	63	63 b
Sept	61⅛a	61⅛	60	60⅝b
Dec	64⅛b	64⅛	63	63½b
CORN.				
Aug	20¼b	.....	.....	19⅛n
Sept	20⅝a	21⅛a	19⅝@ ⅝	19⅞a
Dec	22 a	21⅝	21⅛	21⅝
May	24⅝	24⅛a	24	24⅛
OATS.				
Aug	19	.....	.....	18 a
Sept	19 a	.....	.....	17½b
May	20 b	19⅞a	19⅝b	19⅝b

CHICAGO—Reported by Gaylord, Blessing & Co.

WHEAT.				
Dec	61⅛	61⅛	59⅞@60	60¼
CORN.				
May	26⅜@26⅝	26⅝@26⅝	25⅞	26
OATS.				
May	19⅝	19½@19⅝	19	19 b
PORK.				
Jan	$6.92@95	$6.97	$6.82	$6.85
LARD.				
Jan	3.77	3.80	3.72@75	3.75@77
RIBS.				
Jan	3.45	3.47	3.40@42	3.42@45

CHICAGO, Ill., Aug. 25.—Closing: Wheat—Sept., 56½c; Dec., 60¼c a; May, 64⅞c n. Corn—Sept., 21⅝c a; Dec., 23⅛@¼c; May, 26c. Corn—Sept., 16c b; Dec., 16½c b; May, 19c b.

WHEAT.

After opening with a pretty strong tone apparent, the market took a header and down it went.

Declines in all domestic markets and liquidation were the principal causes for this.

The foreign news was just as strong as it has been, but as nearly every long wanted to realize at once and there were not many buyers to take the large offerings it is not surprising prices broke sharply.

All the early cables were strong, with Liverpool up ⅛d, London 3d and Berlin ⅝c, the private advices spoke unfavorably of the Russian crop and the past week's exports of that country were small. The French and Hungarian crops were also reported smaller than last year.

The movement to market on this side did not show up so bearishly as it has.

Receipts at St. Louis were 109,600 bu, against 60,800 bu a year ago, and 305 cars at Chicago, against estimate for 275 cars, but total in at Western winter markets was 814,000 bu, against 344,000 bu a year ago, and of spring wheat in the Northwest 654 cars, against 1,063 cars last year.

Stocks were generally higher in Wall street, but Chicago was still harping on tight money, and that, with the great depression in corn, also helped to weaken wheat.

The day's clearances were again disappointing—equivalent to 225,000 bu in flour and wheat from four ports—and this was against the market.

New York also advised of lower foreign exchange and higher ocean rates, which were against export business.

The closing Liverpool came ⅛d lower and easy and altogether there was a combination that cut prices materially.

Bradstreet's available east of the Rockies increased 359,000 bu, against 1,366,000 bu decrease a year ago, and 687,000 bu reduction last week in the regular visible, 40,000 bu and decrease in amount afloat for and in Europe, against 1,928,000 bu increase a year ago. This indicated an increase of 319,000 bu in the world's stock, where a year ago it increased 562,000 bu.

This Bradstreet's report did not weaken the market any more, as late cables came confirming Russian crop damage.

Reports of export sales and that cable bids for wheat were no lower had a favorable effect and a rally resulted.

Spot Grades—Lower. No. 2 red sold on call 1⅛c lower at 62⅞c, but in demand at that to fill contracts. Lower grades better sustained and wanted by millers. No. 3 red selling this side at 56c and that bid for A, 56½c for F and E. No. 4 winter sold at 48½c and that bid for A, F and E. Rejected offered at 43c bid, 38c regular, 41c E side, 42c for E. No. 2 hard offered regular at 53c, bid, 52c for Bur; No. 3 hard at 48⅝c, bid 49c for F.

After Call No. 2 red sold at 62⅞@63c, No. 3 red at 56½c.

CORN.

Received at Western markets, 449,000 bu, against 495,000 bu one year ago, including 105,000 bu at St. Louis, against 42,200 bu last year and 271 cars at Chicago, against estimate for 950 cars.

Shipments from Western markets 957,000 bu and clearances from four Atlantic ports 118,000 bu.

Foreign markets showed a further decline, though Liverpool only ¼d lower, which probably due to the depression on this side.

Bradstreet's available increased 888,000 bu, against 1,364,000 bu increase in the regular visible last week.

Spot Grades—Lower and dull. On call No. 2 offered this and E side at 18c and 16½c bid regular. No. 3 offered at 17c and No. 4 at 10c, but no bids.

The favorable weather and large receipts brought about great weakness to-day.

Prospects for another big crop caused longs to sell out and the result was depression and the lowest prices ever touched before.

Spot Grades—Lower. Selling lower than ever before and lower than anyone ever expected, probably. But even at the record-breaking prices the only buyers were for the elevators. On call No. 2 sold 1@1¼c lower at 19⅝c in Bur and 19½c in United and F. No. 3 offered in St L at 18c, bid 16½c for A and U. Bids of 13c for No. 4 in A or U and 11c for no grade regular. For No. 2 white in Bur 19⅝c bid.

OATS.

Received at Western markets 644,000 bu, against 412,000 bu one year ago, 57,600 bu arriving at St. Louis, against 62,800 bu last year and 504 cars at Chicago, against estimate for 450 cars.

Shipments from Western markets 512,000 bu, but no clearances from Atlantic ports.

Bradstreet's available decreased 248,000 bu, against 1,257,000 bu increase a year ago and 372,000 bu decrease in the regular visible last week.

The future market, affected by corn, was weak and declined.

RYE.

Easier. On call No. 2 offered in St L at 28½c and later sold there at 28c.

No. 3 sold at 26@27c.

HAY.

Received, 1,110 tons; shipped, 495 tons. The receipts continue to pile up upon an already overstocked market of inferior hay, for which there is practically no demand. Shippers had better hold this class of hay at home until the demand picks up and consign only their choice stock, as this is the only description moving. The lack of a demand from shippers is accountable for this depression in poor timothy. Straw dull for wheat, but a fair to good inquiry for choice rye.

Sales: Track and warehouse—This side—Prairie—New—1 car No. 1 at $4.50, 7 choice at $5, 2 do at $5.50. Clover-mixed—1 car stained and off color at $4.50, 1 fair at $6, 1 choice at $8. Timothy—New—1 car No. 1 at $7.50, 3 do at $8, 2 do at $8.50, 1 do at $9, 3 choice at $10, 1 do at $11.

East Side—Clover—1 car choice at $9. Clover-mixed—1 car at $5.50, 1 at $6.50, 1 at $8.75. Mixed—1 car poor at $5.50. Timothy—New—2 cars No. 2 at $7, 1 No. 1 at $8, 1 do at $9, 1 choice at $9.50, 20 cars No. 1 for shipment p. t.

Straw—Sale—East track—1 car wheat at $3.75.

FLOUR AND FEED.

FLOUR—Quiet. Export business light and but a moderate domestic trade.

Patents	$3 00@3 15
Extra fancy	2 70@2 80
Fancy	2 40@2 50
Choice	2 10@2 25
Rye flour	2 00@2 25
Cornmeal	1 30

BRAN—Dull and weak. Skd, 26@28c outside points, 29@29½c E. trk.

PROVISIONS.

PORK—Standard mess, new, $6.37½ per bbl; old, $6.12½; on orders, 50c per bbl higher.

LARD—Prime steam, 3.25c; choice, 3.32½c.

BACON—Jobbing sales, boxed lots: Shoulders, 4⅛c; longs, 3⅞c; clear ribs, 4⅛c; clear sides, 4c. On orders by dealers, ¼c higher.

D. S. MEATS—Boxed, lots: Shoulders, 3⅜c; longs, 3⅝c; clear ribs, 3⅝c; clear sides, 3⅞c. On orders by dealers ¼c higher.

BREAKFAST BACON—On orders, 8½@9½c per pound.

SUGAR CURED HAMS—On orders, 9@10c.

COUNTRY LARD—Quotable at 2¾c.

BEEF—Mess, $6.50@7.50 per bbl, dried, 9@11c per lb; tongues, $4.50 per doz.

SEEDS AND CASTOR BEANS.

GRASS SEEDS—A fairly active trade; new timothy at $2.25@2.65, and new clover at $5@5.75. Other seeds nominal. Millet, common, 40@60c per 100 lbs; good German, 65@80c; Hungarian, 50@70c.

FLAXSEED—Steady at 62½c this and 63c E side.

HEMP SEED—Quotable at $2.85@3, pure test.

CASTOR BEANS—Prime nominal at $1 per bu.

LEAD AND SPELTER.

LEAD—Dull and easy again, 5 cars chemical selling at $2.45.

SPELTER—Sellers at $3.40, but nothing doing.

EGGS.

Received, 1,740 cases; shipped, 170 cases. Lower at 10c per doz, loss off, for good run of stock.

COTTON.

LOCAL MARKET—Quiet; ⅛c lower. Sales, 800 bales. Quotations: Ordinary, 6⅛c; good ordinary, 7⅜c; low middling, 7⅝c; middling, 7⅞c; good middling, 8⅛c; middling fair, 8⅝c. Tinges ⅛c and stains ⅝c below white.

Private wire to Arthur Petri: Commissioner of Agriculture of Louisiana estimates 40 to 50 per cent decrease in cotton crop from last year. Government of North Carolina puts State nearly 40 per cent less than last year.

New York wired C. J. Searles that fear of a very unfavorable weekly Government report, which expected to be seriously bad, was likely to help the market. Liverpool shorts covering.

WAREHOUSE STATEMENT TO-DAY.

	1895-96.	1894-95.
Net receipts to-day	2	8
Net receipts since Sept. 1	111,908	161,103
Gross receipts to-day	31	33
Gross receipts since Sept. 1	571,054	934,691
Net shipments to-day	1,209	10
Net shipments since Sept. 1	98,693	170,443
Gross shipments to-day	1,238	35
Gross shipments since Sept. 1	558,207	941,589
Stock on hand	20,396	8,559

LIVERPOOL—Market quiet; prices easier. Uplands, 4 9-16d. Sales, 7,000 bales. Futures closed steady; Aug., 4 29-64d; Aug. and Sept., 4 25-64d; Sept. and Oct., 4 19-64d; Oct. and Sept., 4 17-64d; Nov. and Dec., 4 15-64d; Dec. and Jan., 4 15-64d; Jan. and Feb., 4 15-64d; Feb. and March, 4 16-64d; March and April, 4 16-64d; April and May, 4 17-64d; May and June, 4 18-64d.

NEW YORK—Spot quiet; middling, 8⅝c. Futures closed barely steady. Sales, 214,900 bales.

Reported by Gaylord, Blessing & Co.

	Closed. Monday.	Highest To-day.	Lowest To-day.	Closing Tues'y.
August	8.05	8.12	8.05	8.05
September	7.93	8.03	7.90	7.93
October	7.98	8.07	7.96	8.00
November	7.93	8.00	7.90	7.95
December	7.98	8.03	7.95	8.00
January	8.01	8.06	7.98	8.04
February	8.05	8.10	8.03	8.08
March	8.09	8.15	8.08	8.13
April	8.13	8.20	8.12	8.17
May	8.17	8.22	8.16	8.21

Coffee Market.

Reported by the Hanley & Kinsella Coffee and Spice Co.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 25.

	First Call.	Second Call.	Third Call.
August	10.00 b	.....	.....
September	9.80	.....	.....
October	9.50 b	9.55	.....
November	9.30 b	.....	.....
December	9.25	9.30	.....
January	9.25	.....	.....

Mail pouch coffee at 20.35.

RIO.—No. 7, Coffee Exchange standard, 10 mil, 750; exchange, 8 15-16; receipts for two days, 290,000; clearances for United States, 5,000; for Europe, 4,000; stock, 246,000; market quiet; cleared Aug. 24, steamer Wordsworth, 24,000.

SANTOS.—Receipts for two days, 27,000; stock, 403,000; market quiet; good average Santos, 11 mil.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

CHICAGO, Aug. 25.—Cables showed rather surprising strength this morning in the face of the slight decline here yesterday, and the effect was shown in the opening prices for December wheat, which were about ¼c higher at 61⅜@61½c. But there was considerable long wheat for sale and the consequent reaction carried the price back to 60½@60⅝c in a short time. Weather was generally favorable and Northwest receipts were large, though considerably smaller than last year. Reiteration of recent cable advices telling of crop damage abroad, steadied the market and December advanced to 60¾c. Corn very weak, heavy receipts and liquidations of scattered lots causing the break which started immediately after the opening. September opened unchanged at 22½c, declined to 21⅞c and rallied to 22c. Oats slow and weak in sympathy with corn. September opened unchanged at 16⅜c and eased off to 16¼@16⅜c. Provisions, in spite of better hog prices, were fully as weak as corn. Trade was small and the market showed but little rallying tendency. September pork opened 2½c lower at $5.82½, declined to $5.75 and recovered to $5.80. September lard opened unchanged at $3.37½@3.40. September ribs 2½c higher at $3.25, declining to $3.20@3.22½.

CHICAGO, Aug. 25.—Cash wheat—No. 2 red, 60½c; No. 3 red, 56@57c; No. 2 spring, 56@56½c; No. 3 spring, 53@55c; No. 2 hard winter, 56c; No. 3 hard winter, 53@55c; No. 1 Northern spring, 56½c. Cash corn—No. 2, 21¾c. Cash oats—No. 2, 16⅝c.

CHICAGO, Aug. 25.—Close: Aug., 56¼c; Sept., 56⅞c. Corn—Aug., 21⅝c; Sept., 21⅝c; Oct., 22¼@22⅜c; Dec., 23⅛@23¼c; May, 26c. Oats—Aug., 15⅜c; Sept., 16c; Oct., 18⅜c; Dec., 16½c; May, 19c. Pork—Aug. and Sept., $5.57½; Oct., $5.65; Jan., $6.85. Lard—Aug., 3.35@3.37½c; Sept., 3.35@3.37½c; Sept., 3.35@3.37½; Oct., 3.42½@3.45c; Dec., 3.55c; Jan., 3.75@3.77½c. Ribs—Aug., and Sept., 3.20c; Oct., 3.25@3.27½c; Jan., 3.42½@3.45c.

CHICAGO, Aug. 25.—Rye—Cash, 31½c; Sept., 32c; Dec., 35c. Flax—Cash Northwest and Southwest, 67½c; Sept., 68c; Dec., 71¼@71½c. Timothy—Cash, $2.65; Aug., $2.55; Sept., $2.47.

CHICAGO, Aug. 25.—Poultry steady; turkeys, 7½@10c; chickens, 7½@9½c; ducks, 7½@9½c.

CHICAGO, Aug. 25.—Butter firm; creamery, 9@16½c; dairies, 9@14½c. Eggs firm; fresh, 12c.

PEORIA, Ill., Aug. 25.—Corn easy; lower; No. 2, 21½c; No. 3, 21c. Oats quiet; easy; No. 2 white, 20c; No. 3 white, 18c. Rye dull; nominal. Whisky market steady; finished goods on the basis of $1.19 for highwines. Receipts—Corn, 37,100 bu; oats, 65,550 bu; rye, none; whisky, 75; wheat, 10,600 bu. Shipments—Corn, 2,250 bu; oats, 42,050 bu; rye, none; whisky, 730; wheat, 9,000 bu.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Aug. 25.—Wheat steady early; closed about 1c lower on best grades, ½c lower on others; No. 2 hard, 51@52c; No. 3, 47½@49c; No. 2 red nominally, 58c; No. 3, 52@54c; No. 2 spring nominally 48½c; No. 3, 42@47c. Corn dull, but steady; No. 2 mixed, 19½c bid; No. 2 white, 21c. Oats steady; No. 2 mixed, nominally 17c; No. 2 white, old, nominally 22c; new, 20c. Rye—No. 2 nominally 25c. Hay somewhat higher; timothy, choice, $7.50@8; prairie, choice, $4.50@5. Butter steady and unchanged; creamery, 13@14c; dairy, 10@13c. Eggs firm; nominal demand; quotable at 9c.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 25.—Closing: Wheat—Spot No. 1, standard California, per cental, 5s 6d; No. 1 Northern spring, average price per cental 5s 2½d; August, 5s 1¼d, ¼d higher; September, 5s 1¼d; December, 5s 2¼d. Maize—Spot mixed American, per cental, 2s 1d; August, 2s 10½d; September, 2s 9¼d; October, 2s 9d; November, 2s 9½d; December, 2s 9½d; January, nothing quoted.

NEW YORK, Aug. 25.—Butter—Receipts, 12,626 pkgs; firm; State dairy, 10@15c; Western dairy, 8½@12c; Western creamery, 11@16½c; Elgins, 16½c; factory, 7½@11c. Cheese—Receipts, 6,000 pkgs; dull; large, 5@8¼c; small, 6@8¼c. Eggs—Receipts, 10,315; firm; State and Pennsylvania, 14@15c; Western, 12½@15c. Sugar steady. Coffee dull; No. 7, 10⅝c.

LIVE STOCK.

National Stock Yards.

CATTLE—Native division—Receipts, 1,012. Market steady on best cattle, easy on others.

SALES.

No.	Description.	Av.	Price.
1	cow and calf	...	$35 00
8	cows and calf	...	40 00
1	calf	130	5 50
68	steers	1459	4 45
25	steers	966	3 30
21	steers	1225	4 00
19	steers	1076	3 60
6	steers	661	2 85
2	cows	750	2 35
8	calves	156	5 00

TEXAS DIVISION—Receipts, 4,218. Market steady to strong.

SALES.

No.	Description.	Av.	Price.
24	steers	892	$2 50
28	cows	787	2 25
45	cows	911	2 50
5	cows	892	2 15
240	steers	997	2 95
4	cows	1040	2 40
18	cows	906	2 65
83	calves, per head	178	7 50
82	calves, per head	...	7 50

SHEEP—Receipts, 3,087. Market strong and steady

SALES.

No.	Description.	Av.	Price.
22	natives	66	$3 50
8	natives	87	2 75
33	lambs	68	4 25
2	cull lambs	90	3 00
1	cull lamb	80	2 00
32	natives	119	3 00
60	lambs	69	5 00
10	culls	51	3 00
49	natives	59	3 65
10	lambs	66	4 25
81	lambs	67	3 75

HOGS—Receipts, 6,685; market steady, closing 5c higher.

SALES.

No.	Av.	Price.	No.	Av.	Price.
190	156	$3 32½	55	188	$3 32½
16	110	3 35	92	183	3 30
80	201	3 25	82	168	3 32½
80	176	3 35	73	143	3 35
69	226	3 30	28	135	3 35
29	184	3 15	64	136	3 25
94	158	3 40	86	197	3 40
34	185	3 40	52	139	3 45

HORSES AND MULES—Receipts, 223; market fairly active and some Southern demand for good horses; mule market not go good, but some trade.

Live Stock by Telegraph.

CHICAGO, Aug. 25.—Hogs—Official receipts yesterday, 44,974; shipments, 11,677. Cattle—Receipts, 19,494; shipments, 3,769. Sheep—Receipts 15,943; shipments, none. Estimated receipts hogs to-morrow, 20,000. Estimated receipts hogs to-day, 12,000; left over, 6,000; market active and 5c higher; light, $3.25@3.60; mixed, $2.95@3.50; heavy, $2.65@3.25; rough, $2.65@2.80. Cattle—Receipts, 4,000, including 1,500 Texans and 1,500 Westerns; desirable native steers shade higher, other cattle steady; beeves, $3@4.70; cows and heifers, $1.20@3.90; Texas steers, $2.40@3.20; Westerns, $2.70@3.90; Texas steers, $2.40@3.20; Westerns, $2.70@3.85; stockers and feeders, $2.50@3.65. Sheep—Receipts, 15,000; steady.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Aug. 25.—Cattle—Receipts, 11,800; shipments, 2,400. Calves—Receipts, 800; market about steady; Texas steers, $2@2.85; Texas cows, $1.80@2.15; beef steers, $3@4.50; native cows, $1.50@3; stockers and feeders, $2.40@3.60; bulls, $2@2.65. Hogs—Receipts, 9,800; shipments, 500; market steady, 5c higher; bulk of sales, $3@3.20; heavies, $2.85@3.10; packers, $2.95@3.15, mixed, $3@325; lights, $3.10@3.30; yorkers, $3.20@3.30; pigs, $3.25@3.35. Sheep—Receipts, 2,800; shipments none; market steady; lambs, $3@4.75; muttons, $2.10@3.

OMAHA, Neb., Aug. 25.—Cattle—Receipts, 4,200; market 10c lower; native beef steers, $3.40@4.20; Westerns, $2.80@3.70; Texans, $2@2.85; cows and heifers, $2@3; canners, $1.25@2; stockers and feeders, $2.70@3.50; calves, $3@5.25; bulls, stags, etc., $1.75@2.75. Hogs—Receipts, 4,300; market 5@10c higher; heavy, $2.65@2.85; mixed, $2.75@2.85; light, $2.85@3; bulk of sales, $2.70@2.85. Sheep—Receipts, 1,000; market strong; fair to choice natives, $2.50@3.10; do Westerns, $2.25@2.85; common and stock sheep, $2@2.60; lambs, $3@5.50.

MONEY.

EXCHANGE—Quoted by A. G. Edwards & Son.
New York—$1 discount bid; 75c asked.
Chicago—25c discount bid; par asked.
C[illegible] asked.
Louisville—25c discount bid; par asked.
New Orleans—$1 discount bid; 50c discount asked.

Discount rates at St. Louis banks steady at 5@6 per cent call and 7@8 per cent time loans.

St. Louis bank clearings to-day were $3,137,610; balances, $499,743.

Silver Quotations.

NEW YORK, Aug. 25.—Silver certificates, 66¾c. Sales, 1,000 ounces. Bar silver, 66⅝c. Mexican dollars, 51½c.

New York Stocks.

Corrected daily by Whitaker & Hodgman, bond and stock brokers, 300 North Fourth street.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 25.

STOCKS.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
American Spirits	5¼	5¼	4⅞	4⅞
American Tobacco, com.	57	57⅛	56⅜	56⅝
Atchison, com	10¼	10¼	10	10
do pfd	16¼	16¼	16	16
Canada Southern	41⅛	....	....	41⅛
Ches. & Ohio, com	12⅛	12¼	12⅛	12¼
Central New Jersey	92¼	92¼	92	92
Chicago Gas Trust	51⅜	52⅛	51⅛	51⅝
C. C. C. & St. L.	22	....	....	22
Chi., R. I. & P.	53⅝	54	53⅛	53⅛
Chi., Bur. & Quincy	58⅛	59⅛	58⅛	58⅛
Chi., M. & St. P., com.	63½	64⅛	63⅛	63⅝
Chi. & N. W. com.	93	93	92½	92½
Edison General	23½	23½	23½	23½
Hocking Valley	13⅞	....	....	13⅞
Illinois Steel Co.	41	41	40	40
Laclede Gas bonds	87	....	....	87
Louisville & Nashville	38½	38¾	37⅝	38
Lake Shore	139	....	....	139
Lake Erie & W., com	14⅜	....	....	14⅜
do pfd	61½	....	....	61½
Missouri Pacific	16	16	15¼	15⅛
M., K. & T. pfd	20⅛	20⅜	20	20
Manhattan Elevated	76⅛	78	76⅛	76⅞
Pacific Mail	17⅜	17⅞	17½	17⅞
Phil. & Reading	7⅛	7⅛	6⅞	6⅞
Southern Ry. com	6⅜	....	....	6⅜
Silver	66⅜	....	....	66⅜
Sugar com	103⅜	105	103⅜	104⅛
Ten. Coal & Iron	16¼	16½	16⅛	16⅛
U. S. Leather com	6⅛	....	....	6⅛
U. S. Leather pfd	44¼	44¼	43¼	43½
U. S. Rubber pfd	70	....	....	70
Western U. T. Co.	75	75⅝	75	75⅝
Wabash com	5	5⅛	5	5⅛
Wabash pfd	12½	12½	12	12
Wabash 2ds	69	....	....	69

Wall Street.

NEW YORK, Aug. 25.—Initial stock prices were below yesterday's close. The declines were unimportant and under moderate purchases at 10:15 prices stiffened. Manhattan and Sugar advanced ⅜ each.

Announcements of gold imports after 10:15 and a reduction of ¼ in posted sterling quotations caused a better feeling in securities, but no material advance was scored, except in Manhattan and Sugar, which touched 78 and 104¾ respectively. The general list at 11 o'clock was a shade above yesterday's final figures.

Noon—Money on call firmer at 6 per cent; prime mercantile paper nominally, 7@8 per cent; sterling exchange weak, with actual business in bankers' bills at 484¾@485 for demand and 483¾@484 for sixty days. Posted rates, 484½@486 and 486@487. Commercial bills, 485¼. Silver certificates, 66¾@67; no sales. Bar silver, 66⅝. Mexican dollars, 51⅛.

Government bonds steady; new 4s, reg. and do coupon, 112½; 5s, reg. and do coupon, 108½; 4s, reg. 104⅝; do coupon, 106; 2s, reg. 91½; Pacific 6s of '97, 100.

The market at noon was flat and unresisting, with professional traders in control of operations. The undertone was good, however, despite continued moderate foreign offerings. The depressed condition of the iron and steel industries reflected in the embarrassment of a large concern, was accepted as responsible for a break of 3 per cent in Minnesota Iron to 47 and of 1½ to 40½ in Illinois Steel. Sales to noon, 41,100 shares.

LONDON, Aug. 25.—Closing: Consols for money, 113 5-16; do account, 113⅜.

CLAYTON CONVENTIONS.

St. Louis County Republicans Choosing Judicial and Legislative Candidates.

Two Republican conventions were held in Clayton Tuesday. The convention of Monday nominated the county ticket and in order to get another crowd at the county seat two additional conventions were held to nominate the legislative and judicial candidates.

Boss Autenreith, the leader of the clique that has been running the county so long, keeps a saloon, restaurant and hotel in Clayton, and it makes his business prosper to have frequent crowds there. That's why there are so many Republican conventions held there.

The whole ticket could have been nominated Monday, but this programme would have kept a number of dollars out of Autenreith's cash drawer, so the County Committee, of which he is Chairman, specified additional conventions in the call. While the crowds were gathering at the convention hall the ticket nominated the day before was the chief topic of conversation. It was generally believed that it would be knifed by the anti-ring element which has conducted the fight against the Autenreith ring. Hencken, who withdrew from the race for Sheriff just before the convention met so he would not be bound to support the ticket, mingled with the crowd, but would not say what he intended to do in the canvass.

A determined effort is being made to have him run on an independent ticket, with the promise of Democratic support, but he has not fully decided to carry his fight against the ring to that extent.

The convention in the First District, which comprises Central and St. Ferdinand Townships, met at 11 o'clock with Senator G. A. Wurdeman as chairman. Committees on credentials, permanent organization and resolutions were appointed and a recess was taken.

The Second District met at the same time and elected Thomas Ackerman temporary chairman. After the committees had been announced a recess was taken until 1 o'clock.

The candidats for County Judge in the First District are Louis Knoepp, M. B. Greensfelder and Joseph Neir. The only candidate for the Legislature is R. L. Johnson, the present member.

The aspirants for County Judge in the Second District are J. H. Schulte, Wm. Schroeder and George Hornecker. Ira Warner and J. H. Thias are the candidates for the Legislature.

DUCKED A SMALL BOY.

Marty Welsh Got Good and Even With Little Henry Shoemaker.

Because little Henry Shoemaker threw a cup of water over him Marty Welsh grabbed him by the neck and heels and held him head down in a tub of water until his breath left him.

This was the story told on the witness stand in the Second District Police Court by a little fellow 9 years old, the victim of Welsh's resentment.

One other witness corroborated the boy's account of the occurrence, but was not near enough to tell whether he was held in such position as to affect his breathing. The defendant is a young fellow about 18 years of age. He did not deny having given the young complainant a ducking, but says he held him face up in four inches of water and took care not to hurt him. Only the back of his head was wet, he insisted. The court fined the defendant $5.

DUESTROW SUIT APPEALED.

Union Trust Co. Objects to Justice Hanley's Decision.

The Union Trust Co., which Henry Orpen, a stenographer, garnisheed for $252.95 for services at Arthur Duestrow's trial at Union, took an appeal to the Circuit Court from Justice Hanley's court Tuesday. The Trust Co. made a voluminous answer to Orpen's garnishment, reciting the terms of Louis Duestrow's will. It claimed that it had no funds that were liable for the garishment. The judgment was against the company in the garnishment.

Reyburn Wants to Partition.

Thomas Reyburn filed suit to partition property fronting 27½ feet on Second street, near Clark avenue. It is now held in common by Reyburn, Wm. B. Papin, Julia D. Hewitt, Maria T. Parker and Maria Louisa Schultz.

WEST ENDERS MAY SLEEP IN PEACE.

THE POLICE THINK THEY HAVE THE BURGLAR.

DESPERATE JOHN AMBROSE.

A Dangerous Negro Criminal Surprised and Arrested Before He Could Use His Revolver.

The police have under arrest the once famous negro burglar, John Ambrose. Ambrose is suspected of being implicated in the numerous West End burglaries and all persons whose homes have been entered will be requested by Chief Desmond to call at the Four Courts and see if Ambrose can be identified.

Detectives Tom McGrath and Frank Anderson arrested Ambrose at Nineteenth and Market streets, opposite Union Station, at 7 p. m., Monday. They were looking for him.

When the reports of the many burglaries reached the police headquarters Chief Desmond instructed his secretary, "Inspector" Williams, to look over the records and find who was in town that was likely to do that class of work.

After a careful investigation Williams informed the Chief that John Ambrose had been released from the penitentiary two weeks before and had probably returned to St. Louis.

A description of Ambrose was given to all of the detectives, and McGrath and Anderson were especially instructed to look for him. They found that he had been working as a hostler at the Sportsman's Park race track at night, and that when his work was finished, at 11 p. m., he went away by himself, but never appeared at his home until daylight.

When the detectives found Andrews



JOHN AMBROSE, THE WEST END BURGLAR.

drinking in a saloon opposite Union Station they placed him under arrest.

He is about 33 years old and has a police reputation as a dangerous criminal, always ready to use a weapon.

Considerable caution was exercised in the arrest of Monday evening, as McGrath recalled the scene in the Criminal Court room on July 16, 1890, when the negro was sentenced to serve eight years for burglary.

When the Judge passed the sentence Ambrose turned to the witnesses for the State and Detective McGrath, who had arrested him a month previous, and in open court swore he would kill every one of them when he was released from prison. He was about to continue in his denunciation of the parties causing his conviction when McGrath grabbed him from behind, locked his wrists together with a pair of handcuffs and shoved him out of the room.

McGrath and Anderson entered the saloon Monday by a rear door, and before Ambrose could see them they had taken a revolver from his hip pocket.

The handcuffs were slipped on him, and before he realized it he was a powerless prisoner.

A patrol wagon was called and the detectives rode with the negro to the Four Courts, where they saw that he was securely locked in a cell.

In 1886 Ambrose was convicted in the St. Louis Criminal Court of entering and robbing a residence in the northwestern part of the city. He was sentenced to three years in the Penitentiary for that offense. He was tried only on one charge, though it was known that he had robbed a dozen other houses.

He had been released from the Penitentiary for more than a year when he was arrested in June of 1890 for robbing Julius McGuines' tailor shop at 1115 Pine street.

Many small business houses down-town had been forcibly entered and robbed at night. On July 16, 1890, Ambrose was convicted, and then occurred the sensational scene, in which he threatened to kill his prosecutors.

He had never been arrested without showing fight and resisting, and was generally regarded as a dangerous criminal.

The police expect that he will be identified and detectives are now trying to find booty disposed of by him.

SQUEEZED HIM TOO HARD.

John S. Sexton Fined for Gripping a Bad Boy's Arm.

John S. Sexton of 4234 Margaretta avenue has been having much trouble lately with a boy named Clyde McComber, aged 13.

Mr. Sexton has a son, a boy of 12, who rides a bicycle. The little Sexton boy, who is just recovering from the effects of a fracture of the arm, was riding his bicycle on Margaretta avenue, when Clyde ran up behind him, hit him in the back and threw him off the wheel.

Mr. Sexton witnessed the assault, and, grabbing his son's assailant by the arm, walked him off a few yards, and then turned him loose.

Clyde swore that Mr. Sexton's grip was so tight that he had blue marks on his arm for some time.

Judge Stevenson thought Mr. Sexton had been unnecessarily violent in defending his son, and entered up a fine of $5. The defendant gave notice of appeal.

DEMOCRATIC PREPARATIONS.

Clubs Forming All Over the State for the Big Opening.

Chairman Sam B. Cook of the Democratic State Committee will return Wednesday from Mexico.

As soon as he ascertains whether William J. Bryan will be here Sept. 9 or 10, he will complete the arrangements for the opening of the campaign.

This information is expected to come from Chairman Jones of the National Committee either Wednesday or Thursday.

Secretary Love is receiving every day letters from various parts of the State telling of the organization of Democratic campaign clubs.

They are being organized in nearly every county of the State and promise to be an important feature of the campaign. In Howard, Cooper, Saline and Pettis, the clubs are preparing to turn out in numbers at the opening of Senator Vest's campaign in Boonville next Saturday.

The city of Boonville is preparing a great demonstration in honor of Senator Vest and Lon V. Stephens, the nominee for Governor, whose home is at Boonville.

Mr. Stephens is on his way home from Mackinac, where he has been resting for the last ten days.

Changes have been made in two of Senator Vest's appointments. He will speak at Tipton, Sept. 2, instead of Aug. 31, and at Versailles on Aug. 31 instead of Sept. 1.

A Democrat from Ste. Genevieve County has written to the committee informing it that the J. B. McCormick Co. of Chicago is flooding Southeast Missouri with anti-free silver circulars. Word was also sent that the railroad men of the State were being directed from Chicago to organize "sound money clubs."

FINANCIAL.

State Commission Co.,
STOCK BROKERS.
Mining Securities a Specialty.
321 PINE STREET.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

Business of the Supreme Lodge Opened at Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, O., Aug. 25.—Nearly every Supreme representative to the Supreme Lodge of the Knights of Pythias was in his place when Supreme Chancellor Ritchie called the lodge to order at 10 o'clock his morning. The meeting was held in the ball room of the Pythian Temple on Huron street. The building on the exterior was beautifully decorated and the inside of the ball room was a bower of flowers and emblematic designs.

Chairman James Dunn of the Committee on Arrangements addressed the Supreme Representatives in a brief talk, welcoming them in the name of local Knights. He then introduced Mayor McKisson, who spoke briefly. Chancellor Ritchie responded to Mayor McKisson's hearty welcome briefly but eloquently. He eulogized the order and declared that the city of Cleveland might well feel honored by the presence of such a representative body of men coming from every part of the continent and every vocation in life.

He alluded to the Americanism of the principles which the order teaches and after a brief reference to the history and growth of the Knights of Pythias, closed.

The lodge immediately went into secret session and after being duly organized conferred the Supreme Lodge rank on forty-eight new members. The reports of the officers printed yesterday were referred to committees. The lodge then adjourned to meet to-morrow morning.

General brigade meetings were held at the different State headquarters this morning at 10 o'clock for the transaction of general business.

The Smoky City Band of Pittsburg played at general headquarters, attracting a large crowd, and the Lafayette Military Band rendered some selections at Indiana headquarters. The Buffalo divisions, with their two giant axmen and a large band, arrived this morning.

HIS BLACK LOVE.

Jake Nien Killed Himself on Account of a Wench.

Jacob Nein, proprietor of a lunch wagon, took three doses of morphine, at 2 o'clock, at 417 South Sixth street, because Lydia Smith, a colored inmate of the place, would not live with him.

He was arrested Monday night for disturbing Lydia's peace, but was released on bond.

He was taken to the City Dispensary in a supposedly dying condition. He is 35 years old.

Nein's wife lives at 707 Sonth Broadway. They have one child.

STRUCK BY ANOTHER CAR.

Mrs. Thomas Hayes Was Injured on Manchester Avenue.

Mrs. Thomas Hayes of 6151 Delmar avenue got off a car on the Manchester avenue division of the Suburban line Monday evening, near King's highway, and was struck by a car coming from the opposite direction. Her injuries are not dangerous.

DIED IN LONDON.

Capt. John W. Plummer, Formerly Superintendent of Granite Mountain.

Information has been received in this city that Capt. John W. Plummer, manager of the Delmar Mine, Idaho, died in London on Wednesday, the 19th inst. Further than the news of his death no information has been received.

Capt. Plummer was well and favorably known by many in St. Louis through his connection with the Granite Mountain Mining Co., of which he was superintendent during the years 1885-88, when that company paid such enormous dividends.

Capt. Plummer has been connected with the Delmar Mine for several years, which property has been, under his administration, a very profitable enterprise for its stockholders. It is owned mostly in England.

Capt. Plummer was highly esteemed for his ability as a mining man and possessed many warm personal friends, who will hear of his death with regret.

His Mother Knew His Clothes.

The boy who was drowned while bathing in the river at the foot of Prairie avenue Monday afternoon has been identified as Charles Schattgen.

His mother, who lives at 1710 North Thirteenth street, called at the Fourth District Police Station Tuesday morning and identified the clothing found on the bank as that of her 14-year-old son. The body has not been recovered.

Two Attachment Suits.

John T. Nickles filed an attachment suit against W. H. Brown & Sons for $1,100.83.

The Simmons Hardware Co. filed an attachment against W. P. and F. L. Sims and J. S. Green for $761.12.

HOW ST. LOUIS PAUPERS FARE.

CROWDED OUT BY THE INSANE ASYLUM OVERFLOW.

LODGED WORSE THAN CATTLE.

Pitiable Condition of the Miserable Creatures Who Live at the Home for the Poor.

Over the hills out toward the Potters' Field, and a short distance west of the Insane Asylum, is a huge brick structure called the Poor-house.

It was built many years ago as a refuge for the aged poor of the city, and did for a long time serve its purpose. Year by year the Insane Asylum encroached upon the territory of the paupers, however, until to-day the place is no longer a Poor-house, but an Insane Asylum of the most pronounced kind.

It is more of an insane asylum than the asylum itself, because it is at the Poor-house that all the incurables go to stay until death releases them from captivity and woe.

The pauper, though the aristocrat of the little colony, is badly treated, even for a pauper, and is not given the care and attention he is entitled to by virtue of his gray hairs and three or four-score years of life.

There are generally about a thousand people on the weekly rolls of the Poor-house. They are all under the care of Supt. J. L. Overbeck. Of these, about half or a little more than half are insane. For example, for the week ending Aug. 22, there were 645 male inmates of all kinds, and 612 female, making 1,257 in all. Of these, 344 were sane male paupers and 166 were sane female paupers. The others were hopelessly insane.

The big three-story building, which constitutes the main structure of the group, has no paupers in it except a few who have been poked into odd corners in the basement. All the wards and halls are given over to insane.

In the east end are the females and the children. The little ones are most difficult for the superintendent to deal with. They are all either congenital idiots or epileptics of an incurable kind. They range in age from 5 to 18 years. They do not properly belong in the ward with a troop of crazy women, but there is no other place to put them, so there they are and there they are likely to stay.

The other wing of the building is given over to the insane males. Every hall and ward is filled with lunatics from the mild, drooling variety to the raving maniac, who has to be restrained in garments especially made for him.

Over in what was the male pauper division can be found another colony of lunatics. When seen by a Post-Dispatch reporter they were all out on the porches, which are barred up and down with iron like animal cages. There were scores of them either walking up and down or gazing through the bars and reaching out their paws, after the fashion of beasts.

The pauper hospital that was is a deserted wreck. The cyclone hit it, and it is out of service. The invalids are crowded in near the insane ward in the big building.

The female pauper quarters are a deserted wreck. The cyclone hit the building, and the city officials have abandoned it. The roof sags down over a stack of weakened walls and shaky floors, so that a good hard rain or two will make the whole structure a complete wreck. The building is in a very dangerous condition, and likely to go to pieces at any moment, but a lack of funds, it is said, prevents anything being done to either repair or remove it. It will probably remain for a few years in the way of all improvements and a constant menace to life.

The poor house which is really the poor house is a square three-story building about 60x60 feet. In this small box are packed all the paupers, male and female. A few males are not in there because they have been stored away in odd corners, but practically all of them are in this single building.

There are 500 fragile and aged human beings packed into a building with about 10,800 square feet of floor space. This allows each one about 21 square feet, or a space of 3 feet by 7. It is not much room—very little more than they get in the Potters' Field when they get there.

The sight in the different rooms is startling until one realizes that the people who live there are only paupers and are not considered human beings by the city officials. Each room is furnished with beds, set in rows so closely that it is difficult to pass between them. No room has less than twenty-five beds in it, most of them have more.

There is no real inconvenience experienced now because the windows can be left open and the poor paupers can regale themselves on an unlimited amount of air. On a cold day, however, with the windows closed, each pauper would not have as many cubic feet of air as Dr. Starkloff considers necessary for a cow in a South St. Louis dairy.

The overflow from this building consists of a few of the old and trusty paupers who, by virtue of work done by them, are given a little more consideration than the rest. Two of them are poked in under the front steps, which make a sort of stone vault. Twenty more are put in a little room which was once called the chapel. Ten others are in another little room across the hall from the chapel.

With these notable and much envied exceptions all of the 500 paupers are in that single little 60x60 building heated in summer by the laundry in the basement.

The roster of indigent age is kept down to a minimum. It is not everybody who can go to the Poor-house. It is a select few, and very select at that. A mere application for admission is not sufficient.

Each candidate for election to the 500 must pass a most rigid and searching examination at the City Hall before being given the diploma which entitles him or her to equality with the other old gossips at the farm.

Membership in that community is an honor and a privilege not to be lightly or carelessly trifled with, and the most effective and terrible threat in reach of the superintendent is that of expulsion from the institution.

Paupers as a rule are a gregarious lot, but the way they are fixed out there is overdoing the thing.

Health Commissioner Starkloff proposes to buy a lot of lumber and build a long row of wooden barracks lined with tar paper. In these sheds he will put the male paupers, leaving the brick building to the women.

The barracks will have one advantage at least. The old decrepit men will not have to climb any stairs as they do now. They will all be on the ground floor. This means a great deal to some of them who are short on both limbs and strength.

The city seems to be unable to do anything for lack of funds. The treasury seems to be drawn down to the very finest point it is possible to get it. Comptroller Sturgeon says it is impossible to find the money needed to put up new buildings, so the paupers will have to go without them.

Supt. Overbeck is very much taken with the Quarantine Poor-house idea. There is a large tract of land there, sufficiently far from the city to prevent the old men from running away now and then to get liquor. It is healthful and in every way desirable for an ideal poor-farm. With the Poor-house there the Asylum could take the Poor-house entirely and readjust its affairs on a better basis.

There is some doubt as to the feasibility of this scheme and some question as to what shall be done with the Quarantine. The plan will, however, be brought to the notice of the Hospital Commission as soon as it gets in working order.

In the meantime the male paupers will probably spend the winter in sheds built in any way out of any funds the Health Commissioner can lay hands on.

AT COST —FOR— CASH!

All Suits,
All Overcoats
All Pants

For Men or Boys,

AT COST FOR CASH

F. W. HUMPHREY & CO.

BROADWAY AND PINE.

BRANDT'S,

THE ONLY PLACE TO BUY

TAN SHOES CHEAP!

Men's Tan Shoes, cut from ....$5.00 to $2.75
Men's Tan Shoes, cut from ....$4.00 to $2.95
One lot Men's Tans cut to $2.85
Ladies' Tan Boots, heel and spring $1.50
Ladies' Tan Boots, all styles $2.00
Ladies' Hand Turn Tan Boots $3.00
Ladies' Fancy Tan Boots, knitted tops, cut from $5.00 to $4.00
Misses' Spring Heel, one strap, cut from ....$1.50 to 75c
Misses' Spring Heel Tan Boots cut from ..$2.00 to $1.00
Boys' Tan Shoes cut from ....$2.00 to $1.45
Youths' Tan Shoes cut from ....$1.75 to $1.33

WE ARE RECEIVING EARLY FALL GOODS DAILY.

J. G. BRANDT SHOE CO., Cor. Broadway and Lucas av.

By Order of Court,

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Finley-Hull Clothing Co.....

208 and 210 N. Sixth St., Between Olive and Pine,

CONSISTING OF

Men's, Youths' and Boys' Suits, Pants,
Fall and Winter Overcoats,
Furnishing Goods,
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Must be sold at once to satisfy demand of creditors. All departments complete. NOTHING RESERVED. Your choice of any article,

Regardless of Loss or Value.

DON'T MISS THIS OPPORTUNITY!

FREDK. G. BOSSE,
TRUSTEE.

MISS ARABELLA BROWN

Should Ask Her Rash Employer to Pull the Curtains Down.

She was a youngish maiden and her hair was hanging down. Her name, it might be well to state, was Arabella Brown. Employed she was by a big corporation here in town.

She was so young and tender that it really seemed a sin for her to be compelled to work, her daily bread to win, and listen to the pitiless typewriter's noisy din.

All day she pounded that machine, as millers pound a stone, until her dainty digits seemed worn nearly to the bone. Oho! the August sun was hot, all in the temperate zone!

She wore a waist of bluish silk, with collar white and pure. Her shoes were tan; her hose were—I don't know, I'm very sure. Her eyes were drooping and her mein was modest and demure.

She made you dream of angels when she crossed your path in sleep, and feelings of transcendant bliss into your blood would creep whenever at her budding form you got a passing peep.

Her ears were like two shells of pink, as dukes are made to say of erring ladies in the books of one Miss Bertha Clay, where lordlings flourish ever, while the heroine chews hay.

Her hair was like the leaves that turn to gold at Autumn's frown. Her neck was like a marble block that's pared and polished down. Venus de Milo was not in't with Arabella Brown.

Her feet were like two little mice that scampered in and out beneath the bottom of her dress, as any rodent mout. (So said John Suckling of a maid whom once he wrote about.)

Her smile was like a seraph's, and her throat was like a swan's. Her head was like the Princess Maud's; her eye was like a fawn's. Oh! she was fairer than one hundred and forty-seven dawns!

And yet, if you are strolling down the length of Olive street and chance to strike the building where she earns her bread and meat, you'll see a sight that is—to put it mildly—indiscreet.

You'll see a sight—oh, say it softly!—that will make you sigh, if you glance at the window as you're slowly passing by, and see her perched beside the same, within her eerie high.

Hereby we crave to mention—though it may incur his frown—of her employer, that 'twere well to pull the curtains down when he desires to dally with Miss Arabella Brown.

NEGRO PREACHER'S SECRETARY

Is the Wife of a Porter Who Tries to Cause Trouble.

Luther Crump, a Pullman porter, applied for and was refused a warrant, Monday, for Rev. J. M. Washington, of Washington A. M. E. Church, 2625 Morgan street. Crump alleged that his wife left her home, 2332 Wash street, Aug. 14, ostensibly to become a companion for a white lady in the West End, and to visit a friend in East St. Louis. Crump said that, in fact, his wife went to Russellville, Ky., with Rev. Washington, and returned with him Monday as far as East St. Louis.

Crump was told to produce stronger evidence of wrong-doing.

Washington denies Crump's insinuations. He says that Crump's wife has acted as his private secretary, and with Crump's knowledge she accompanied him as his secretary to Huntsville, Ky., stopping at Paducah on the way back.

TELEPHONE MAN MISSING.

C. J. Williams Left the City and Causes Alarm.

C. J. Williams, General Manager of the Union Telephone Co. of 620 Chestnut street, is not in the city, the concern's emergency fund in the Chemical National Bank has dropped from $500 to nothing and its stock has been shipped away. C. A. Steinmetz of 4329 Labadie street, an official of the company, asked Chief Harrigan to catch Williams, and he was told to get a warrant.

The Union Telephone Co. is backed by George Henry, a wealthy resident of Cleveland, O., who advanced $650 to be used only in an emergency. Of this sum $150 was spent recently. The company got a contract for equipping a telephone exchange at Edwardsville, Ill., and Steinmetz was told Monday that all the stock had been shipped to that place. He became suspicious when he learned at the bank that the balance of the emergency fund had been withdrawn by Williams.

He was told by Mrs. Williams that her husband had gone to Edwardsville. A telegraphic message from Edwardsville contradicted her statement and Steinmetz became alarmed. Mrs. Williams left St. Louis Monday night, saying that she was going to California.

FARMER'S WAGON UPSET.

It Was Struck by a Street Car and Its Owner Injured.

William Koch of Ballwin, St. Louis County, and his daughters, Amelia and Laura, aged 10 and 15, were thrown from a wagon at Jefferson avenue and Pine street Monday night at 11 o'clock. Koch was driving to market with a load of fruit and as he crossed Jefferson avenue a north-bound car struck the wagon. It was shoved thirty feet, turned around and upset. Koch fell under the horses, but was rescued by a spectator before he was trampled upon.

The girls received slight cuts which were dressed in an adjacent drug store. Koch's injuries were supposed to be serious, but he recovered sufficiently to drive to market. His wagon was not badly damaged, but his load of fruit was destroyed.

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength.—*Latest United States Government Food Report.*

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., New York.

THEY WANT TO KEEP THE HOME.

DAUGHTERS OF CONFEDERACY OBJECT TO STATE CONTROL.

THE REUNION AT LIBERTY.

A Fight Will Be Made There by the Ladies and They Expect to Win Over the Men.

St. Louis members of the Daughters of the Confederacy are preparing to make the fight of their lives at Liberty, Mo., next Thursday.

Their weapons will be charity, benevolence and devotion to the traditions of a cause lost but not forgotten.

A committee comprising six of the best known local members of the D. O. C. will aid their sisters from other parts of Missouri in trying to defeat the plan of turning over the Confederate Home at Higginsville to the State.

They are confident of success.

They feel that they have the Southern woman's reputation for tact, spirit and persistency to maintain and they are laying their plans to this end admirably.

The committee consists of Mrs. Leroy B. Valliant, Mrs. Mary S. Bowen, Mrs. R. E. Gamble, Mrs. W. G. Moore, Mrs. Jennie S. Edwards and Mrs. R. W. Parcels. Mrs. Edwards is now at Dover, Mo., and will go from there to Liberty, where the Confederate reunion opens Wednesday. The other five ladies will leave St. Louis Tuesday night.

Once on the scene of action, the committee will begin an active campaign to secure votes for the continuance of the home. Indeed the campaign has already begun right here in St. Louis. Mrs. R. W. Parcels and Mrs. Mary E. Bowen were reconnoitering in the down-town districts all afternoon Monday, trying to win over members of the Ex-Confederate Association to their way of thinking.

The first thing they did was to round up Capt. Frank Galennie. Capt. Galennie capitulated gracefully, after a half hour's talk, and then started out with the ladies to help proselyte Maj. James Bannerman. Maj. Bannerman would not exactly promise to throw his influence on the side of the D. O. C., but the ladies feel confident that they can win him over. It is also thought that Capt. Henry Guibor, who will have a vote as a member of the Executive Committee of the Home Association, is in favor of continuing the Home independent of the State.

Mrs. Parcels is State Treasurer of the D. O. C. She was seen by a Post-Dispatch reporter when she returned from her missionary expedition, and was very enthusiastic over the outlook.

"Ever since the home at Higginsville was opened," she said, "it has been the pride of the ex-Confederates of Missouri. The Daughters of the Confederacy would feel that they had been untrue to their trust if they permitted it to be suspended or to pass into the hands of the State. We realize that the outlook for the home is bad, but we believe that it can be maintained until it has accomplished its mission. In ten or twelve years at most the needy veterans of the Confederacy will have passed away. We believe that with careful management the home can be operated for that length of time. The Daughters of the Confederacy are prepared to assume the responsibility for the home's support for that length of time.

"We will go to the reunion and say to the gentlemen there that we are ready and willing to appoint committees in every part of the State to solicit special subscriptions for the support of the home. The members of these committees will, of course, tender their services free of charge and will be glad to have an opportunity to do something for the home.

"It has been estimated that it will take $1,000 a month to support the home. I think that figure rather large, however, as I am sure that, with careful management, the Home could be maintained at a cost of $8,000 or $9,000 a year. The expenses this year have been unusually large, as extensive repairs were made and a new hospital building was erected and fitted out.

"We will not go to the reunion merely as lobbyists. We will have exactly the same number of votes as the men. The Executive Committee of the Home, which will decide the question, consists of fifteen men and the same number of women of the D. O. C. So, you see, if we can win over even one of the men, we will have a majority.

"We will work as a unit to prevent the Home from being turned over to the State. If our plan to appoint subscription committees is not favorably received, we will insist that some other menas be taken to maintain the Home. If it came to the worst, the property could be mortgaged. Maj. Bannerman, the President of the Home Association, has a prejudice against encumbering the property, but I think that would be preferable to selling a portion of it to pay running expenses, as some have suggested.

"If nothing else could be done it would be very feasible to incorporate the Home with a capitalization of say $150,000, giving each contributor a share in the property. Then when the Home had served its present purpose it would revert back to the stockholders. Whatever may done, we will not give up until we are fairly beaten. We have canvassed the situation thoroughly and are all of the same mind. We feel absolutely certain that we will be given an opportunity to maintain the Home."

Though the reunion opens Wednesday, the question of the dispostion of the Home will not come up until Thursday.

Twenty-Seventh Ward Bland Club.

There was a rousing meeting of the Twenty-seventh Ward Club at their hall, Tower Grove and Hunt avenues. All the available space was filled and many could not get in. The club was reorganized with John P. Dolan President, and the club name changed from Bland to the Twenty-seventh Ward Bryan and Sewall Club. Several speeches were made.

THE WAR ON DAIRIES.

Health Authorities Condemn Thirteen Milk Factories as Unsanitary.

There is to be not let up by the Health Office in its war on dairies that persist in selling impure milk. The decrease in the death list of infants since the enactment of the ordinance has stimulated the department to insist on its rigid enforcement.

The dairymen in many instances continue to try to evade the requirements of the law, but the severe lesson they are being taught is having a salutary effect.

At the meeting of the Board of Health, Monday evening, the milk inspectors had the room filled with violators of the ordinance, and 13 of them had their dairies condemned.

The dairies condemned are those of B. Winkler and Herman Schulte, at 3137 Iowa avenue; Normal Wolken, 2808 Ohio avenue; Henry Uhlen, 2636 Lynch street; Bernard Frank, 3333 Ohio avenue; Bernard Ritter, 2901 Texas avenue; Joseph C. Good, 3106A Oregon avenue; Fred Herbert, 3126 California avenue; [illegible]nry Hankman, 2906 Ohio avenue; John [illegible]rman, 819 Allen avenue; Herman Hinrichs, 1040 Geyer avenue; John H. Geers, 2921 Indiana avenue; Bernard Biter, 1825 South Tenth street, and Herman Held, 2113 South Seventh street.

ON THE RAGING MAIN.

How Jury Commissioner Mansfield Got His "Bum Fin."

Jury Commissioner Fielding Mansfield is nursing a mangled finger and is amazing his landlubber friends by telling them that he was injured in a yacht race.

St. Louisans are not mariners as a rule, but Col. Mansfield is an exception. He may not be able to guide the Vigilant in an international trial with the Valkyrie, but he knows how to steer a sail boat on the lakes as well as any old tar around Chicago.

The Colonel was at one of the Northern lakes on a short vacation recently, and he got deeply interested in a yacht race. The owner of one of the boats, a Chicagoan, heard of Col. Mansfield's skill as a sailor, and he engaged the St. Louisan as skipper.

Just as the Colonel was showing his vessel's heels to the rival craft the center board became cranky and one of the Colonel's fingers was crushed by a wire rope.

Col. Mansfield fears that he may lose the digit. He got home a few days ago and every one who sees the bandages asks for an explanation.

DIDN'T TAKE POISON.

Mrs. Miller's Ailment Is From a Beating by Her Husband.

Mary Miller, wife of August Miller, a peddler, living on Pennsylvania avenue, near Stein street, in Carondelet, is occupying a cot in the hospital, as a result of a beating administered by her husband.

He reported to the police that she had taken carbolic acid, with suicidal intent, and had her sent to the hospital. The doctors found no traces of poison, but found several bruises on her.

She said her husband had knocked her down and kicked her into unconsciousness.

She is Miller's second wife and the quarrel arose over Miller's daughter by his first wife.

TO FORM A STATE BAND.

Guido Vogel and Others Organizing an Orchestra.

A movement to organize a Missouri State Band has taken shape, and is expected to culminate in an orchestra of 30 pieces. Other States, and many cities, have bands, and Guido Vogel of the Olympic Theater Orchestra thinks that Missouri should have one. Mr. Vogel and Mr. J. H. Bromley are doing all in their power to organize the band.

It will maintain itself by a series of 20 weekly concerts, to be given at a theater during the winter season.

Louis Kessler of Ballwin Dead.

Louis Kessler, a wealthy citizen of Ballwin, St. Louis County, died at his home, Monday, from the effects of a paralytic stroke, received a week ago. His left side was rendered utterly useless. He leaves a widow, four sons and two daughters. He was born in St. Charles County, but moved to St. Louis County 57 years ago.

Mr. Walker Moves to St. Louis.

Attorney-General R. F. Walker is moving his household effects to St. Louis from Jefferson City. He intends to open a law office in this city when his term expires next January. Morton Jourdan, Assistant Attorney-General, may also practice in St. Louis.

Stock of Buggies Released.

Sheriff Troll released from attachment the $5,000 stock of the Columbus Buggy Co., at 2007 Locust street, seized at the petition of the Bauer Buggy Co. A claim was made by a Cincinnati concern and the plaintiff ordered the release of the property.

Mrs. Dausch's Will.

Katherine Dausch, by her will, filed Tuesday left $300 and one-ninth of the remainder of her estate to her daughter Katherine. Each of her other eight children also received a ninth interest. She appointed her son August executor.

Says She Deserted Him.

Charles Barbeau sued for divorce from Annie Barbeau. They were married in May, 1893, and lived together until October of the same year, when, he alleges, she left him. He does not know where she is.

Fifth Ward Democratic Club.

The Fifth Ward Democratic Club meets Tuesday evening at Rohrbach's Hall, corner of Park avenue and South Broadway, to receive reports from committees and to transact other business.

ROLLA WELLS IS THEIR CHAMPION.

FILLEY AND WALL STREET DEMOCRATS TO COMBINE.

PLAN TO BEAT COL. KERN.

Goldbug to Be Nominated in the Twelfth District and Get Filley's Support.

From a crevice in the mosque there has leaked a story that has occasioned some amazement and discussion among the politicians.

As the story goes, Filley and his Congressional Committee have a coup in contemplation which they expect will get many votes for the Republican State ticket and at the same time knock out the nominee of the anti-Filley committee and the regular Democratic nominee in the Twelfth District.

The scheme is to have Rolla Wells, the former President of the Jefferson Club, who left the organization to join the Wall Street Democrats, run as an independent candidate in the Twelfth District under the auspices of the "Sound Money" organization.

Filley's committee will indorse him, and some of the leaders of the anti-Filley faction will try to have Maj. Pearce get out of the way, so as to let Wells get all the Republican and Wall Street Democratic votes in the district.

With a scheme like this they expect to encompass the defeat of Col. Bob Kern. Filley will expect the Wall street contingent to help him with his ticket in return.

Mr. Wells is absent from the city, but is expected home soon, and when he comes the whole plan will be laid before him.

"This scheme has been on the tapis for several weeks," said a Wall Street Democrat. "All this alleged squabble in the Republican ranks in the Twelfth District is not more than half in earnest. Just as soon as Rolla Wells comes back it will cease. That's what they are waiting for now.

"Wells will be nominated by a mass-meeting of 'sound money' men. Then all Republican aspirants will draw out and that party will simply certify Wells' nomination to the Secretary of State without more ado.

"This scheme is to be worked not only in this district, but all over the State in Legislative as well as Congressional districts. In the Eleventh it is even possible that a sound money Democrat may be put up unless the Republicans find a man who can draw Democratic support. I hardly think Joy is the man and therefore do not believe that he will be nominated.

"Wherever there is a Republican district, either Legislative or Congressional, the scheme is to allow the nomination of a Republican. In Democratic districts sound money Democrats will be put up and will receive Republican support.

"In this way almost a clean sweep of the State can be made for sound money. The whole matter has been thoroughly, but secretly, canvassed and before the election you will see the most complete fusion possible between the Republicans and the sound money Democrats."

FREUDENAU'S REASONS.

A Bolter Who Believes in Sixteen to One, but Not Free Coinage.

Two years ago this month a non-partisan meeting of West End citizens declared for "the use of gold and silver at the ratio of 16 to 1." On the committee which drew up the resolution embodying this declaration was William Freudenau, then a candidate for a Democratic Congressional nomination.

Last Saturday night Mr. Freudenau was a delegate to the goldbug convention at Uhrig's Cave. He was asked for an explanation of this apparent switch.

"I have not changed my views at all," he said. "Now, as then, I am opposed to the free coinage of either metal. The Government should keep the ratio 16 to 1, but the Secretary of the Treasury should have the right to go into the market and buy either bullion whenever additional circulating medium is needed.

"In this way the people become the gainers by the difference between gold and silver, instead of the mine owners.

"I have been a Democrat for 40 years, but I cannot support Bryan, because I believe his action would be disastrous to the country. If I thought he had no chance I would yell for him loud enough, because it's hard to break with the men with whom you have worked so long.

"I shall support the regular State ticket, but shall favor the election of only sound money men to Congress and the State Legislature."

IN THE REGULAR WAY.

Eleventh District Democratic Committee Orders a Convention.

The Eleventh District Democratic Committee at its meeting Monday night decided to call a primary for Sept. 11 and a nominating convention for Sept. 12 to fill the vacancy caused by the declination of Harrison I. Drummond.

At the committee meeting in Hashagen's Hall Monday night the friends of the candidates and all who had anything to say were given an opportunity.

Dr. R. M. King, one of the candidates for Congress, made a speech and the friends of George W. Allen and J. C. Jones were also heard.

At the primaries called for Sept. 11 the Democrats of the District will vote for delegates to the nominating convention and also for members of a new Congressional Committee. The action of the committee in calling the primary and giving the voters a chance to elect a new committee or return the present members, will restore good feeling and assure the election of a Democrat to succeed Congressman Joy.

AUTENREITH'S NOMINEES.

St. Louis County Republicans Have Trouble Ahead of Them.

It was nearly 6 o'clock Monday evening when the St. Louis County Republicans completed their ticket in the Clayton Convention.

The nominees, who are chiefly chronic office-holders and seekers, are Peter Kerth for Sheriff; J. H. Zelch, Collector; William C. Wengler, Treasurer; F. A. Heidorn, Prosecuting Attorney; Otto Preiss, Assessor; Edgar Rapp, County Surveyor; Thomas F. Ackerman, Public Administrator, and Dr. W. E. Rouse, Coroner.

Most of the candidates reside at Clayton and are attached to the Court-house ring of which George Autenreith is the acknowledged leader.

The withdrawal from the shrievalty race of Edmond C. Hencken, who made the fight against the ring, was just what the anti-ring faction desired.

They want to fight the ring ticket and want Hencken, who is very popular in the county, to run as an independent candidate. Hencken is very sore over the manner in which the primaries were conducted and has the request of the anti-ring faction under consideration.

Bimetallic Club.

The Bimetallic Club of the Sixth Precinct of the Twenty-seventh Ward will hold meetings this week as follows: At Shaw Heights (Dago Hill) Aug. 25; corner Sarah and Papin streets, Aug. 26; corner Tower Grove and Norfolk avenues, Aug. 27. All meetings at 8 p. m. Good speakers for silver will be in attendance.

MARRIED IN ALTON.

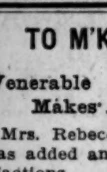
Alpheus Rohrbaugh and Jennie Crow Surprise Their Friends.

The marriage of Alpheus V. Rohrbaugh, assistant cashier of the Hamilton-Brown Shoe Company, and Miss Jennie L. Crow, at Alton, Ill., on the 17th inst., was kept a secret until they returned to the city Monday evening. They spent their honeymoon at Piasa Bluffs, and are now the guests of Mrs. Rohrbaugh's mother at 3866 Windsor place.

When Mr. Rohrbaugh got his two weeks' vacation on the 17th inst., he and Miss Crow boarded a train for Alton, without telling any of their friends. They got a license at Alton, and were married at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. After the ceremony they sent the news to a few relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Rohrbaugh will go to housekeeping in a few weeks.

Beef Tea!



Anker's Bouillon Capsules, 35c per box. Each capsule makes a cup of the finest Beef Tea.

Conrad's 620 Locust St. 2712 Franklin Av. 4470 Delmar Blvd.

Mail Orders Promptly Filled.

TO M'KENDREE COLLEGE.

Venerable Mrs. Rebecca Foreman Makes Another Contribution.

Mrs. Rebecca Foreman of O'Fallon, Ill., has added another to her long list of benefactions.

McKendree College at Lebanon has received from her $3,000 to be devoted to equipping the institution with steam heating apparatus. This makes $5,000 that she has donated to the college, besides building a parsonage and contributing bountifully to other worthy objects.

Mrs. Foreman, who is approaching 80 years of age, is the widow of the late Isaac Foreman, a wealthy land owner and occasional Methodist exhorter of Ridge Prairie, who died about twenty years ago.

Displeased at the marriage of his daughter, now Mrs. Mary F. Price of St. Louis, he disinherited her in his will, leaving the bulk of his possessions to the American Bible Society.

Mrs. Price contested the will, and after years of litigation it was set aside, the Bible Society being compelled to pay the costs. Mrs. Foreman, instead of the direct bequest provided for in the will, received her dower, which, supplemented by considerable possessions in her own name, made her a wealthy woman.

AT THE JEFFERSON CLUB.

Meetings Held by the Ladies and by Twentieth Ward Democrats.

There were two rousing meetings at the Jefferson Club Monday night. One was of the Woman's Bryan and Sewall Club, which assembled in large numbers in the hall. Reports were received of the organization of several auxiliaries throughout the State. Many men were in attendance and addresses were made by Bert W. Lyon, Rev. Tyrrell and William K. Harvey.

The Twentieth Ward Bryan Club met in the garden of the club-house and was addressed by Amos R. Taylor, Julian Laughlin, Joseph W. Falk and Charles T. Noland.

SICK-POISON.

WHAT IT IS AND WHERE IT COMES FROM.

Sick-poison is what makes you sick, irritates your nerves, disorders your functions, saps your strength, makes you miserable.

Different diseases have different poisons, some have several, indigestion more than any.

That is, the symptoms of indigestion are caused by the poisons which are created by undigested food.

When you are sick, try to get rid of your poison. It is often easier than you think, for all nature is helping you. Only the poison is obstinate, but the first step is to go to the root of it.

The poisons of undigested food, which cause lethargy, headache, dizziness, weakness, bad taste, stomach-ache, fever, flatulence, nausea, constipation, loss of appetite, jaundice, anaemia, neuralgia, rheumatism, etc., these poisons can be swept away and annihilated by the Shaker Digestive Cordial.

Curing the stomach and helping it to digest food, when it is too weak to do so by itself, will purify your system of poison and renew your strength and health.

Shaker Digestive Cordial, a pure vegetable, digestive tonic, made by the Shakers of Mount Lebanon, will cure all disorders caused by the poisons of undigested food when nothing else will give any relief.

Sold by druggists. Ten cents for a trial bottle.

Write for a book on food. Address The Shakers, 30 Reade st., New York.